SUNRISE UNIVERSITY

EXECUTIVE MBA IN HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT (EMBAH)

CURRICULUM

1st Semester

PAPERS	PAPERS NAME	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
CODE				-
EMBAH101	Principles and Practices of Management	40	60	100
EMBAH102	Managerial Economics	40	60	100
EMBAH103	Environment and Management	40	60	100
EMBAH104	Marketing Management	40	60	100
EMBAH105	Human Resource Management	40	60	100
EMBAH106	Healthcare Environment & Management	40	60	100
EMBAH107	Hospital Architecture, Planning and Maintenance	40	60	100
Total		280	420	700

2nd Semester

PAPERS CODE	PAPERS NAME	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
EMBAH201	Organizational Behaviour	40	60	100
EMBAH202	Business Research Methods	40	60	100
EMBAH203	Operations Research	40	60	100
EMBAH204	Patient Care Management	40	60	100
EMBAH205	Hospital Operations Management	40	60	100
EMBAH206	Hospital Facilities Management	40	60	100
EMBAH207	Hospital Information System	40	60	100
EMBAH208	Project Work & Case Study			100
Total		280	420	800

PRINCIPLESANDPRACTICEOFMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course intends to develop the basic awareness of management functions and various dimensions of organization allife. It also attempts to provide exposure of the ethical dilemma in management practices.

CourseStructure:

- → Introduction- Concept of Goals, Resources, Efficiency & Effectiveness; Introduction to Management disciplineand activity, Managerial Roles and Skills
- → Management Thought and Thinkers-Details: Scientific Management (F.W.Taylor, Gantt, Glibreths.); ClassicalOrganization Theory (Henry Fayol, C.I.Barnard, M.P.Follet, Max Weber); Neo-Classical Theory (Human RelationsMovement & Hawthorne Experiments, Behavioural Theory, Social Systems Theory- Niklas Luhmann) SystemsApproach; ContingencyApproach

→DecisionMaking-

Phases,stepsofDecisionMaking;Natureofmanagerialdecisionmakinganditstypes;Conditions of Certainty, Risk and Uncertainty; Bounded rationality (Herbert Simon); Barriers to decision making;IndividualandGroupDecisionmaking.

- → Management Process (A)- Planning (its NatureScope; Steps; Principles; Types of plans); Organizing (StructuralandSystemic dimensions; Authority, Responsibility & Accountability; Work division; Span of Management; Delegation; Decentralization; Coordination; Formal & Informal Organizations; Forms of Formal OrganizationalStructures, Importance of Direction)
- Management Process (B)- Communication (its Importance; Types; Process; Channels; Barriers; CommunicationNetworkinorganizations-vertical, horizontal, diagonal & informal)
- *Controlling* (its Meaning, Steps, Importance, Sources, Designing the control process, Effectiveness of ControlSystems)
- → Issues of Relevance-Transnational environment and perspectives of business, Quality Management basic insightsof prominent thinkers, Quality of Work Life (QWL); Japanese Management, Search for Excellence. Human Valuesin Management –Indian perspectives, values for managers, ethical dilemma in Management, Self –development,lessonsfromAncient Indiantraditions.

REFERENCE

JamesF.Stoner,etal :Management,PearsonsEducationDelhi
 HaroldKoontzHeinzWeihrich:Management,TataMcGrawHillPub.Co.,Delhi
 R.N.Singh :ManagementThouht&Thinkers,S.C.&Co.,Delhi
 S.K.Chakraborty :ManagementByValues,OxfordUniv.Press,Delhi
 AmitaiEtzioni :ModernOrganizations,PHI,NewDelhi

6. D.R. Prasad, V.S. Prasad & P. Satyanarayana: Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Pub. Delhi

7. PriniplesofManagement :GeorgeR.Terry&S.G.Franklin,AITBS,Delhi

8. EssentialsofManagement :JosephL.Massie,PHI,NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions, outof which oneset willbelong answer type and two will have two parts A & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The basic objective of this course is to make the students aware of the various economic issues that they are expected toface as managers at the firm level and to equip them with the tools and techniques of economic analysis for improving their decision-making skills.

CourseStructure:

→NatureandScopeofEconomics-

MicroEconomicsandMacroEconomics.ManagerialEconomicsanditsrelevance in business decisions. Fundamental Principles of Managerial Economics - Incremental Principle, MarginalPrinciple,OpportunityCostPrinciple,DiscountingPrinciple,ConceptofTimePerspective.Equi-MarginalPrinciple.

- → **Demand Analysis and Demand Forecasting-**Theory of Demand. Types of Demand and their characteristics.Utility Analysis.Cardinal Utility and Ordinal Utility.Elasticity of Demand and its measurement.Price Elasticity.Income Elasticity. Arc Elasticity.Cross Elasticity and Advertising Elasticity.Estimation of Revenue.AverageRevenue.MarginalRevenueand ElasticityofDemand.TechniquesofDemand Forecasting.
- → Indifference Curve Analysis-Concept and Properties of Indifference Curves.Income Effect.Substitution Effectand Price Effect.Income Consumption Curve and Price Consumption Curve.Derivation of Demand Curve.SuperiorityofIndifferenceCurveAnalysisoverUtilityAnalysis.
- →Cost Analysis-Concept of Cost and Cost Classification. Accounting Cost and Economic Cost. Lawof Variable proportions Increasing, Decreasing and Constant Returns. Cost output relationship in the short-run. Cost output relationship in the short-run. Cost output relationship in the Long-run, Production Functions. ISO-Cost Curves and their significance in cost analysis. Economies of Scale. Least Cost Combination Concept.

→MarketStructureandProductPricing-

PerfectandImperfectMarketStructures.ConditionsofPerfectCompetition.Price of a Product under demand and supply forces.Equilibrium Price.Price behaviour and timeelement.Market Price and Normal Price.Pricing under Perfect Competition.Prices under short-run and Long-run.PricingunderMonopolyandMonopolisticCompetition.PricingunderOligopoly.KinkedDemandCurv e.DiscriminatingPrices.

