

# **EXECUTIVE MBA OPERATION MANAGEMENT (EMBAOP)**

# **CURRICULUM**

# I Semester

PAPER	PAPERS NAME	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
S				
CODE				
EMBAOP101	Fundamentals of Management	40	60	100
EMBAOP102	Organizational Behavior	40	60	100
EMBAOP103	Managerial Economics	40	60	100
EMBAOP104	Accounts for Managers	40	60	100
EMBAOP105	Business Environment	40	60	100
EMBAOP106	LogisticsandSupplyChainManage ment	40	60	100
EMBAOP107	OperationsPlanning	40	60	100
Total		280	420	700

# II Semester

PAPER	PAPERS NAME	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
S				
CODE				
EMBAOP201	Human Resource Management	40	60	100
EMBAOP202	Marketing Management	40	60	100
EMBAOP203	Financial Management	40	60	100
EMBAOP204	on	40	60	100
EMBAOP205	TotalQualityManagement	40	60	100
EMBAOP206	InventoryManagementandControl	40	60	100
EMBAOP207	AdvancedOperationsResearch	40	60	100
	Project Work & Case Study			100
Total		280	420	800



The course seeks to encourage an all round development of students by focusing on soft skills. It aims to make studentaware about the importance, the role and the content of soft skills through instruction, knowledge acquisition, and practice. The course has the objective to develop and nurture the soft skills that help develop student as a team member, leader, and all round professional. Students are encouraged to follow the seskills as self study and self driven process.

TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Self Development and Assessment, Self-Assessment, Self-Awareness, Perception and Attitudes, Values and BeliefSystem, PersonalGoalSetting, Career Planning, Self-Esteem, Buildingof Self-Confidence,
- → Components of communication, Principles of communication barriers, listenings kills Verbal Communic ation, Includes Planni ng, Preparation, Delivery, Feedback and Assessment of activities like Public speaking, Group Discussi on, Oral Presentation skills, Perfect Interview, Listening and observations kills, Bodylanguage
- →WrittenCommunication,TechnicalWriting— TechnicalReports,ProjectProposals,Brochures,Newsletters,Technical Articles, Technical Manuals, Official/Business Correspondence, Business letters, Memos, Progress report,Minutes of meeting, Event reporting, Use of style, Grammar and Vocabulary for effective technical writing, Use of:Tools,Guidelinesfortechnicalwriting,Publishing,
- → UseofPresentationgraphics, UseofPresentationaids, Studyofcommunication.
- ⇒Ethics and Etiquettes, Business Ethics, Etiquettes in social as well as Office settings, Email etiquettes, TelephoneEtiquettes, Managerialethicsand ethicsasamanagementprofessional,CivicSense.
- →Other Skills: Managing time, Meditation, Understanding roles of manager and their Responsibility, Exposure towork environment And culture in today's job Places, Improving Personal Memory, Study skills that include Rapidreading, Notestaking, Complex problems olving, creativity.

#### REFERENCE

1. YouCanWin :ShivKhera,MacmillanBooks

2. 7HabitsofHighlyeffectivepeople:StephenCovey,FreePress

3. BusinessCommunication,BuildingCriticalSkills:KittyLocker&Kaczmarek,McGraw-Hill/Irwin

4. JohnCollin :PerfectPresentation, Video ArtsMarshal
 5. JennyRogers :EffectiveInterviews, Video ArtsMarshal
 6. RamanSharma :TechnicalCommunications, Oxford

7. SharonGerson, StevenGerson: Technical Writing Process And Product, Pearson, Education Asia, LPE

8. R.Sharma, K.Mohan,: Business Correspondence & Report Writing, TAGMcGraw Hill

9. VideoForTechnicalEducationCatalog:NationalEducationandInformationFilmsLtd.,Mumbai.

 $10. \ \ Management Training \& Development Catalog: National Education \& Information Films Ltd. Mumbai.$ 

11. XEBEC, PresentationBook1, 2, 3: TataMcGraw-Hill

12. TimHindle :ReducingStress,EssentialManagerSeriesDK,Publishing

13. SheilaCameron :BusinessstudentHandbook,PitmanPublishing

14. Dr.R.L.Bhatia :ManagingtimeforcompetitiveEdgeLorayneLucas,"MemoryBook"
15. RobertHeller :Effectiveleadership,EssentialManagerseriesDK,PublishingNewstrom

16. KeithDavis :OrganizationalBehaviorTataMcGraw-Hill

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course intends to develop the basic awareness of management functions and various dimensions of organization allife. It also attempts to provide exposure of the ethical dilemma in management practices.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Introduction- Concept of Goals, Resources, Efficiency & Effectiveness; Introduction to Management disciplineand activity, Managerial Roles and Skills
- →Management Thought and Thinkers-Details: Scientific Management (F.W.Taylor, Gantt, Glibreths.); ClassicalOrganization Theory (Henry Fayol, C.I.Barnard, M.P.Follet, Max Weber); Neo-Classical Theory (Human RelationsMovement & Hawthorne Experiments, Behavioural Theory, Social Systems Theory- Niklas Luhmann) SystemsApproach; ContingencyApproach

# **→**DecisionMaking-

Phases, steps of Decision Making; Nature of managerial decision making and its types; Conditions

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- f Certainty, Risk and Uncertainty; Bounded rationality (Herbert Simon); Barriers to decision making;IndividualandGroupDecisionmaking.
- →Management Process (A)- Planning (its NatureScope; Steps; Principles; Types of plans); Organizing (StructuralandSystemic dimensions; Authority, Responsibility& Accountability; Work division; Span of Management; Delegation; Decentralization; Coordination; Formal & Informal Organizations; Forms of Formal OrganizationalStructures, Importance of Direction)
- →Management Process (B)- Communication (its Importance; Types; Process; Channels; Barriers; CommunicationNetworkinorganizations-vertical, horizontal,diagonal&informal)
- → Controlling (its Meaning, Steps, Importance, Sources, Designing the control process, Effectiveness of ControlSystems)
- → Issues of Relevance-Transnational environment and perspectives of business, Quality Management basic insights of prominent thinkers, Quality of Work Life (QWL); Japanese Management, Search for Excellence. Human Valuesin Management –Indian perspectives, values for managers, ethical dilemma in Management, Self development, lessons from Ancient Indian traditions.

- 1. JamesF.Stoner,etal :Management,PearsonsEducationDelhi
- HaroldKoontzHeinzWeihrich:Management,TataMcGrawHillPub.Co.,Delhi
   R.N.Singh :ManagementThouht&Thinkers,S.C.&Co.,Delhi
- 4. S.K.Chakraborty :ManagementByValues,OxfordUniv.Press,Delhi
- 5. AmitaiEtzioni :ModernOrganizations,PHI,NewDelhi
- 6. D.R.Prasad, V.S.Prasad&P.Satyanarayana: Administrative Thinkers, Sterling Pub. Delhi
- 7. PriniplesofManagement :GeorgeR.Terry&S.G.Franklin,AITBS,Delhi



8. EssentialsofManagement :JosephL.Massie,PHI,NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30
Writeup, Presentation and Participation	00
TotalMarks	100

MB	112	MANAGERIALECONOMICS

# TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The basic objective of this course is to make the students aware of the various economic issues that they are expected toface as managers at the firm level and to equip them with the tools and techniques of economic analysis for improving their decision-making skills.

#### CourseStructure:

# →NatureandScopeofEconomics-

MicroEconomicsandMacroEconomics.ManagerialEconomicsanditsrelevance

inbusiness decisions. Fundamental Principles **Economics** Incremental Principle, Managerial

MarginalPrinciple,OpportunityCostPrinciple,DiscountingPrinciple,ConceptofTimePerspec

tive.Equi- MarginalPrinciple.

Demand Analysis and Demand Forecasting-Theory of Demand. Types of Demand and their characteristics. Utility Analysis. Cardinal Utility and Ordinal Utility. Elasticity of Demand and its measurement.Price Elasticity.Income

Elasticity. Arc Elasticity. Cross Elasticity and Advertising Elasticity. Estimation Revenue. Average Revenue. Marginal Revenue and

ElasticityofDemand.TechniquesofDemand Forecasting.

→ Indifference Curve Analysis-Concept and Properties of Indifference Curves.Income Effect.Substitution Effectand Price Effect.Income Consumption Curve and Price Curve.Derivation Demand Consumption Curve.SuperiorityofIndifferenceCurveAnalysisoverUtilityAnalysis.

**Analysis**-Concept of Classification. Accounting **→**Cost Cost and Cost

**Economic** and

Cost.LawofVariableproportions - Increasing, Decreasing and Constant Returns. Cost output relationship in the short-run.Cost outputrelationshipin theLong-run,Production Functions.ISO-Cost andtheirsignificancein Curves analysis. Economies of Scale. Least Cost Combination Concept.