- → Factor Pricing Pricing of labour as a factor of production. Marginal productivity theory of factor pricing.
- → Profit Analysis and profit Forecasting-Concept of Profit. Accounting Profit and Economic profit. Theories of Profit. Dynamic Theory of Profit. Riskand Uncertainty-Bearing Theory of Profit. Innovation Theory of Profit. Profit Forecasting and Management of Profit. Profit Standards and the problems relating to Profit Maximization.
- ➤ National Income-Definition of national income. Product and money flows. Measurement of National Income —Net output or value method. Factor Income method. Expenditure method. Choice of Methods. Growth and composition of India's National Income.

¬RecentEconomicIssuesandDevelopments:

REFERENCE:

1. Thomas&Maurice :ManagerialEconomics-ConceptsandApplications,IrwinProfessionalPub

2. Haynes, Mote&Paul :ManagerialEconomics,McGrawHillPublication

3. DeanJoel :ManagerialEconomics,Prentice-Hall

4. GuptaG.S. :ManagerialEconomics,TataMcGrawHillPublication

5. KoutsoviannisA :ModernMicroeconomics.Macmillan,

DiwediD.N. :ManagerialEconomics,PearsonEducationIndia
 Petersen,LewisandJain:ManagerialEconomics.Pearson EducationIndia

Fetersen, Lewisand am: Managerial Economics. Pearson Education India
 Salvatore Domonik : Principles of Microeconomics, Prentice-Hall
 Varshney & Maheshwari: Managerial Economic, Sultan Chand & Sons
 Stonier & Hague : A Text Book of Economic Theory, Pearson

11. Mankiw :Economics-PrinciplesandApplication,CengageLearning.

12. Slowman&Sutcliffe :EconomicsforBusiness,PearsonEducation

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be short not expression of the parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be short not expression of the parts A&B.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	116	MARKETINGMANAGEMENT	
Cour	rseObjective:		TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)
MB	113	ENVIRONMENTANDMANAGEMENT	

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course aims at providing an overview of various dimensions of business environment. It seeks to familiarize thestudents with various aspects of economic, social, political & cultural environment of India. It intends to provide a deeperunderstanding of the environmental factors as they influence the Indian business enterprises. Case studies as pedagogicaltoolwould beused to introduce the students to the environmentin which the businesses operate.

CourseStructure:

- **Introduction-** Concept, Characteristics, dimensions and relevance of Business environment. Types of environment:internal&external environment,micro andmacro environment.
- **Globalization&itsimpactonIndianEconomy-**Meaning&levelsofglobalization,FactorsInfluencingGlobalization, Globalizationstrategyforacompany,GlobalizationinIndia.

→EconomicEnvironment-

NatureandStructureofIndianEconomy.Developmentstrategiesofeconomicdevelopment in India since Independence. Economic Planning and control in India. Broad policies and strategiesrelating to Agriculture, Industry, SMEs, KVIC, etc and their effects on business. Effects of Monetary policy,FiscalPolicy,Union & State Budget on business. Macroeconomic scenario and its appraisal in the pre and post Reformperiod.

→PoliticalandLegalEnvironment-

BasictenetsoftheIndianConstitution,ReviewoffunctionsofPoliticalinstitutioninIndia-Legislature,Executive&Judiciary,theirinfluenceonIndianBusiness,Centre-Staterelationshipsevolvingrole ofstate/government.

- **Social & cultural environmentIn India-**Salient featuresof Indian society −class&castestructure of Indiansociety, Secularism in Indian Society, Rural − Urban differences, Joint family system, Business Participation insocial & cultural affairs, Size & growth rate of population, Age structure of population, Demographic dividend & itsimpactonbusiness&growth.Effectsofsocietyandculture onbusiness.
- **Technological Environment in India-** Technology & competitive Advantage Changing technological environmentinIndia,inhouseR&DinIndianIndustries,differenceinthelevelsofscience&technologyacros scountries.

-NaturalEnvironment-

Environmentalprotection&sustainableIndustrialdevelopment,EnvironmentalDegradation, Environmentalpolicy,EMSStandard, ISO 1400, EnvironmentalAuditing,clearance by permissionsfor establishinganIndustryEnvironmental, concernsindevelopingcountries

→Issues of Relevance-Public & private sector in Indian Economy —their division, role, performance & problems, Privatization & disinvestment -meaning, rationale & evolution of privatization policy in India, Joint sector & co-operative sector.

REFERENCE:

1. N.K.Sharma:BusinessEnvironmentinIndia,PinnacleTechnology

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

MB 116 MARKETINGMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective:

2 KAshwathanna:EssantialsofbusinassEnvironment McGrawHillEducati

- $2. \quad KAshwathappa: Essentials of business Environment, McGraw Hill Education$
- 3. F.Cherunillam:BusinessEnvironment,HimalayaPublication
- 4. Dutt&sundaram:IndianEconomy,S.ChandPublisher
- 5. Vatsyanam:IndianSociety&SocialInstitutions,AtlanticPublishers

This course intends to provide an experienced-based approach to marketing theory and its practical application. Theoremse is designed to enable the students to learn the basic of marketing. Topics of the syllabus shall be addressed and discussed from an application or iented perspective.

CourseStructure:

1. ConceptualFrameworkofMarketing:

Concept, Meaning, definition, nature, scope and importance of marketing; Marketing concept and its evolution;

2. Coreconceptsof marketing-

- →Need, Want, Desire, Benefits, Demand, Value, Exchange,
- Goods-ServicesContinuum,Product,Market
- →CustomerSatisfaction,CustomerDelight.
- → Approachesto Marketing Product Production Sales Marketing Societal Relational. Concept of Marketing Myopia. Selling versus marketing.
- →HolisticMarketingOrientation&CustomerValue
- →Adaptingmarketingtonewliberalisedeconomy-Digitalisation, Customisation, Changingmarketingpractices

3. MarketAnalysisandSelection:

- → Nature, Process and Contents of Marketing Plan Marketing environment macro and micro components and their impacton marketing decisions; The changing marketing environment, Controllable and Uncontrallable factors effecting marketingdecisions, Analyzing needs and trends in Political, Economic, Socio-cultural and Technical Environment PEST Analysis, Micro Environment Industry&Competition.ConceptofMarket Potential&Market Share
- →Concept,Characteristicsofconsumerandorganizationalmarkets,BuyerBehaviour,5stepBuyerdecisionprocess
- →Definition,Need&Benefits.Basesformarketsegmentationofconsumergoods,industrialgoodsandservices.Segment,Niche&LocalMark eting,Effectivesegmentation criteria,Evaluating&Selecting
- →TargetMarkets,ConceptofTargetMarketand
- $\red{$\Rightarrow$} Positioning and differentiation strategies, Concept of positioning-Value Proposition \& USP.$
- ightharpoonupMarketingInformationSystem,Strategicmarketingplanningandorganization.