→ MarketStructureandProductPricing-PerfectandImperfectMarketStructures.ConditionsofPerfectCompetition.Price Product under demand and supply forces. Equilibrium Price. Price behaviour and time element. Market Price and Normal Price. Pricing under Perfect Competition. Prices under short-run and Long-

run.PricingunderMonopolyandMonopolisticCompetition.PricingunderOligopoly.KinkedDeman

dCurve.Discriminati ngPrices.

- → Factor Pricing-Pricing of labour as a factor of production. Marginal productivity theory of factor pricing.
- → Profit Analysis and profit Forecasting-Concept of Profit. Accounting Profit and Economic profit. Theories of Profit. Dynamic Theory of Profit. Riskand Uncertainty-Bearing Theory Profit.Innovation Theory of of Profit.ProfitForecastingandManagementofProfit.ProfitStandardsandtheproblemsrelatingt oProfitMaximization.
- National Income-Definition of national income. Product and money flows. Measurement of National Income -Net output or value method. Factor Income method. Expenditure method.Choice of Methods.Growth

andcompositionofIndia'sNational Income.

#### **→**RecentEconomicIssuesandDevelopments:

#### REFERENCE:

- Thomas&Maurice :ManagerialEconomics-ConceptsandApplications,IrwinProfessionalPub
- :ManagerialEconomics,McGrawHillPublication Haynes, Mote&Paul
- DeanJoel
- :ManagerialEconomics,Prentice-Hall :ManagerialEconomics,TataMcGrawHillPublication GuptaG.S.

Cost



- KoutsoyiannisA: ModernMicroeconomics.Macmillan,

- DiwediD.N. :ManagerialEconomics,PearsonEducationIndia Petersen,LewisandJain:ManagerialEconomics.Pearson EducationIndia SalvatoreDomonik :PrinciplesofMicroeconomics,Prentice-Hall Varshney&Maheshwari:ManagerialEconomic, Sultan Chand&Sons
- 10. Stonier&Hague :ATextBookofEconomicTheory, Pearson
  11. Mankiw :Economics-PrinciplesandApplication,CengageLearning.
  12. Slowman&Sutcliffe :EconomicsforBusiness,PearsonEducation

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, outof which oneset will be longanswerty peand two will have two parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be short not etype containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

### TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course aims at providing an overview of various dimensions of business environment. It seeks to familiarize thestudents with various aspects of economic, social, political & cultural environment of India. It intends to provide a deeperunderstanding of the environmental factors as they influence the Indian business enterprises. Case studies as pedagogicaltoolwould beused to introducethestudentsto the environmentin whichthe businessesoperate.

#### CourseStructure:

CourseObjective:

→Introduction- Concept, Characteristics, dimensions and relevance of Business environment. Types of environment:internal&external environment, micro and macro environment.

# → Globalization&itsimpactonIndianEconomy-

Meaning&levelsofglobalization,FactorsInfluencingGlobalization,Globalizationstrategyforacompany,GlobalizationinIndia.

### ⇒EconomicEnvironment-

NatureandStructureofIndianEconomy.Developmentstrategiesofeconomicdevelopment in India since Independence. Economic Planning and control in India. Broad policies and strategiesrelating to Agriculture, Industry, SMEs, KVIC, etc and their effects on business. Effects of Monetary policy,FiscalPolicy ,Union & State Budget on business. Macroeconomic scenario and its appraisal in the pre and post Reformperiod.

# → Political and Legal Environment-

BasictenetsoftheIndianConstitution,ReviewoffunctionsofPoliticalinstitutioninIndia-Legislature,Executive&Judiciary,theirinfluenceonIndianBusiness,Centre-Staterelationshipsevolvingrole ofstate/government.

- →Social & cultural environmentIn India-Salient featuresof Indian society class&castestructure of Indiansociety, Secularism in Indian Society, Rural Urban differences, Joint family system, Business Participation insocial & cultural affairs, Size & growth rate of population, Age structure of population, Demographic dividend &
- → Titsimpgetonbusinase&grawthdtifectsofsogietyandsulture on business. Changing technological environmentinIndia,inhouseR&DinIndianIndustries,differenceinthelevelsofscience&technologyacrosscountries,
- → Natural Environment-Environmental protection & sustainable Industrial development, Environmental Degradation, Environmental policy, EMSS tandard, ISO 1400, Environmental Auditing, clearance by permissions for establishing an Industry Environmental, concerns indeveloping countries
- → Issues of Relevance-Public & private sector in Indian Economy their division, role, performance & problems, Privatization & disinvestment meaning, rationale & evolution of privatization policy in India, Joint sector & co-operative sector.

- 1. N.K.Sharma:BusinessEnvironmentinIndia,PinnacleTechnology
- $2. \quad KAshwathappa: Essentials of business Environment, McGraw Hill Education$
- 3. F.Cherunillam:BusinessEnvironment,HimalayaPublication
- 4. Dutt&sundaram:IndianEconomy,S.ChandPublisher
- 5. Vatsyanam:IndianSociety&SocialInstitutions,AtlanticPublishers

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
TheTheorypaperwillconsistofoneshortanswertypequestioncontainingsevenTrueorFals estatements(carrying14marks),whichar etobeexplainedwithreasonsinnotmorethan50words.Inaddition,therewillbefouralternat esetsof	
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A & B.The last question (14 marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfour optionsoutofwhich anytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2 bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB	114	STATISTICALMETHODSFORDECISIONSCIENCES

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Theobiective of the course is to make the students familiar with basics tatistical techniques and their applic ationsinmanagerialdecision making.

#### CourseStructure:

→ Statistics: An Overview-Importance for learning statistics for mangers. Statistical thinking and Importance and scope of statistics, ofStatisticalMethods. analysis, **Types** especiallyinBusinessManagement

→Fundamentals of Probability-Concept of probability, Definition of probability, Counting rules for

thenumber of outcomes, Rules of probability and algebra of events. Probability treediagram, The Bayes 'Theorem

→Probability **Distributions-**Probability distribution Cumulative probability distribution

function, Expected value and variance of a random variable, discrete probability distributions - Binomial and Poisson,

Continuousprobabilitydistribution— Normal,ApproximationofBinomialandPoissondistributionofNormaldistribution

→ Statistical Decision Theory-Steps in decision theory approach. Types of decision making environments, decisionmaking under uncertainty, Decision making under risk, Posterior probabilities and Bayesian analysis, Decision treeanalysis

→ Measure of Central Tendency-Objectives of averaging. Requisites of measure of central tendency. Mathematicalaverages - arithmetic mean (simple and weighted), geometric mean, harmonic mean. Averages of Partition position-medianandmode. valuesquartiles, deciles andpercentiles.

Relationshipbetweenmean, median

andmode.Comparisonbetweenmeasuresofcentraltendency.

→ Measure of Dispersion-Significance of measuring dispersion (variation). Classification of dispersion. Distancemeasuresof measure rangeandinterquartilerangeordeviation. Averaged eviation measuresmeanabsolutedeviation, Variance and standard deviation. Chebyshev's theorem. Coefficient of variation. Skewness, Moments and Kurtosis: Measures of Skewness, Moments – moments about mean, moments about arbitrary point, moments aboutzero ororigin.MeasuresofKurtosis.

→Importance of Index Numbers in business studies:Different methods of constructing Price and Quantity

IndexNumbers. Fixed Baseand ChainBaseIndexNumbers.ProblemsofreversibilityinIndex Numbers.

→ Analysis of Time Series: Components of a Time Series. Determination of secular Trend and Seasonal Variations inbusiness data. Least Squares Methodas a Tool for Forecasting.

→Test of Significance and its Designing:Null Hypothesis and Level of significance.Concept of

Standard Error of Mean. Confidence Limits.

→ Tests of Variables and Proportions: Student's 't' test in smallsamples. Application of X<sup>2</sup> test.Testing ofcoefficientsofCorrelation.AnalysisofVariance.LatinSquare Design

→ Correlation and Regression Analysis: Karl Pearson's Co-efficient of Correlation and Spearman's Coefficient of Correlation by Ranking Method. Concept of Regression and difference between Correlation <del>and</del>

Regression.LinesandEquationsofRegression.Regressionasa PredictingTool.

### **REFERENCE**

- AlanBryman, EmmaBell: Business Research Methods, Oxford University Press
- DonaldR, Cooper, Pamela SSchindler: Business Research Methods, Tata McGraw-Hill

Education



3. MarkSaunders, PhilipLewis, AdrianThornhill: ResearchMethodsforBusinessStudents, Prearsons E ducationIndia

4. LevinRI&RubinD.S.. :StatisticsforManagement,PHI,NewDelhi :BusinessStatisticsusingExcel,OxfordUniversityPress :BusinessStatistics,Pearson,NewDelhi :StatisticsforManagement,TMH,NewDelhi :StatisticsforManagement,TMH,NewDelhi :BusinessStatistics,SChand&Sons,NewDelhi.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)   Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 115 ACCOUNTINGANDFINANCIALANALYSIS

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The main objective of this course is to acquaint the students with fundamental concepts and processes of accounting sothat they are able to appreciate the nature of item presented in the annual accounts of a firm. Further, it aims atfamiliarizing the student with those significant tools and techniques of financial analysis, which are useful in theinterpretation of financial statements. These tools and techniques form an important part of management planning and control systems. Thus, the course does not intend to make the students expertace out and.

# CourseStructure:

- → Financial Accounting: Definition, Nature and Scope of Accounting. Accounting Principles. Accounting Concepts
  - Business Entity, Money Measurement, Going Concern, Cost Periodicity, Matching and Realization, AccountingConventions Consistency, Full Disclosure, Conservatism and Materiality. Difference between accounting conceptsandconventions.IndianAccountingStandards.Differencebetweentraditionalandm odernaccounting.
- → Orientation in Accounting: Double Entry System and Recording of Transactions into the Journals. Posting Transactions into Ledger. Subdivisionof Journals. Preparations of Trial Balance. Capital and Revenue. Preparation of Annual Accounts - Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet. Adjustment Entries. Form ofCompany Annual Accounts as per Companies Act. Segment Reporting. International QUESTION TO BE Financial Reporting Standards.(NO ASKED AT THE **EXAMINATION FROM** THIS PART.BUT MAY **FORM PART** OFCLASSTESTS/QUIZZES).
- → Analysis of Financial Statement: Financial Statements Meaning, Nature and Limitations. Meaning of Financial Analysis. Significance of Financial Analysis to Different Parties. Vertical vs. Horizontal Analysis. Internal Vs. External Analysis. Trend percentages and Commonsize statement
- Vs. External Analysis. Trend percentages and Commonsize statement.

  → Techniques of Financial Analysis: Accounting Ratios Meaning, Significance and Limitations. Classification, Computation and interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Leverage Ratios, Activity/ turnover Ratios and Profitability Ratios. Du-point Analysis. Funds Flow Statement Meaning and Need. Preparation and Interpretation. Cash Flow Statement-Meaning, Need, Preparation and Interpretation.
- ➤Valuation of Assets: Valuation of Shares Need and Methods. Asset Backing and Yield. Valuation of Goodwill -Need and Methods. No. of years Purchase of Average Annual Profit. No. of Years Purchase of Average Annual Super Profit, Capitalization of Super Profit and present Value of expected Super Profit. Valuation of Inventory Needand Methods. First in First out (FIFO). Last in First out (LIFO). Average cost. Special Identification.
- → Price Level Changes and Accounting: Problems created by changing price level. Introduction to approaches toprice level adjustments Current Purchasing Power/Index Number and Current Cost.
- → CurrentIssues: ForensicAccounting, Money Laundering, Financial intelligence.

- H.G.Guthman:FinancialStatementsAnal ysis,PHI
- Myer :FinancialStatementsAnalysisPHI

- RobertAnthony&Reece:Manage mentAccounting-Text&Cases,RichardD.Irwin,
  - 4. MortonBacker

:ModernAccountingTheory,PHI Roy, A.Foulke:FinancialStatement Analysis,McGraw-Hill Jain&Narang:AdvancedAccount Sem ancy, Kalyani Publishers Shukla & Grewal : Advanced 9 Khan&Jain:ManagementAcco

ACCOUNTINGANDINANCIALANALYSIS

ACCOUNTINGANDINANCIALANALYSIS

9, FataMcGraw-HillEducation Khan&Jain:ManagementAccountin MB Accounts 10. Bhandari & Kulshrestha : Essays Credits) CourseObjective: 7. Mukherjee & Roy: Studies in in Accounting, SahityaBhawan Accounting Theory, Α 11. **Roy** G.D. Survey WorldPressPvt.Ltd.Calcutta Accounting Alpha Ideas Pub.Concern 12. SehgalA., SehgalD.: Taxman's Financial Accounti

13. Bhattacharya S.K. & Dearden :
John :Accounting
forManagement, Vikas
PubHouse

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, outofwhich onesetwillbelonganswertypeand twowillhavetwo parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be shortnotely pecontaining four options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)   Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 116 MARKETINGMANAGEMENT
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TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course intends to provide an experienced-based approach to marketing theory and its practical application. Thecourse is designed to enable the students to learn the basic of marketing. **Topics** the syllabus shall be addressed anddiscussed of fromanapplicationoriented perspective.

#### CourseStructure:

ConceptualFrameworkofMarketing:

Concept, Meaning, definition, nature, scope and importance of marketing: Marketing concept and itsev olution:

Coreconceptsof marketing—

Need, Want, Desire, Benefits, Demand, Value, Exchange,
Goods—Services Continuum, Product, Market
Customer Satisfaction, Customer Delight.
Approaches to Marketing—Product—Production—Sales—Marketing—Societal-Relational. Conceptof Marketing Myopia.
Selling versus marketing.
Holistic Marketing Orientation & Customer Value
Adapting marketing to newliberalised economy-Digitalisation, Customisation, Changing marketing practices

# 3. MarketAnalysisandSelection:

→ Nature, Process and Contents of Marketing Plan - Marketing environment - macro and micro components and their impacton marketing decisions; The changing marketing environment, Controllable and Uncontrallable factors effecting marketingdecisions, Analyzing needs and trends in Political, Economic, Socio-cultural and Environment PEST Analysis, Micro Environment

Industry&Competition.ConceptofMarket Potential&Market Share →Concept,Characteristicsofconsumerandorganizationalmarkets,BuyerBehaviour,5stepBuyerde cisionprocéss

→ Definition, Need&Benefits. Basesformarketsegmentation of consumer goods, industrial goods and services. Segment, Niche&LocalMark eting, Effective segmentation criteria, Evaluating&Selecting
 → TargetMarkets, Conceptof TargetMarket and
 → Positioning and differentiation strategies, Conceptof positioning – Value Proposition & USP.
 → Marketing Information System, Strategic marketing planning and organization.

#### 3. MarketingMix:

- → Product Decision- Concept of a product; Classification of products; Major product decisions; Product line and product mix; Branding; Packaging and labeling; Product life cycle – strategic implications; New product development and consumeradoption process.
- →Price Decision- Concept, and Meaning of Price and Pricing, Significance of Pricing **Factors** pricedetermination; Pricing Methods and Techniques, Pricing policies and strategies; Discountsa ndrebates.

## →PlaceDecision-

Nature, functions, and types of distribution channels; Distribution channel intermediaries; C hannelmanagementdecisions, Marketin gchannelsystem-

Functionsandflows; Channeldesign, Channelmanagement-Selection, Training.

Motivation and evaluation of channel members; Channel dynamics - VMS, HMS,

MMS; Marketlogisticsdecisions.

→ PromotionDecision-CommunicationProcess; Promotionmix—
advertising, personal selling, sales promotion, publicity and publicrelations; Mediaselection; Advertising effectiveness; Sales promotion toolsandtechniques.

⇒EmergingConceptsinMarketingManagement:

PhilipKotler:MarketingManagement,Pear sonEducation/PHI.

Stanton MARKETINGMANAGEMENT :FundamentalsofMarketing,McGrawHill Cou**Re(In)Saxe**na :MarketingManagement,TataMcGrawHill

PhilipKotlerandGaryArmstrong:Principles ofMarketing12thEdition, PearsonEducation,PHI

Ramasamy&Namakumari:MarketingMa nagement,MacmilanIndia. S.Jayachandran:MarketingManagement TataMcGrawHill RampalandGupta:CaseandSimulationsi nMarketing,Golgatia,Delhi

EtzelWalker:FundamentalsofMarketingS tanton, Tata-McGrawHill, NewDelhi

McCarthy E.J: Basic Marketing: A managerialapproach, TotalPeriods:40(4Credits) Irwin, New York. Total Periods: 40(4 Credits)

10. Boveeand John Thill: Marketing, McGraw-Hill

11. Kotler. Lilien&Moorthy:MarketingModel s, Prentice-HallofIndia

: Case Study 12. H.Kaushal Marketing, Solutions MacmillanPublishersIndiaLtd.

13. WilliamD.PerreaultJr :BasicMarketing,McGraw-HillCompanies,Inc

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, outof which oneset will be longanswerty peand two will have two parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be short not etype containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 117 HUMANRESOURCEMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with various aspects of HRM. It aims at providing a rich fund ofcontemporary knowledge, time tested principles, basic concepts, emerging ideas, evolving theories, latest technique, ever changing procedures & practices in the field of HRM in a comprehensive way.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Humanresourcemanagement; Meaning, definition, scope, Objectives and functions of Human Resource Management, Evolu tion of HRM, relevance of study of HRM, Personnel Management vs. Human Resource Management, Challenges of HRM, HRMenvironment: Strategic HRM.
- → HumanResourcePolicy-Meaning, definition, importance, characteristics of good HRPolicy.