3. MarketingMix:

- → Product Decision- Concept of a product; Classification of products; Major product decisions; Product line and product mix; Branding; Packaging and labeling; Product life cycle strategic implications; New product development and consumeradoption process.
- → Price Decision- Concept, and Meaning of Price and Pricing, Significance of Pricing Decision, Factors affecting pricedetermination; Pricing Methods and Techniques, Pricing policies and strategies; Discounts and rebates.

→PlaceDecision-

Nature, functions, and types of distribution channels; Distribution channel intermediaries; Channel management decisions, Marketin gchannels ystem-Functions and flows; Channel design, Channel management-Selection, Training, Motivation and evaluation of channel members; Channel dynamics - VMS, HMS, MMS; Market logistics decisions.

→ **Promotion Decision**-Communication Process; Promotion mix—advertising, personal selling, sales promotion, publicity and public relations; Mediase lection; Advertising effectiveness; Sales promotion—tools and techniques.

→EmergingConceptsinMarketingManagement:

REFERENCE

- $1. \quad Philip Kotler: Marketing Management, Pearson Education/PHI.$
- 2. Stanton :FundamentalsofMarketing,McGrawHill
- 3. RajanSaxena :MarketingManagement,TataMcGrawHill.
- PhilipKotlerandGaryArmstrong:PrinciplesofMarketing12thEdition, PearsonEducation,PHI
- $5. \quad Ramasamy \& Namakumari: Marketing Management, Macmilan India.$
- 6. S.Jayachandran:MarketingManagement,TataMcGrawHill
- $7. \quad Rampaland Gupta: Case and Simulations in Marketing, Golgatia, Delhi$
- EtzelWalker:FundamentalsofMarketingStanton,Tata-McGrawHill, NewDelhi
- McCarthy E.J: Basic Marketing: A managerialapproach, Irwin, New York.
- 10. BoveeandJohn Thill:Marketing,McGraw-Hill
- 11. Kotler, Lilien&Moorthy:MarketingModels,Prentice-HallofIndia
- 12. H.Kaushal : Case Study Solutions Marketing, MacmillanPublishersIndiaLtd.
- 13. WilliamD.PerreaultJr :BasicMarketing,McGraw-HillCompanies,Inc

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False st 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be ofquestions, outofwhich onesetwill belong answerty peand two will have two parts A&B. The last question (14	four alternate sets 70
willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof which anytwo options are required to be attempted.	

	I	Sem
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation		30
	TotalMarks	100
MB 116 MARKETINGMANAGEMENT		

Total Periods: 40 (4 Credits)



MB 117 H

HUMANRESOURCEMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with various aspects of HRM. It aims at providing a rich fund ofcontemporary knowledge, time tested principles, basic concepts, emerging ideas, evolving theories, latest technique, ever changing procedures & practices in the field of HRM in a comprehensive way.

CourseStructure:

- → Humanresourcemanagement; Meaning, definition, scope, Objectives and functions of Human Resource Management, Evolution of HRM, relevance of study of HRM, Personnel Management vs. Human Resource Management, Challenges of HRM, HRM environment; Strategic HRM.
- **HumanResourcePolicy**-Meaning, definition, importance, characteristics of good HRP olicy.
- → HumanResource Planning Meaning, definition, importance, characteristics of good HR factors affecting HR Planning, barriers of HR Planning, HR Planning process
- **Job AnalysisAnd Design-**

meaning, definition, processofjobanalysis, problemsinjobanalysis, jobdesign; factors affecting jobdesign, processofjobdesign, contemporary issuesinjobdesign.

- **→**HumanResourceAcquisition
- → Recruitment; meaning, definition, importance, factors governing recruitment, recruitment process.
- **Selection**; meaning, definition, stepwises election process, barriers to selection, selection in Indian context,
- **→Placement**;meaningandpurpose,problemsinplacement
- **InternalMobility:**Promotions,transfersandseparations;purpose,principles,types,reasons,ofpromotionsandt ransfers.Lay-off, resignation,dismissal or discharge, retrenchment and VRS
- **→Orientation**;meaningandpurpose,typicalorientationprograms,requisites,evaluationandproblemsoforientation
- → Training and Development: Nature of Training and Development; Inputs in Training and Development; Gaps in Training; Training and Development as source of competitive Advantage, Training Process; Deriving Instructional Objectives, Designing, Implementation and Evaluation of the Training Program.
- → **Performance Appraisal-**Performance Appraisal; Meaning and Definition & Objectives; Performance Appraisaland CompetitiveAdvantage; AppraisalProcess;
- → Job Evaluation; Scope, Process and Methods of Job Evaluation, Pitfalls of Job Evaluation; Alternative to JobEvaluation
- → Employee Remuneration; Components of Remuneration; Wages and Salary Incentives; Fringe Benefits; Perquisites; Non Monetary Benefits; Importance of an Ideal Remuneration System; Factor Influence Employee Remuneration; External Factors; Internal Factors; Remuneration Plans and Business Strategy; Devising a Remuneration Plan; Challenges of Remuneration; Wage Policy in India; Concepts of Wages; Minimum Wages; Fair Wages; Living Wages
- ■Incentive payments; Incentives Payments; Meaning and Definition; Importance; Prerequisites for an EffectiveIncentives System; Scope ofIncentives System; Types of Incentives System; Employee benefits and services; meaning, definition, types, significance, administration and future of employee benefits and services.
- Human Resource Management and Ethics; nature, importance and relevance of HRM ethics, ethical issues inHRM, HRAudit; nature, benefit, scope and approaches to HRAudit
- →EmployeeWelfare; Meaning and Definition, Merits and Demerits of Welfare Measures, Types of Welfare Activities; Welfare Measures Inside the Work Place, Welfare Measures Outside the Work Place, Intramural Facilities, Extramural Facilities, Welfare Facilities by the Government, Welfare Activities by

the Trade Unions, Welfare Workby Voluntary Agencies, Statutory and Non-statutory, Statutory Provisions, Non-statutory Benefits.

REFERENCE:

- 1. VSPRao
 - : Human resource Management, Excel Books, New Delhi

KAshwathappa:Text&CasesinHumanResourcesManagement

- , TataMcGraw Hill
- $3. \quad Arun Monappa: Managing Human resources, Mc Millan$
- $4. \quad Kesho Prasad: Strategic Human Resource Management, Prentice H$



- RonaldR.Sims:HumanresourceManagement,IndianAssociated Press
- 6. GaryDessler
 - :HumanresourceManagement,PearsonEducation India
- 7. WayneMondy
 - :HumanresourceManagement,PearsonEducation India

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answerty peand two will have two parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be short not etype containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

HEALTH CARE ENVIRONMENT AND MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- > Tofamiliarisewiththehealthcareenvironment
- Tounderstandtheconceptsofmanagementwithrelevancetohospitals

UNITI

Introduction – Theoretical frame work - Environment - Internal and External – EnvironmentalScanning– EconomicEnvironment–CompetitiveEnvironment–NaturalEnvironment–PoliticoLegalEnvironment–SocioCulturalEnvironment-InternationalandTechnologicalEnvironment.

UNITII

A Conceptual Approach to Understanding the Health Care Systems – Evolution – InstitutionalSetting - Out Patient services – Medical Services – Surgical Services – Operating department –Pediatric services – Dental services – Psychiatric services – Casualty & Emergency services –HospitalLaboratoryservices – Anesthesiaservices—ObstetricsandGynecologyservices—Neuro –Surgeryservice—Neurologyservices.

UNITIII

Overview of Health Care Sector in India – Primary care – Secondary care – Tertiary care – RuralMedicalcare—urbanmedicalcare—curativecare—Preventivecare—General&specialHospitals-UnderstandingtheHospitalManagement—RoleofMedical,NursingStaff,Paramedical and Supporting Staff - Health Policy - Population Policy - Drug Policy – MedicalEducation Policy

UNITIV

Health Care Regulation—WHO,InternationalHealth regulations,IMA, MCI,State MedicalCouncilBodies,HealthuniversitiesandTeachingHospitalsandotherHealthcareDeliverySystems

UNITV

Epidemiology – Aims – Principles – Descriptive, Analytical and Experimental Epidemiology -Methods-Uses

REFERENCES

Seth,M.L.MACROECONOMICS, *Laksminarayana Agrawal*, *Edu, Pub. Agra. 1996***Peter, Z&Fredrick, B.**HEALTHECONOMICS, *OxfordPub., NewYork, 1997***S**



HOSPITAL ARCHITECTURE, PLANNING AND MAINTENANCE Objectives:

- > TounderstandthenecessityofarchitectureandplanninginHospitals
- > Togetfamiliarisedwiththedesigningandmaintenanceofhospitalsystems

UNITI

Hospitalasasystem: Definition of hospital – classification of hospitals – changing role ofhospitals–roleofhospitaladministrator–hospitalasasystem–hospital&community.

UNITII

Planning: Principles of planning – regionalization - hospital planning team – planning process –size of the hospital – site selection – hospital architect – architect report – equipping a hospital – interiors&graphics—construction&commissioning—planningforpreventinginjuries—electricalsafety

UNITIII

Technical analysis: Assessment of the demandand need for hospital services—factors influencing hospital utilization—bed planning—land requirements—project cost—space requirements—hospital drawings & documents-preparing project report.

UNITIV

Hospitalstandardsanddesign:Buildingrequirement–Entrance&AmbulatoryZone–DiagnosticZone—IntermediateZone–Criticalzone–ServiceZone–Administrativezone–List of Utilities – Communication facility – Biomedical equipment - Voluntary & Mandatorystandards–Generalstandards–Mechanicalstandards–Electricalstandards–standardforcentralizedmedicalgassystem—standardsforbiomedicalwaste

UNITV

Facilitiesplanning:Transport–Communication–Foodservices–Mortuary —Informationsystem–Minorfacilities– others.

REFERENCES

G.D.Kunders, DESIGNINGFORTOTALQUALITYINHEALTHCARE

GuptaS.K;SunilKantChandraShekhar;RSatpathy,MODERNTRENDSINPLANNINGAND DESIGNING OF HOSPITALS

SyedAminTabish,HOSPITALANDNURSINGHOMESPLANNING,ORGANISATIONS&MANAGE MENT

G.D.Kunders, HOSPITALS, FACILITIES PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT

MB 211 ORGANIZATIONALBEHAVIOUR

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims to develop the interpersonal abilities in the students. It aims to develop an intimate understanding of the individual and group behavior.

CourseStructure:

- →Understanding Organization, Behaviour & OB-Organization as a Social Unit, Concept of Learning Organization, Roles & Skills of Managers. Knowing Behaviour- approaches to understand it (Cognitive, Behaviouristic & SocialCognitive) Field of OB: Individual, Groups & Systems as building blocks, contributing disciplines, Challenges & Opportunities of OB.
- →Bases of Individual Behaviour-Basic individual differences (ability & biographical characteristics); Personality: Meaning, "Big –Five" Personality Traits, MBTI. Perception: Meaning, Role of Object, Environment and Observer; Judging Others. Learning: Meaning, Theories: Classical Conditioning, Operant Conditioning & Social Learning; Methodsto shapeBehaviour(reinforcement, punishment, &extinction), OBMod.
- **Individual Behaviour in Organization-Attitudes**: Components, functions, changing attitudes, work attitudes

(Jobsatisfaction&OrganizationalCommitment)**Motivation**:Concept,ContentTheories(Maslow,Herzbe rg,McClelland, McGregor); Process Theories (Vroom's Model); Contemporary Theories: (Equity Theory, AttributionTheory). **Creativity:**Nature,processand itsfacilitationonorganization.

GroupsinOrganization-

Groups; Types, their development stages, concept of fole, status, norms size and cohesiveness. Group decision making techniques, Group Think & Group Shift; Transactional Analysis; Four Lifepositions. Influence, Power & Politics: Concept of influence, bases of power, political behavior: concept & contributing factors. Stress & Conflict: meaning & causes of stress, type sof conflicts (intraindividual & interactive), coping strategies for stress & conflict; negotiation skills. Communication: Process, types, barriers; Grapevine

- **Leadership & Organizational Change-**Concept, Trait, Behavioural and Contingency (Fiedler, Hersey& Blanchard)theories;leadershipstyles, successful&effective leadership.
- →OrganizationalChange:concept,resistancetoandmanagingchange.