→HumanResourcePlanning-

Meaning, definition, importance, characteristics of good HR factors affecting barriers of HRP lanning, HRP lanning process

HRPlanning,

→ Job Analysis And Designmeaning, definition, process of jobanalysis, problem sinjobanalysis, job design; factors affecting job design, process of job design, contemporary is sue sinjob design.

→HumanResourceĂcquisition

- → Recruitment; meaning, definition, importance, factors governing recruitment, recruitment process.
- → Selection; meaning, definition, stepwises election process, barriers to selection, selection in Indian context.
- → Placement; meaning and purpose, problems in placement
- →InternalMobility:Promotions,transfersandseparations;purpose,principles,types,reasons,ofpromot ionsandtransfers.Lay-off, resignation,dismissal or discharge, retrenchment and VRS
- → **Orientation**; meaning and purpose, typical orientation programs, requisites, evaluation and problems of orientation
- →Training and Development: Nature of Training and Development; Inputs in Training and Development; Gaps
  - inTraining; Training and Development as source of competitive Advantage, Training Process; Deriving InstructionalObjectives, Designing, Implementationand Evaluationofthe TrainingProgram.
- Performance Appraisal-Performance Appraisal; Meaning and Definition & Objectives; Performance Appraisaland Competitive Advantage; Appraisal Process;
- → Job Evaluation; Scope, Process and Methods of Job Evaluation, Pitfalls of Job Evaluation; Alternative to JobEvaluation
- ⇒EmployeeRemuneration;ComponentsofRemuneration;WagesandSalaryIncentives;Fring eBenefits;Perquisites ;Non Monetary Benefits ; Importance of an Ideal Remuneration System ;Factor Influence EmployeeRemuneration;ExternalFactors;InternalFactors;RemunerationPlansandBusine ssStrategy;DevisingaRemuneration Plan ; Challenges of Remuneration ; Wage Policy in India; Concepts of Wages ; Minimum Wages ;Fair Wages;LivingWages
- →Incentive payments; Incentives Payments; Meaning and Definition; Importance; Prerequisites for an EffectiveIncentives System; Scope ofIncentives System; Types of Incentives System; Employee benefits and services; meaning, definition, types, significance, administration and future of employee benefits and services.
- → Human Resource Management and Ethics; nature, importance and relevance of HRM ethics, ethical issues in HRM, HRAudit; nature, benefit, scope and approaches to HRAudit
- → EmployeeWelfare; Meaning and Definition, Merits and Demerits of Welfare Measures, Types of Welfare Activities; Welfare M
- easuresInsidetheWorkPlace,WelfareMeasuresOutsidetheWorkPlace,IntramuralFacilities, Extra-mural Facilities,
  - Welfare Facilities by the Government, Welfare Activities by the Trade

#### MB 117 HUMANRESOURCEMANAGEMENT

**CourseObjective:** 

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Unions, Welfare Workby Voluntary Agencies, Statutory and Nonstatutory, Statutory Provisions, Non-statutory Benefits.

- VSPRao :HumanresourceManagement,ExcelBook s,NewDelhi
- 2. KAshwathappa:Text&CasesinHumanRes ourcesManagement , TataMcGraw Hill 3. ArunMonappa:ManagingHumanresource s,McMillan
- 4. KeshoPrasad:StrategicHumanResource Management, Prentice Hall India
- 5. RonaldR.Sims:HumanresourceManage ment,IndianAssociat ed Press
- 6. GaryDessler :HumanresourceManagement,PearsonEducatio n India
- 7. WayneMondy :HumanresourceManagement,PearsonEducatio n India

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, outofwhich onesetwillbelonganswertypeand twowillhavetwo parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be shortnotetype containing four options out of which anytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation TotalMarks	100

TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

MB	118	BUSINESSCOMMUNICATION

# CourseObjective:

This course intends to develop good communications kills in students for their future jobs and endeavors in the corporate words of that they can gain a cutting edge over their other counterparts within the country and across the globe.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Meaningandimportance of Communication inbusiness, the process of Communication, models of Communication, types of information order, advise, suggestion, motivation, persuasion, warning and education.
- → Channelsofcommunication-theireffectivenessandlimitations, media of communication, barriers of communication, approaches to effective communication, and tools of communication: diction, sentence, paragraph, punctuation and report writing.
- → Group Communication through Committees-Conference Seminar, Symposia and Other Formal CommunicationwithPublicAtLarge; InterviewsandGroup Discussion
- → Specificofbusiness Communication-essentials of effective business Communication structure of business correspondence: inquires and replies, orders and their executions, complaints and adjustments, credit and status inquires, agencyletters and sales letters.
- →Strategies to improve reading skills-speaking skills, listening skills; guidelines to effective public speaking; developing job application-covering letter, resume, interviewing: negotiating the job offer.

#### REFERENCE

1. Lesikar, Petit&Flately :Lesikear's Basic Business Communication, Tata Mcgraw Hill

2. Poe&Fruchling :BasicCommunication;AITBS

3. Taylor :EnglishConversionPractice;TataMcgrawHill

4. Diwan&Aggarwal :BusinessCommunication;Excel

5. Baugh, Frrayer & Thomas : Howtowrite first class Business Correspondence; Viva Books

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

# **BUSINESSCOMMUNICATION LAB: BASSED ON COURSE;**

### MB AOC II GEO-POLITICSANDWORLDTRADINGSYSTEM

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

Tosensitizethelearnersabouttheworldofgeopoliticsthathasastronginfluenceinthelivesof allcitizensoftheworld&tomakethemawareabouttheimplicationsofabusinesseffortinthecontextof agivengeopoliticalenviron ment.

# **CourseStructure:**

- → Global Political and legal environment
- **→**Tradingwithenemy
- **→**InternationalOilpolitics
- **→**Tradeinstrategicmaterials
- **→**Technologytransferandgeopoliticalconsiderations
- →Tradeandpeacemovetogether–India,China &EastAsiacaseinpoint
- → Foodsupplyforgeopoliticalinfluence
- **→**EmergenceofMultinationalsascontroltools

- **→**Newspapersandperiodicals
- → WebsitesandjournalsofIMF, WorldBank, WTO, UNOetc.

MB 2	211	ORGANIZATIONALBEHAVIOUR

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims to develop the interpersonal abilities in the students. It aims to develop an intimate understanding of the individual and group behavior.

### CourseStructure:

- →Understanding Organization, Behaviour & OB-Organization as a Social Unit, Concept of Learning Organization, Roles & Skills of Managers. Knowing Behaviour- approaches to understand it (Cognitive, Behaviouristic & SocialCognitive) Field of OB: Individual, Groups & Systems as building blocks, contributing disciplines, Challenges & Opportunities of OB.
- ⇒Bases of Individual Behaviour-Basic individual differences (ability & biographical characteristics); Personality:Meaning, "Big —Five" Personality Traits, MBTI. Perception: Meaning, Role of Object, Environment and Observer;Judging Others. Learning: Meaning, Theories: Classical Conditioning, Operant Conditioning & Social Learning;Methodsto shapeBehaviour(reinforcement, punishment, &extinction), OBMod.
- ➡Individual Behaviour in Organization-Attitudes: Components, functions, changing attitudes, work (Jobsatisfaction&OrganizationalCommitment)Motivation:Concept,ContentTheories(Maslow,Herzberg,McClelland, McGregor); Process Theories (Vroom's Model); Contemporary Theories: (Equity Theory, AttributionTheory).Creativity:Nature,processand itsfacilitationonorganization.

# **→**GroupsinOrganization-

**Groups**; Types, their development stages, concept for le, status, norms size and cohesiveness. Group decision making techniques, Group Think & Group Shift; Transactional Analysis; Four Lifepositions. **Influence, Power & Politics**: Concept of influence, ba

sesof

→ Lendwehip of the Control of the C

- 1. LaurieJ.Mullins :EssentialsofOrganizationalBehaviour,PearsonLearning
- 2. IanBrooks :OrganizationalBehaviour,PearsonLearning
- 3. StephenP Robbins :OrganisationalBehaviour,PrenticeHallInc.
- 4. L.M. Prasad :OrganisationalBehaviour,SultanChand&Sons
- 5. KiethDavis :OrganisationalBehaviour,McGrawHill
- 6. FredLuthans :OrganisationalBehaviour,McGrawHill

MB	211	ORGANIZATIONALBEHAVIOUR

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
	S
willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA	70
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptions are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

### MB 212 BUSINESSRESEARCHMETHODS

### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course gives a comprehensive introduction to the subject of business research methods. The objective of this courseis to develop the research skills of the students in business problems investigating the with view objective findings, interpretation of data and conclusions of their investigation in the form of system at icreports. Further, acquainting students with all modern and universally applied research tools and techniques and encouragingthemto applytheir theoreticalknowledge toreal-lifesituations are paramount course objectives.