REFERENCE

4. L.M. Prasad

1. LaurieJ.Mullins	:EssentialsofOrganizationalBehaviour,PearsonLearning
2. IanBrooks	:OrganizationalBehaviour,PearsonLearning
3. StephenP Robbins	:OrganisationalBehaviour,PrenticeHallInc.

:OrganisationalBehaviour,SultanChand&Sons

5. KiethDavis :OrganisationalBehaviour,McGrawHill6. FredLuthans :OrganisationalBehaviour,McGrawHill

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions, outof which oneset will belong answer type and two will have two parts A & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 212

BUSINESSRESEARCHMETHODS

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course gives a comprehensive introduction to the subject of business research methods. The objective of this course to develop the research skills of the students in investigating the business problems with a view to arrive at objective findings, interpretation of data and conclusions of their investigation in the form of systematic reports. Further, acquainting students with all modern and universally applied research concepts, tools and techniques and encouraging them to apply their acquired theoretical knowledge to real-life situations are paramount course objectives.

CourseStructure:

- **Introduction to Business Research-**Meaning and Significance of Research in Business; Different Approaches toResearch − Scientific Methods and Non-scientific Methods; Types of Business Research; The Research Process; Ethicsin Business Research.
- **The Research Problem and Design-**Formulation and Definition of Business Research Problem; Formulation ofResearch Hypotheses, Business Research Design − Meaning and Formulation; Research Design Classification −Exploratory Research Design (Secondary Data & Qualitative Research), Descriptive Research Design (Survey &Observation)and CausalResearchDesign(Experimentation);PotentialSourcesofErrorsinResearch
- SamplingDesignand MeasurementTechniques-TheSamplingDesign Process; Types of SampleDesign—Probability and Non-probability Sampling Designs; Size of Sample; Sampling Errors; Concept of Measurement andScaling;ImportantScalingTechniques—ComparativeandNon-comparative;ReliabilityandValidityofMeasurement.

¬DataCollectionToolsandDataProcessing-

QuestionnairesandObservationForms;QuestionnaireDesignProcess; Collecting Primary Data through – Observations, Semi-structured Interviews, In-depth Interviews andQuestionnaire;Processingof ResearchData– Editing,Coding,Classificationand Tabulation

- → Analysis of Data-Exploring, Displaying and Examining Data; Basic Data Analysis —
 Descriptive Statistics; Univariate Statistics Hypotheses Testing; Bivariate Analysis Test of Differences and Measures of Association; Multivariate Analysis.
- →Business Research Report-Importance of the Report & Presentation; Business Report Format; Report Writing; OralPresentation;ResearchFollow-up
- **Research Project**-The student or group of students needs to apply this course learning in a real research project oftheir interestareawith submissionofresearch project reportand classpresentationofthesame.

REFERENCE

- $1. \quad Cooperand Schindler: Business Research Methods, TataMcGraw Hill, New Delhi\\$
- 2. MalhotraN.K. :MarketingResearch—AnAppliedOrientation,PearsonEducation,NewDelhi
- 3. WilliamG.Zikmund:BusinessResearchMethods, CengageLearning,NewDelhi
- 4. Saunders, Lewis & Thornhill: Research Methods for Business Students, Pears on Education, New Delhi
- 5. PanneerSelvam :ResearchMethodology,PrenticeHallofIndia,Delhi
- 6. BeriG.C :MarketingResearch,TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi
- 7. Karlinger, Fred N. : Foundations of Behavioural Research.
- 8. Mohsin,S.M. :ResearchMethodsinBehaviouralResearch.
- 9. Tull&Hawkins :MarketingResearch,PrenticeHallofIndia,Delhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
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Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Thispaperintendstoacquaintthestudentwith themanagementofdifferentoperationalaspectsof organizationsespeciallywithrespecttothemanufacturing, assembling and servicing processes with numerical and quantitative technical value addition.

CourseStructure:

- **Introduction to Operation Research-**Managerial Decision Making and, Different Models of Operation Research:Principles and Types, Nature and Scope of Related to other Functional Area of Business, Duties and ResponsibilitiesofPersonnel.
- ■Introduction to Linear Programming-Formulation of Linear Programming Problems Graphical Solution to TwoVariable Problems, Simplex Method and Its Applications, Duality in linear programming, Primal and dual LPproblems
- →Transportation problems-Introduction, Initial Basic Feasible Solution: North West corner rule, Least Cost method, Vogel's Approximation method. Optimality test, Modified Distribution (MODI) Method and Stepping Stone Method
- Assignment Problem-Introduction to the Assignment Model, Hungarian Assignment Algorithm, Solution to the Assignment Problem: Maximization and Minimization Cases.
- **Construction of a Network Diagram-**Application of Networks in Project Management: Program Evaluation andReview Technique (PERT) Model, Determination of Critical Path. Distribution of Project Completion Time, CriticalPathMethod(CRM)Model, ApplicationofCPM andPERTModels
- → **GameTheory** :Introduction, Technology, Classification, Payoff Making, Maximin and Minimax Strategies, saddle Point, Mixed Strategies Games without Saddle Point.
- → Waiting Line :Introduction, Basic Characteristics, Input/Arrival Process, Service Facility / Mechanism, Depulori /outlet, TerminologyandNotions, M/M/1 Model.
- **Replacement**: Introduction, Replacement Policies for equipment or assets with deteriorating operational efficiency over time.

REFERENCE

- 1. ThompsonW.W. :OperationsResearchTechnique, Coloumbus,Ohio, C.E.MerrillBooks(1967)
- 2. Acoff&SusoniM. :OperationsResearch
- 3. LevinR. I., Rubin D.S. & Stinson J.P. :Quantitative approaches to management, Mcgraw, Hill
- 4. BiermanH.,BoniniC.P.&Houseman W.H.:QuantitativeanalysisforbusinessDecision,RichardD.Irwin Inc('65)
- 5. HillerF.S.&LiebermanG.J. :IntroductiontoOperationsResearch
- 6. TahaH. A. :OperationsResearchanIntroduction,PrenticeHallofIndiaPvt. Lts.,NewDelh
- 7. GuptaPKandHiraDS:OperationsResearch,S.C.Chand
- 8. ShenoyGV, ShermaS.C. & Srivastava U.K.: Operations Research forman agement

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowillhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any twooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of this course is to expose the students to the applied aspect of accounting and making them familiar withthe techniques of using Accounting information for decision making. Having been introduced to these techniques andhaving acquired the ability to understand accounting language, the students should be in a position to make effective useof accounting information in resolving the problems, which they may face as managers. Applied side of the subject will be given more emphasis and attention as compared to its conceptual aspect. Consequently, case-method of teaching will be used be sides classlectures.

CourseStructure:

Introduction-

Meaning, Functions, Scopeand Limitations of Management Accounting, Financial Accounting vs. Management Accounting

- → An orientation to CostAccounting-Purpose of CostAccounting, Elements of cost, Kinds of costing, Classification of Costs, Methods of Cost variability
- → **Break-EvenAnalysis-**Meaning, Graphic presentation, Preparation of breakeven charts and their interpretation, Managerial uses of Break-even analysis,
- → MarginalCosting-MeaningofMarginalCost,AnalysisofIncrementalcostsandrevenues,

Manageme

ntApplicationofMarginal IncomeAccounting

 $\textbf{$\rightarrow$ActivityBasedCosting-$Concept$, main activities and their cost drivers, developing ABCS ystem.}$

→Budgeting-

- Definition of abudget, Kinds of budgets, Preparation of aBudget, Budgetary Control, Flexible Budgeting, Zero Base Budgeting, Performance Budgeting
- →Standard Costing-Meaning, Types of Standard and their revision, Difference between budgeting and standardcosting. Kinds of Variances, Their use in making appraisal and fixing responsibility, Procedure of setting standardcost-Material, LabourandOverhead.
- → Responsibility Centres-Cost Centres, Profit Centres and Investment Centres, Inter divisional transfer pricing –conceptandmethods.
- →Currentissues-SocialAccounting, HumanResourceAccounting, BalanceScoreCard
- →DiscussionofreallifebusinessCases.RE

FERENCE

- 1. AnthonyRobertN.&ReeceJamesS:Management Accounting,Irwin
- 2. AnthonyRobertN&WelschGlennA:FundamentalsofManagement Accounting,R.D.Irwin
- 3. HongrenCharlesT.:IntroductiontoManagementAccounting,PearsonEducationIndia
- $4. \quad Bhattacharya S.K. \& Dearden John: Accounting for Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., ND\\$
- 5. HingoraniN.L.,RamanathanA.R.&GrewalT.S.:ManagementAccounting,SultanChand&Sons.
- $6. \quad Khan M.Y. and Jain P.K.: Management Accounting Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co.\ Ltd., New Delhi Learning Tata McGraw-Hill Pub$
- 7. KishoreRaviM. :Taxman'sAdvancedManagementAccounting

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Marks
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutofwhichanytwo optionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with the skills related to basic principles, tools and techniques offinancialmanagement.

CourseStructure:

¬Conceptoffinance-

Scopeandobjectivesoffinance,FunctionsofFinancialManagement,RoleofFinanceManager, Financial Planning & Strategies. Forms of Business Organization and Financial Considerations underlyingthechoice offormofbusinessorganization.

$\textbf{$\lnot$Concept\&Principles} of Capital Structure \textbf{-} Leverage Analysis \textbf{-}$

operating, financial and combined leverage and its implications, Indifference point.

→Long term Sources of Fund – equity share, preference shares, debentures, bonds, warrants, venture capital andploughingbackofprofits.ShortTermSourcesofFunds—CommercialPaper,CertificateofDeposit,TreasuryBills.

→FinancialMarkets–

Nature and Significance of Primary and Secondary Markets, objectives and functions., indices of BSE, NSE and OTCE I and its calculation.

→FinancialInstitutions—

Nature, Types and Functions, Investment Bank, Investment Companies, Commercial Banks.

→TimeValueofMoney-

Riskandreturnanalysis, Conceptandsignificanceofcostofcapitalandits computation Conceptand Significanceof Capital Budgeting, Appraisal Techniques for Risk Free Projects.

→WorkingCapitalManagement-

Meaning, Significance & factors influencing the level of working capital management. Management of cash, receivables and inventory.

→DividendDecision–

Ploughingbackofprofits, forms of dividends, factors affecting dividend policy, dividend payout decisions.

ℲIssuesofRelevance-

Shareholdersvalueanditscalculation, EVA/VAR, Financial reengineering, Derivatives, Venture capital financing, stock Market Index calculation,

REFERENCE

1.	JFredWeston&EugeneF.Brigham	:ManagerialFinance, Актов Publications
2.	FranklinR.Edwards &CindyW.Ma	:FuturesandOptions,McGraw-Hill,Inc.
3.	JamesVanHorne	:EssentialsofFinancialManagement,PrenticeHall
4.	WalkerE. W.	:EssentialsofFinancialManagement,PrenticeHall
5.	Srivastava,R.M.	:FinancialManagement,SterlingPublishersPrivateLimited,NewDelhi
6.	Srivastava,R.M.	:EssentialsofBusinessFinance,HimalayaPublishingHouse
7.	PrasannaChandra	:FinancialManagement,TataMcGraw-Hill
8.	Pandey,I.M.	:FinancialManagement,MacmillanIndia

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:		
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition there willbefouralternatesets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30	
TotalMark	s 100	

MB	215	FINANCIALMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT SEMESTERIII

EntrepreneurshipManagement(SESSIONAL)

Concept and Evolution of Entrepreneurship, Classification and type of entrepreneurs, natureand importance of Entrepreneurs, Opportunity Assessment in Entrepreneurship: FeasibilityPlan Outline, Environmental Assessment in Entrepreneurship, Entrepreneurial Ventures and Financial Analysis, Writing an Effective Business Plan, Financial Sources for Entrepreneurial Ventures: Venture Capital financing, Angelin vestors and others, Entrepreneurial issues invarious cultural context.