#### CourseStructure:

- →Introduction to Business Research-Meaning and Significance of Research in Business; Different Approaches toResearch Scientific Methods and Non-scientific Methods; Types of Business Research; The Research Process; EthicsinBusiness Research.
- →The Research Problem and Design-Formulation and Definition of Business Research Problem; Formulation ofResearch Hypotheses, Business Research Design Meaning and Formulation; Research Design Classification Exploratory Research Design (Secondary Data & Qualitative Research), Descriptive Research Design (Survey &Observation)and CausalResearchDesign(Experimentation);PotentialSourcesofErrorsinResearch
- → Sampling Designand Measurement Techniques The Sampling Design Process; Types of Sample Design Probability and Non-probability Sampling Designs; Size of Sample; Sampling Errors; Concept of Measurement and Scaling; Important Scaling Techniques Comparative and Non-comparative; Reliability and Validity of Measurement.

# **→**DataCollectionToolsandDataProcessing-

QuestionnairesandObservationForms;QuestionnaireDesignProcess; Collecting Primary
Data through – Observations, Semi-structured
Interviews, In-depth Interviews andQuestionnaire;Processingof
ResearchData— Editing,Coding,Classificationand Tabulation

→ Analysis of Data-Exploring, Displaying and Examining Data; Basic Data Analysis — Descriptive Statistics; Univariate Statistics — Hypotheses Testing; Bivariate Analysis — Test of Differences and Measures of Association; Multivariate Analysis.

II Sem

→ Business Research Report-Importance of the Report & Presentation; Business Report Format; Report Writing; OralPresentation; ResearchFollow-up

→ Research Project-The student or group of students needs to apply this course learning in a real research project of their interestarea with submission of research project report and class presentation of the same.

#### REFERENCE

1. CooperandSchindler:BusinessResearchMethods, TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi

2. MalhotraN.K. :MarketingResearch–AnAppliedOrientation,PearsonEducation,NewDelhi

3. WilliamG.Zikmund:BusinessResearchMethods, CengageLearning,NewDelhi

4. Saunders, Lewis & Thornhill: Research Methods for Business Students, Pears on Education, New Delhi

5. PanneerSelvam :ResearchMethodology,PrenticeHallofIndia,Delhi
 6. BeriG.C :MarketingResearch,TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi

Karlinger,FredN.
 HoundationsofBehaviouralResearch.
 Mohsin,S.M.
 Tull&Hawkins
 HoundationsofBehaviouralResearch.
 ResearchMethodsinBehaviouralResearch.
 MarketingResearch,PrenticeHallofIndia,Delhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 213 OPERATIONSRESEARCH

### CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Thispaperintendstoacquaintthestudentwith

themanagementofdifferentoperatio

nalaspectsof

organizationsespeciallywithrespecttothemanufacturing, assembling and servicing processes with numerical and quantitative technical value addition.

#### CourseStructure:

- →Introduction to Operation Research-Managerial Decision Making and, Different Models of Operation Research:Principles and Types, Nature and Scope of Related to other Functional Area of Business, Duties and ResponsibilitiesofPersonnel.
- →Introduction to Linear Programming-Formulation of Linear Programming Problems Graphical Solution to TwoVariable Problems, Simplex Method and Its Applications, Duality in linear programming, Primal and dual LPproblems
- →Transportation problems-Introduction, Initial Basic Feasible Solution: North West corner rule, Least Cost method, Vogel's Approximation method. Optimality test, Modified Distribution (MODI) Method and Stepping Stone Method
- → Assignment Problem-Introduction to the Assignment Model, Hungarian Assignment Algorithm, Solution to the Assignment Problem: Maximization and Minimization Cases.
- → Construction of a Network Diagram-Application of Networks in Project Management: Program Evaluation andReview Technique (PERT) Model, Determination of Critical Path. Distribution of Project Completion Time, CriticalPathMethod(CRM)Model, ApplicationofCPM andPERTModels
- → **GameTheory** :Introduction, Technology, Classification, Payoff Making, Maximin and MinimaxStrategies,saddlePoint,Mixed Strategies—Gameswithout SaddlePoint.
- → Waiting Line: Introduction, Basic Characteristics, Input/Arrival Process, Service Facility / Mechanism, Depulori /outlet, TerminologyandNotions, M/M/1 Model.
- → Replacement : Introduction, Replacement Policies for equipment or assets with deteriorating operational efficiency over time.

- 1. ThompsonW.W. :OperationsResearchTechnique, Coloumbus,Ohio, C.E.MerrillBooks(1967)
- Acoff&SusoniM. :OperationsResearch
- 3. LevinR. I., Rubin D.S. & Stinson J.P. :Quantitative approaches to management, Mcgraw, Hill
- 4. BiermanH.,BoniniC.P.&Houseman W.H.:QuantitativeanalysisforbusinessDecision,RichardD.Irwin Inc('65)
- 5. HillerF.S.&LiebermanG.J. :IntroductiontoOperationsResearch
- 6. TahaH. A. :OperationsResearchanIntroduction,PrenticeHallofIndiaPvt. Lts.,NewDelh
- 7. GuptaPKandHiraDS:OperationsResearch,S.C.Chand
- 8. ShenoyGV,ShermaS.C.&SrivastavaU.K.:OperationsResearchformanagement

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark

II S	em
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA  & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out	70
of which any two options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Participation	30
TotalMarks	100

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

The objective of this course is to expose the students to the applied aspect of accounting and making them familiar withthe techniques of using Accounting information for decision making. Having been introduced to these techniques andhaving acquired the ability to understand accounting language, the students should be in a position to make effective useof accounting information in resolving the problems, which they may face as managers. Applied side of the subject willbe given more emphasis and attention as compared to its conceptual aspect. Consequently, case-method of teaching willbe used besides class lectures.

#### CourseStructure:

#### →Introduction-

Meaning, Functions, Scopeand Limitations of Management Accounting, Financial Accounting vs.

ManagementAccounting

→ An orientation toCostAccounting-PurposeofCostAccounting,Elements ofcost,Kinds ofcosting,ClassificationofCosts,MethodsofCost variability

→ Break-EvenAnalysis-

Meaning, Graphic presentation, Preparation of breakeven charts and their interpretation, Managerial uses of Breakeven analysis, Management

Inter

→ MarginalCosting-MeaningofMarginalCost,AnalysisofIncrementalcostsandrevenues,

wearingonwarginaloost, Analysisonnolementaloostsandreven

Application of Marginal Income Accounting

# → ActivityBasedCosting-

Concept, main activities and their cost drivers, developing ABCS ystem.

### →Budgeting-

Definitionofabudget, Kindsofbudgets, PreparationofaBudget, Budgetary Control, Flexible Budgeting, Zero Base Budgeting, Performance Budgeting

Standard, Costing, Mosning, Types of Standard, and their revision. Difference between

- → Standard Costing-Meaning, Types of Standard and their revision, Difference between budgeting and standardcosting. Kinds of Variances, Their use in making appraisal and fixing responsibility, Procedure of setting standardcost-Material, LabourandOverhead.
- → Responsibility Centres-Cost Centres, Profit Centres and Investment Centres, divisional transfer pricing conceptandmethods.
- → Currentissues-Social Accounting, Human Resource Accounting, Balance Score Card
- → Discussionofreallifebusiness Cases. REFERE

#### NCE

- 1. AnthonyRobertN.&ReeceJamesS:Management Accounting,Irwin
- 2. AnthonyRobertN&WelschGlennA:FundamentalsofManagement Accounting,R.D.Irwin
- 3. HongrenCharlesT.:IntroductiontoManagementAccounting,PearsonEducationIndia
- 4. BhattacharyaS.K.&DeardenJohn:AccountingforManagement,TataMcGraw-HillPub.Co.Ltd.,ND
- 5. HingoraniN.L.,RamanathanA.R.&GrewalT.S.:ManagementAccounting,SultanChand&Sons.
- 6. KhanM.Y.andJainP.K.:ManagementAccountingTataMcGraw-HillPublishingCo. Ltd.,NewDelhi
- 7. KishoreRaviM. :Taxman'sAdvancedManagementAccounting

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark	1
	S	ı

# II Sem

The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have parts	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionáls:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 215   FINANCIALMANAGEMENT
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CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with the skills related to basic principles. tools and techniques offinancial management.