StrategicManagement

Introductiontocorporatestrategy, The strategic management process, Environmental appraisal, socio-political and legal, Organizational Appraisal, Competitive Advantage, Corporatelevel strategies, Strategic Analysis and choice, Strategy Implementation, Tailoring strategy to fits pecific industry and company situations, Changing nature of Strategies in the New Millennium, Strategies in international business.

LegalaspectofBusiness(SESSIONAL)

The Indian Contract Act, 1872, Nature, offer and acceptance consideration, Agreement vis-à-viscontract, void agreement & void able contract, Capacity to contract, Free Consent, Legality of Object, Agreement not declared void, Contingent contracts, The Companies Act, 1956, Modif icationinCompaniesAct,CompaniesAct,2013,NatureofCompany,Registration&Incorporati on, MOA, Articles of Association its relation with memoran dum of Association, Prospectus, Membership, KindsofShareCapital, Debentures, Directors-Position, Appointment, Removal, Power & Duties, Majority Powers and Minority Rights, Prevention ofOppressionandMismanagement, Compromises Arrangements and Reconstructions and Winding Up, Laws of Partnership, Nature, Relations and Dissolutions, Introduction to Industrial Law, Employee Provident Fund and Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, The ConsumerProtection Act, 1986, Definitions of Consumer, Person, Goods. Service, Manufacturer, Unfairand Restrictive Trade Practices, The Information Technology Act, 2000, DigitalSignature, Electronic Governance, Electronic Records, Certifying Authorities, Introduction to Corporate Tax Planning, Direct Taxes: Income Tax, Corporate Tax, Indirect Taxes: GST, VAT, Central Excise, Incidence and Impact, Recent Developments in Tax Policy.



HEALTH CARE LAWS, ETHICS AND MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY

Objectives:

MB 215 Togetacquaintedwiththelegalprovisionandissuesrelatedtohealthcare

Court of amiliarise with the medical terminologies

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Tounderstandtheethicalissuesinhealthcaresystem

UNITI

Laws relating to Hospital formation: Promotion-Forming society-The Companies Act-Law of Partnership-AS ample Constitution for the Hospital-The Tamil Nadu Clinics Act-Medical Ethics-

UNITII

LawsrelatingPurchasesandfunding:Lawofcontracts-LawofInsurance-ExportImportPolicy-FEMA-ExemptionofIncomeTaxforDonations-

TaxObligations:FilingReturnsandDeductionsatSource.LawspertainingtoHealth:CentralBirthsandDeathsRegistratio nAct,1969-Recentamendments—MedicalTerminationofPregnancyAct,1971—InfantMilkSubstitutes,FeedingBottles and InfantFoodAct, 1992.

UNITIII

Lawspertaining to Hospitals: Transplantation of Human Organs Act, 1994—Prenatal Diagnostic Techniques (Regulation and Prevention of Misuse) Act, 1994—Medical Negligence—Medico Legal Case—Dying Declaration - MClacton medicaled ucation. The Biomedical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules-Radiation Safety System.

UNITIV

Medical Terminology- Glossary of medical terms: major Diseases and medical specialties-Roots, Prefixes, Suffixes, Abbreviations and symbols-Common roots: element referring to, usage and definition-Common roots: element referring to the roots are referring to the roots and the roots are referring to the roots are referred to

Commonabbreviations:departments,time,generalhealthcare,routesofmedicationandlaboratory-Symbols.

UNITV

Illness-Classificationanddescriptionofdiseases-InfectionControl-Medicalasepsis,Nosocomial infection and communicable diseases, Reservoir, carrier and mode of transmission-Overview of Hospital Services -Intensive care unit – Coronary care Unit – Burns, paraplegic &Malignant disease treatment – Hospital welfare services – Hospital standing services – Indian redcrosssociety–Nursingservices-Pharmacy–MedicalStores–Housekeeping–WardManagement – Central sterile supply department-Medical Records – Fatal documents – MedicalRegisters–Statutoryrecords.

REFERENCES

BMSakharkar, PRINCIPLESOFHOSPITALADMINISTRATIONANDPLANNING—*JaypeebrothersPublications*.

FrancisCM, MarioCdeSouza; HOSPITALADMINISTRATION—Jaypeebrothers Medical Publishers



PATIENT CARE MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

MB 215 FINANCIALMANAGEMENT Tounderstandtheimportanceofpatientcaremanagement

Course of Bacquainted with the disaster and safety & Security Management in Hapital Fods: 40(4 Credits)

UNITI

Patientcentricmanagement-Conceptofpatientcare, Patient-

centricmanagement, Organization of hospital departments, Roles of departments/managers in enhancing care, Patie ntcounseling&Practicalexamplesofpatientcentricmanagementinhospitals-Patientsafetyandpatientriskmanagement.

UNITII

Qualityinpatientcaremanagement-

Defining quality, Systems approach towards quality, Towards aquality framework, Keytheories and concepts, Models f orqualityimprovement&Variations in practice

UNITIII

Patient classification systems and the role of case mix-

Why down eed to classify patients, Types of patient classification systems, ICD9 (CM, PM), Case mix classification systems and the contraction of the contraction oms, DRG, HBG, ARDRG, Casemix innovations and Patientempowering classification systems.

UNITIV

Medical ethics & auditory procedures-Ethical principles, Civic rights, Consumer Protection Act, Patient complaints powers & procedures of the district forum, State and National commission, Patient appeals, Autopsy, Medical liability, Vicarious liability, negligence, & statelaws, Use of investigational drugs, Introduction/need&procedures formed ical audit, Audit administration Regulating committees-Confidentiality and professional secrecy, ethics of trustand ethics of rights – autonomy informed consent, under trading of patient rights universalaccessibilityequityandsocialjustice, humandignity

Disasterpreparedness-Policies&proceduresforgeneralsafety,firesafetyprocedureforevacuation, disaster plan and **Policies** medicalrecords,ecrisis management procedures for maintaining records, legal as pects of medical records, its safety, preservation and storage.

REFERENCES:

GoelSL&KumarR.HOSPITALCORESERVICES:HOSPITALADMINISTRATIONOF

THE21STCENTURY2004ed., DeepDeepPublicationsPvtLtd: NewDelhi

GuptaS&KantS.Hospital&HealthCareAdministration:AppraisalandReferralTreatise1998 ed., Jaypee, NewDelhi

SEMESTER-IV

MB 215 FINANCIALMANAGEMENT

BusinessEthics

Competitive: of Ethical Behaviour, theories of ethics and ethics ethics refineral development inhumans, theories, concepts, Moral Frameworks for Business and Organizational Life, Individual Ethics, Values, and Purpose, Professional Responsibility: Concept and Importance, Conflicts and Ethical Dilemmas — moral & ethical dilemmas, Ethics and Business: A sense of business ethics, Ethics and International Business: Ethics Issues beyond borders, Ethics and Economics: Ethical concerns of economic individuals and societies, Ethics and Environment: Environmental Ethics Awareness, Business Disciplines — International standards, cornerate

Productionrelatedethicalissues, Business Disciplines – International standards, corporate governance,

citizen ship, Global reporting initiatives, Global compact, Millennium development goals, etc.



HOSPITAL OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

MB 215 FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Toidentifytheimportantfunctions and its management in Hospitals

Course for pulliarise with the supporting services and procure mentman agem entart last it learned to the course for the cour

UNITI

FrontOffice-Admission—Billing—MedicalRecords—AmbulatoryCare-DeathinHospital—Brought-inDead-MaintenanceandRepairsBioMedicalEquipment

UNITII

ClinicalServices-ClinicalDepartments—Outpatientdepartment(OPD)—Introduction—Location — Types of patients in OPD — Facilities — Flow pattern of patients — Training and Co-ordination; Radiology — Location — Layout — X-Ray rooms — Types of X-Ray machines — Staff -USG — CT —MRI— ECG.

UNITIII

Supporting Services – House Keeping –Linen and Laundry, - Food Services - Central SterileSupplyDepartment(CSSD)

UNITIV

Facility Location and Layout importance of location, factors, general steps in location selection -Types of lay outs – product, process, service facility layout-Work standards, techniques of workmeasurement-Work sampling, calibration of hospital equipments. Productivity measures, valueaddition, capacityutilization, productivity—capitaloperations, HRincentives calculation, applications in hospital.

UNITV

Purchasingstrategyprocess—organizingthepurchasingfunction—financialaspectsofpurchasing—tacticalandoperationalapplicationsinpurchasing,InventoryManagement:valuationandaccountingforinventory—physicallocationandcontrolofinventory—planningandreplenishmentconcepts—protectinginventory;ValueManagement,Valueengineering,valueanalysis.

REFERENCES

MadhuriSharma, ESSENTIALSFORHOSPITALSUPPORTSERVICESANDPHYSICALINFRASTRUCTURE, **SakharkarBM**, PRINCIPLESOFHOSPITALSADMINISTRATIONANDPLANNING, *Jaypee*

FrancisCM, MarioCdeSouza, HOSPITALADMINISTRATION, NewDelhi, 2000 PrabhuKM, SoodSK, HOSPITALLABORATORY SERVICESORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT, Journal of Academy of Hospital Administration, 2(@) 1990



PURCHASEMANAGEMENTANDINVENTORYCONTROLINHOSPITALS

Ob	iect	ivec.	
	MB	ives:	FINANCIALMANAGEMENT

Tofamiliarisewiththeconceptsofprocurement CourseObjective:

Tounderstandstoresmanagement and inventory control system

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

UNITI

PrinciplesofLogisticManagement:DefinitionofLogisticsManagement-FunctionsofLogisticsManagement-PrinciplesofPurchaseManagement-Tenderingprocedures-procurementprocedure-Vendordevelopmentandrating-Methodsofpayment-Letterofcredit

-Foreigncurrency-payments.-Importdocumentation.

UNITII

Inventorycontrol:Definition-objectivesofInventoryControl—TypesofInventorycost—Typesof Inventory Control—Pareto's law -ABC /VED / SDE Analysis — Lead Time — Buffer stock —Reorderlevel—EconomicOrderQuantity (EOQ)—TypesofInventory Controlsystems.

UNITIII

Stores Management- location and layout – Standardization, Codification and Classification ofmaterials—Materialaccountingandphysical distribution—Storedocumentation

– condemnation and disposal of scrap, surplus and obsolete materials – Types of stores in aHospital.

UNITIV

Equipment Planning and Procurement: Steps in equipment selection – Utilization index – Factorsleading to poor utilization of equipment- planning and procurement of spares / accessories /consumables.

UNITY

Recent trends in Materials Management: Types of Materials used and stored in a Hospital–Computerization of Materials function – MIS Reports – Concept and frame work of supply chainmanagement-conceptofJustintime andCentralpurchasing.

REFERENCES:

Mr.KSMenon,STORESMANAGEMENT2ed.,MacmillanIndiaLtd.,

Mr.RupnarayanBose, ANINTRODUCTIONTODOCUMENTARY CREDITS,

MacmillanIndiaLtd

Mr.BSSahay,SUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT,MacmillanIndiaLtd

Mr.Gopalakrishnan&Sunderasan,MATERIALSMANAGEMENT.



HOSPITAL FACILITIE SMANAGEMENT

Object Financial Management

Courses familiarised with supports ervices ystems

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Togetacquaintedwithhazardsanditsmanagementinhospitalenvironment

UNITI

Nutrition and Dietary services—Pharmacy services—Medical Records services.

UNITII

FacilitiesEngineering—MaintenanceofCivilAssets—ElectricalsupplyandWatersupply—Medicalgaspipeline—PlumbingandSanitation—Airconditioningsystem—HotwaterandSteamsupply—CommunicationSystems—Biomedicalengineeringdepartmentsinmodernhospitals.

UNITIII

Laundryservices-Housekeepingservices-CSSD-Energyconservationmethods-AMC

UNITIV

Ambulanceservices-Mortuaryservices-Hospitalsecurityservices.

UNITV

Disaster management-Firehazards-Engineering Hazards-Radiological hazards.-Outsourcing of Supportservices-Wasted is posal and management-few cases tudies.

REFERENCES:

G.D.Kunders, HOSPITALANDFACILITIES PLANNING AND DESIGN
Jacob Kline, HANDBOOKOFBIO-MEDICALENGINEERING
Webster J. Gand Albert M. Coo, CLINICALENGINEERING PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES
Antony Kelly, MAINTENANCE PLANNING AND CONTROL

MB 215 FINANCIALMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)