#### CourseStructure:

# **→**Conceptoffinance-

Scopeandobjectivesoffinance, Functions of Financial Management, Role of Finance Manager, Financial Planning & Strategies. Forms of Business Organization and Financial Considerations underlyingthechoice offormofbusinessorganization.

# → Concept& Principles of Capital Structure-Leverage Analysis –

operating, financial and combined leverage and its implications, Indifference point.

→Long term Sources of Fund – equity share, preference shares, debentures, bonds, warrants, venture capital andploughingbackofprofits.ShortTermSourcesofFunds venture capital andploughing CommercialPaper,CertificateofDeposit,TreasuryBills.

#### → Financial Markets-

NatureandSignificanceofPrimaryandSecondaryMarkets,objectivesandfunctions.,indicesofBSE,N SEandOTCEland itscalculation.

⇒FinancialInstitutions–
Nature,TypesandFunctions,InvestmentBank,InvestmentCompanies,CommercialBanks.

→ TimeValueofMoneyRiskandreturnanalysis, ConceptandsignificanceofcostofcapitalanditscomputationConceptand SignificanceofCapitalBudgeting,AppraisalTechniquesfor RiskFreeProjects.

# →WorkingCapitalManagement-

Meaning, Significance & factors influencing the level of working capital management. Management ent of cash, receivables and inventory.

# →DividendDecision-

Ploughingbackofprofits, forms of dividends, factors affecting dividend policy, dividend payout decisions.

### →IssuesofRelevance-

Shareholdersvalueanditscalculation, EVA/VAR, Financial reengineering, Derivatives, Venture capita I financing, stockMarket Indexcalculation.

#### REFERENCE

1.	JFredWeston&EugeneF.Brigham	n :ManagerialFinance,АктовPublications
2.	FranklinR.Edwards &CindyW.Ma	:FuturesandOptions,McGraw-Hill,Inc.
3.	JamesVanHorne :E	ssentialsofFinancialManagement,PrenticeHall
4.	WalkerE. W. :E	ssentialsofFinancialManagement,PrenticeHall

5. Srivastava, R.M.

:FinancialManagement, SterlingPublishersPrivateLimited, NewDelhi

6. Srivastava, R.M. :EssentialsofBusinessFinance,HimalayaPublishingHouse

7. PrasannaChandra :FinancialManagement,TataMcGraw-Hill :FinancialManagement,MacmillanIndia 8. Pandey, I.M.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA  & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30

MB 215	FINANCIALMANAGEMENT		
CourseObjective	e:	TotalPeriods:40(4Cred	its)
		Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	
TotalMarks		1	100

MB 216 OPERATIONSMANAGEMENT	
CourseObjective:	TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)
This course intends to develop familiarity with the concepts constraints and linkages with theoverall strategic perspecti analysis and improvement, operating andmakingproductandpreparingforsuccessandsustainability.Intentwithother managerialareas.	ives. Designing the process, g the system
CourseStructure:	
→Introduction- ProductionandOperationsManagement,SystemsApproach,I andServices,Production Management Vs Operations Man (Business) Model, Stages of Development, Caree Management OrganizationalPositions. →Productivity-	nagement, Input-Output Profit
Conceptanddefinitions, Factors contributing to productivity improvement.	vement,Techniquesforproductivityir
<ul> <li>→ Process Configuration Strategies-What is Process, Process Flows, Best (Process) Practice, Work Process Configuration Types, Intermittent Flow Shop, Shifting work Configuration Types, Process Analysis and Process Governing the Location of a Plant-Different Type Materials Handling, Materials Handling Equipments and the Materials Management in the Supply Chain-Materials Management, Materials Management Information Sylving Inspection and Storage Requirements.</li> </ul>	Flexible Process Systems, ocess Redesign. The Purchasing Function, Recommendation, Recommendat
<ul> <li>The System Context, Certification of Suppliers.</li> <li>→ Operations Planning and Control-         Aggregate Production Planning, Master Production Scheduling to Planning (MRP), Capacity Requirements Planning (DRP), of MRP, Manufacturing Resource Planning (MRPII), Emerging Incing, Routing, Scheduling, Dispatching and Expediting, Management (CTM), Time-Based Management (TBM), Ju Time Delivery (JIT), JITII, Push Vs Pull – Process Discipline.</li> </ul>	Line balancing. Cycle-Time
→MaintenanceManagement-	
Maintenanceobjectives,concepts,advantages&limitationsofE	heproblemoftheirMinimization, stsof Inventory.OrderPoint

itical Path, Distribution of Project Completiontime, Management. CPMModel, Time/CostRelation, Crashing of a Project. Multiple Project

Statistical Quality Control-Objectives of SQC, Process Control charts for Variables and Operating Characteristic(OC)curves.Total

QualityManagement(TQM),MappingQualitySystems. **Environment,Ethics,TechnologyandContingencyPlanning-**

 $Adapting to \textbf{External Forces}, \textbf{Greening the Environment:} \textbf{Maintenance}, \textbf{Maintenance}, \textbf{Greening the Environment:} \textbf{Maintenance}, \textbf{Mainte$ ent:DesignforDisassembly(DFD), Ethicsa ndP/OM, PreparingP/OMforfutureconditions.

EnvironmentalQuality:

ISO14000/14001, Visionofa Fully Integrated

Global

Company.

MB 216 OPERATIONSMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: REFERENCE

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

- Chase Richard B, et al: Production and 8.
   Operations Management: Manufacturing and Services, Tata McGraw-HillPub. Co., NewDelhi
- Mahadevan B: Operations Management;
   Theory and Practices, Pearson Education, Delhi
- 3. Buffa Elwood S & Sarin Rakesh K: Modern Production / OperationsManagement,JohnWiley&Son s,Singapore
- AdamEverettE&EbertRonaldJ:Production &OperationsManagement: Concepts,Models&Behavior, PHI, NewDelhi
- 5. HillT:OperationsManagement,PalgraveM acmillan,England
- Levin, McLaughlin, etal :
   Production/Operations
   Management: Contemporary Policy for Managing Operating Systems, McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York.
- MonksJosephG:OperationsManagement: TheoryandProblems,McGr aw-HillBookCompany,NewYork.

- Plossl GW&WightOW:Production&Invento ryControl.PHI, EnglewoodCliffs,NJ.
- RiggsJamesL:ProductionSystems:Pla nning,Analysis&Control, Wiley NewYork
- Wiley, New York
  Juran JM & Gryna FM
  :Quality Planning & Analysis, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- NahmiasS:Production&OperationsAnalysis,Englew oodCliffs, NJ,McGraw-Hil Int.edition
- HoltCC,etal:Planning,Production ,Inventories&Workf orce, PHI, EnglewoodCliffs,NJ.
- 13. MeredithJR &MantelS J:ProjectManagement:AManagerialAp proach,JohnWiley&Sons, NewYork
- 14. WatersDonald:InventoryControl&Manag ement,JohnWiley&Sons, England.
- 15. CharySN:Production&OperationsMan agement,TataMacGraw- Hill, NewDelhi.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons innot more than 50 words. In addition, there	70
willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,out ofwhichoneset will be longanswertype andtwowill have twopartsA&B.The lastquestion(14marks)will beshortnote type containingfouroptionsoutofwhichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the course is to introduce students to Management Information System, designing decision supportsystemandappropriateapplicationsofinformationmanagement, strategicad vantages, and effective decision making with data and people inglobal and complex business organizations.

#### CourseStructure:

→Introduction to MIS - MIS and Information System Concepts, Decision and Management, MIS as an evolvingconcept, MIS and Decision Support Systems, MIS and Information Resource Management, MIS Professional, Computer SystemConcept, Conversion of Manual to Computer - Based Systems

#### →RoleofMIS-

StrategicadvantagewithMIS;Systemsapproachtoproblemsolving;BusinessProcessReeng ineering (BPR); Internet worked enterprise in MIS; Internet, Intranet, Extranet; Enterprise communication andCollaboration.

- → Decision Support Systems-MIS support for decision making; Decision Support Systems; Components of DSS; Tools of business support systems; what if analysis, sensitivity analysis; goal seek analysis, optimization analysis, dataminingfordecisionsupport, DBMS.
- → Developing MIS Systems-System Development Life Cycle; Investigation Phase; System Analysis; System Design(DFDandERdiagrams); SystemImplementation.
- → Applications-Cross-functional MIS; ERP; CRM; SCM; Transaction processing; Artificial intelligent technologies inbusiness; Neural Network; Fuzzy logic, Genetic algorithm, Virtual reality; Executive Information System; ExpertSupportSystems; SecurityandEthicalChallenges.

### **→**Contemporary Issues in MISREFERENCE

- 1. C.S.VMurthy :ManagementInformationSystems,HimalayaPublishingHouse,NewDelhi.
- 2. LaudonKC&LaudonJP:ManagementInformationSystems:ManagingtheDigitalFirm,Prentice-Hall.
- 3. O'BrienJ :ManagementInformationSystems, TataMcGraw-Hill, Galgotia
- 4. OzE :ManagementInformationSystems, VikasPub.
- JawedkarW S :ManagementInformationSystems, TataMcGraw-Hill,MudrickRG :Aninformationsystemformodernmanagement, Pearson.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals: ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup, Presentation and Partic	30

MB 217	MANAGEMENTINFORMATIONSYSTEMS	
CourseObjective		TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)
ipation		Total Ferious: 40(4Credits)
TotalMarks		100

# MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS LAB: BASSED ON COURSE;

MB 218	CORPORATESOCIAI	RESPONSIBILITY

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

This paper aims at providing the insights into various concepts & cases related to CSR practices in India.lt will help ingaining a deeper understanding of the various aspects, factors related to various social causes & role of ethics in Business.

#### CourseStructure:

- →Corporate Social Responsibility-its concept, meaning, relevance, advantage and evolution,
   Business
   &CorporateSocialResponsibility,CorporateSocialResponsibilitypracticesinIndia.
- → Promoting Corporate Social Responsibility-Corporate social responsibility and the role of the board of directors, the potentials & limits of Corporate Social Responsibility, Challenges for Corporate Social Responsibility, BeyondCorporateSocial ResponsibilitytoCorporate SocialEngagement.
- → Corporate Social Responsibility and the Environment-Corporate Environmental Responsibility, Corporate SocialResponsibilityandtheRoleofStakeholders,CorporateSocialResponsibilityandCommunityDevelopment,CorporateSocial Responsibility&TripleBottomLine.
- → Corporate Social Responsibility and Marketing-an acceptable Marketing Tool, Corporate Social Responsibility & Green marketing Corporate Social Responsibility flavor in Advertisements.
- → Corporate Governance & Corporate Social Responsibility-

CorporateGovernance,TheassociationbetweenCorporateSocialResponsibilityandFinancialperforman ce,Shareholders, Managers&CorporateSocialResponsibility,Corporate SocialResponsibilityasriskmanagement.

- **⇒**EconomicdriversofCorporateSocialResponsibility
  - activities and their evaluation, Corporate Social Responsibility as Business strategy, Business ethics and Social Responsibility education, rethinking social
- Trailiphical Wespiness Storal Responsibility Social Responsibility of Business towards Consumers, DoingGood for Society through Corporate Social Responsibility Building Trust through Corporate Social Responsibility, Corporate Social Responsibility Concepts and Cases, The Indian Experience.

- 1. GulerAras&David Crowther :IntroductiontoCorporatesocialresponsibility,GoverPublishingLtd.
- 2. WillamB.Werther&David Chandler:StrategicCorporateSocialResponsibility,GreenleafPublishings
- 3. SubhabrataBobby :CorporateSocialResponsibility,EdwardEgerPublishers
- 4. PhilipKotler&NancyLee :CorporateSocialResponsibility,WileyIndia

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	
	s

MB 218 CORPORATESOCIALRESPONSIBILITY	
CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:20(2Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB 219 MINORPROJECT (2Credit	(2Cre	MINORPROJECT	<b>219</b> J	MB
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# Objective:

The Minor Project is to be carried out by the student to acquire an understanding about the simple applications of thelearning gained in different areas of Management by him /her till far. It is expected that on completion of the project thestudent should be able to draw a match between the things learned in the classroom with the everyday on goings aroundhim/her. The scope for doing the project is hence kept wide enough so as to let the student choose a neatly defined area (howsoever small) and feel the creative applications of the learning he/she has received. The idea is to nurture a feelingof usefulness of the knowledge gained in the lectures. Further, the student is then to shape the understanding gained thus far. His/her thoughts, lastly, are required to bearranged in the frame of Research Methodology.

#### Procedure:

- It is suggested that the student should chalk out any area from a roughly small lot of the topics /issues which haveattracted his/her attention. The area could be pertaining to the varied dimensions of the subject of Managementwhich includes General Management, areas planned to be pursued as specializations and the like. As a word ofcaution,thelinkagesobservedbythestudentwiththelearned subjectsshouldnotgo outoffocus.
- 2. If required, he/she could **consult the faculty- mentor** (teaching in the second semester) whom he/she chooses andtheotherfaculty membersin finallynarrowingdownuponhisareaofwork.
- The work has to begin with a **careful initial observation in the area** now chosen by the student. This has to benoted down and submitted to the faculty-mentor concerned. The faculty mentor would assess the awareness gainedbythe student onthe topic chosenbyhim.
- 4. The student then would **submit stage –wise reports to the faculty-mentor**. This faculty-mentor would guide the students to understand the application of chapter-wise learning received in the subject of Research Methodology. The student, thus, should gradually understand the application of the research method to his work.
- 5. A Final Report, in the end, has to be submitted by thestudent to thefaculty-mentor **one** week before thecommencement of the Final exam. It would contain around30 pages that would contain the chapters as mentionedintheAnnexure.
- 6. It may be noted that the project has to be completed within 25 hours spread across the second semester without disturbing the schedule of the lectures. Saturdays and Sundays may preferably be devoted for the project.

MB 219 MINORPROJECT (2Credits)

7. The timely completed Project Report duly forwarded by the faculty –mentor would be evaluated by thefaculty-mentor.

- 8. ProformaoftheTableofContents
  - (a) Introduction
  - (b) Reviewofliterature(
  - c) ResearchMethod
    - ProjectObjectives
    - ResearchDesign
    - DataCollection
    - DataTabulationandAnalysis.
  - (d) FindingsandConclusion
  - (e) SuggestionsBibliograp

hyAnnexure Appendix

MB	220	TERMENDVIVA-VOCE	(4Credits)
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MB AOC III KNOWLEDGEMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

Theobjectiveofthiscourseistoprovidestudentsanintroductiontothefieldofknowledgemanagement. The present course is about Knowledge: how to capture it, how to transfer it, how to share it and how to manage it.

#### CourseStructure:

→ Knowledge Economy-Concept of

Knowledge; the Data-Information-Knowledge-Wisdom

Relationship

(KnowledgeHierarchy);OrganizationalKnowledge;CharacteristicsofOrganizationalKnowledge;ComponentsofOrgani zationalKnowledge (Tacit vs. Explicit Knowledge)

→TransformationofanEnterprisethroughKnowledgeManagement-

ConceptofKnowledgeManagement; Characteristics of KnowledgeManagement;

- → Creating Knowledge Management System in Organizations-Need for a Knowledge Management System; the Knowledge Management Process Framework; Knowledge Management Process; Knowledge Life Cycle
- → The Knowledge Organization-Knowledge Organization; Characteristics of Knowledge Organization; KnowledgeManagement and Organizational Learning; Knowledge Management Strategy and its Development; the KnowledgeManagers
- → EnablingKnowledgeManagementthroughInformationTechnology-RoleofInformationTechnologyinCreatingKnowledge-Management Systems;

→ Organizational Culture for Knowledge Management-

NeedforOrganizationalCultureforKnowledgeManagement;WaystoDevelop SharingCulture

Knowledge-

→ Looking Ahead: Future of Knowledge Management-

ChallengestoKnowledgeManagement;FutureofKnowledgeManagement

- AmritTiwana,:TheKnowledgeManagementToolkit(OrchestratingIT,Strategy,andKnowledge Platforms,PearsonEducationLimited
- Edited; D. Morey, M. Maybury and B. Thuraisingham,: Knowledge Management (Classicand Contemporary Works), Universities Press (India) Limited.
- Edited;R.Gogula, :KnowledgeManagement– ANewDawn,The InstituteofCharteredFinancialAnalysisofIndia(ICFAI)Press
- 4. EliasM.Awad, HassanM.Ghaziri,: Knowledge Management, Pearson Education Limited
- 5. G.Natrajan&S.Shekhar:KnowledgeManagement(EnablingBusinessGrowth,TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCompany Limited,NewDelhi.
- 6. G.Schreiber, H.Akkermans, A.Anjewierden, R.deHoog, N.Shadbolt, W.V.deVeldeand B.Wieli



#### MB AOC III KNOWLEDGEMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

- nga,:KnowledgeEngineeri ngandManagement,Universities Press(India) Limited.
- 7. H.C.Chaudhary,:KnowledgeManagementforCompetitiveAdvantage(ChangingtheworldthroughKnowledge),ExcelBo oks.
- 8. M. Rao.
  - :LeadingwithKnowledge(KnowledgeManagementPracticesinGlobalInfoTechCompanies),TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCompanyLimitedNewDelhi.
- 9. O.P.Goyal,
  - :KnowledgeManagement(AnalysisDesign for IndianCommercialBankingSector),KalpazPubli cations. Delhi
- 10. W.R.BukowitzandR.L.Williams,:TheKnowledgeManagementFieldbook,PearsonEducationlimite



MB	311	ENTREPRENEURSHIPDEVELOPMENTANDPROJECTMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Theobjectiveofthecourseistodevelopamongthestudentsaconceptualunderstandingofthetopicsandtheenvi ronmentofmakingo fanEntrepreneur.

#### CourseStructure:

**ConceptualFrameworkofEntrepreneurialDevelopment:** 

- → Meaning, Definitions and concept of Enterprise, Entrepreneurship and Entrepreneurship Development, Evolution of Entrepreneurship in India, Role of Entrepreneurship in Indian economy and developing economies with reference to Self-Employment
   → Characteristics and Skills of Entrepreneurship in India, Problems in Entrepreneurship Development

→ EntrepreneurialCulture

- ⇒EntrepreneurialCompetencies ⇒EntrepreneurialMotivation
- → EntrepreneurialMobility
- ⇒FactorsaffectingEntrepreneurshipinIndia
- → ConceptsofIntrapreneurship
- ⇒EntrepreneurVs.Intrapreneur,EntrepreneurVs.Entrepreneurship,EntrepreneurVs.Manager
- →WomenEntrepreneurship:Meaning,Characteristicfeatures,ProblemsofWomenEntrepreneurshipinI ndia, Developing Women Entrepreneurshipin India
- → Social Enterprise and Entrepreneurship
- → Entrepreneurial Failures

# InstitutionalSupportSystemforEntrepreneurshipDevelopmentinIndia:

- → Role of Government-Role of Central Government and State Government in promoting Entrepreneurship, MSMEpolicyinIndia
- →Agencies for Policy Formulation and Implementation-District Industries Centers (DIC), Small Industries ServiceInstitute (SISI), Entrepreneurship Development Institute of India (EDII), National Institute of Entrepreneurship \_\_\_\_ &SmallBusinessDevelopment(NIESBUD),NationalEntreprene &SmallBusinessDevelopment(NIESBUD), NationalEntrepreneurship

DevelopmentBoard(NEDB) → Agencies for Financial Support-Role of Commercial banks and financial institutions

like SIDBI, NABARD, SFCs, and other NBFCs

→ Agencies for Marketing Support-

→ AgenciesforConsultancy,TrainingandTechnologicalSupport-→ ProjectManagement-BusinessPlanningProcess,EnvironmentalAnalysis-

SearchandScanning, Identifying problems and BasicGovernmentProcedures to be complied with opportunities, Defining Business Idea,

**→**CurrentIssuesinEntrepreneurialDevelopment

#### REFERENCE

- The Entrepreneur: ClassicTexts: Joseph A. Schumpeter
   Innovation and Entrepreneurship: Peter Drucker
- 3. The Culture of Entrepreneurship BrigitteBerger

- ProjectManagement-K.Nagarajan
   DynamicsofEntrepreneurshipDev elopment-VasantDesai
   EntrepreneurshipDevelopment-Dr.P.C.Shejwalkar
- 7. ThoughtLeaders-ShrinivasPandit
   8. Entrepreneurship,3rd Ed. StevenBrandt
   9. BusinessGurusSpeak-S.N.Chary Ed.-

- TheEntrepreneurialConnection-GurmitNarula
   Entrepreneurship:NewVentureCreation DavidH.Holt
- **12.** Entrepreneurship—Hisrich, Peters **13.** Entrepreneurship Development: Charantimath Po
- 14. Entrepreneurship Development: Gupta, Srinivasa
- 15. Entrepreneurship Development: Khanka S.S.
- 16. Projects, 7E Planning,

Analysis, Selection, Financing, Implementation, and R

eview:PrasannaChan dra



# 17. Projects: Prasanna Chandra

MB 311 ENTREPRENEURSHIPDEVELOPMENTANDPROJECTMANAGEMENT PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mork
FATTERNOFEXAMINATION.	Mark
CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
CourseObjective: The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two   parts	
A&B.Thelastquestionwillbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutofwhichanyt	
wooptionsare required to be attempted.	
Sessionals: ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup, Presentation and Partic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



#### MB 312 **STRATEGICMANAGEMENT**

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with the important role that strategic management plays in abusiness's success and enables them to develop analytical and conceptual skills. The centre of attention is the totalenterprise - the industry and competitive environment in which it operates its long-term direction and strategy, its resources and competitive capabilities, and its prospects for success. Class participation and case discussion will befundamentaltothe development of these skills.

#### CourseStructure:

**→Introduction**-ConceptofStrategy &StrategicManagement, DifferencebetweenCorporate Planning&StrategicPlanning,StrategicManagementModel, DifferentlevelsofStrategies, RelevanceofStrategicManagementin21stCentury.

⇒StrategicIntent-Vision&MissionStatement,OrganisationalObjectives,Settingobjectives,OrganisationalValues&itsim

⇒ExternalEnvironment&AnalyticalTools-

Evaluating the company's strategic environment, SWOTA nalysis, PESTELA nalysis, CompetitiveAnalysis:Porter's FiveForceModel.

⇒InternalAssessment-

StrategicCapability:Fit&StretchConcept,Porter'sValueChainAnalysis,CoreCompetencies,Or

ganisationalCapabilities,ResourceAnalys is and Synergy.

StrategiesinAction-FunctionalLevel-AchievingSuperiorEfficiency—
EconomicsofScale,ExperienceCurve,Just—in-Time,&Six-Sigma.

BusinessLevel-CostLeadership,Differentiation&FocusStrategies,GrowthStrategies.

CorporateLevel-Integration,Diversification,Acquisition,Mergers&JointVenture,ShortTerm CorporateStrategies—Stability,Retrenchment, &Turnaround.

PortfolioandotherAnalyticalModelsTheBCGMatrix,GerMcKinsyMatrix,CorporateParenting,CIT&CASCADE

StrategyEvaluationandImplementation—EvaluationefStrategy.

→ StrategyEvaluationandImplementation-EvaluationofStrategy-Suitability,AcceptabilityandFeasibility,ImplementingStrategies:ResourceAllocation,Structureand Strategy,OrganisationCulture

#### REFERENCE

20.

- :ConceptofCorporateStrategy, Irwin Andrews
- RusselandAckoff

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- :ConceptofCorporatePlanning,NewYork:WileyInterscience :BusinessPolicy,McGraw-Hill mon :BusinessPolicyandStrategy,GoodyearPublishers nan :Strategy,PolicyandCentralManagement,South-Western Pub.Co
- Newmann & Legman : Strategy, Policyand Central Management, South-Western Pub. Co
  David E. Hussey : Introduction to Corporate Planning, Pergamon Press
  R. M. Srivastava : Business Policy & Strategic Management, Himalaya
  McCarthyand Others : Business Policy and Strategy, R. D. Irwin
  Richard Lynch : Corporate Strategy, Pearson Education India
  Basil W. Denning : Corporate Planning: Selected Concepts, McGraw-Hill
  Malville C. Branch : The Corporate Planning Process, American Management, Association
  Barnard Taylorand John R. Sparket : Corporate Strategy & Planning
  Andrews : Conceptof Corporate Strategy & Planning
  Andrews : Conceptof Corporate Planning, New York: Wiley Interscience
  Glueck : Business Policy, McGraw-Hill
  Y. N. Chang & Filemon : Business Policy and Strategy, Goodyear Publishers
  David E. Hussey : Introduction to Corporate Planning, Pergamon Press
  R. M. Srivastava : Business Policy & Strategic Management, Himalaya
  Michael E. Porter : Competitive Advantage, The Free Press
  Wright, Pringle and Kroll : Strategic Management, Prentice Hall
  Rober J. Allio & Malcolm W Pennington : Corporate Planning: Techniques:
  Applications, University of Michigan.
  Arthur A. Thompson Jr. & A. J. Strick land: Strategic Management, Irwin/McGraw Hill
  Ansoff, H. Ighor : Implanting Strategic Management, Prentice Hall
  G. Hameland C. K. Prahalad: Competing for the future, Tata McGraw Hill

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:CorporatePlanning:Techniquesand

25.

G.HamelandC.K.Prahalad:Competingforthefuture,TataMcGrawHill Fred R. David :StrategicManagement,PearsonEducation Thompson,Strickland,Gamble&Jain:CraftingandExecutingStrategy,McGrawHill

Hit,Ireland&Hoskisson:StrategicManagement,ThomsonLearning Wheelen,Hunger&Rangarajan:StrategicManagementandBusinessPolicy,ParsonEducation



#### MB STRATEGICMANAGEMENT 312

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

CourseObjective: TotalPer 29. Hills&Jones :StrategicManagement,Bletantra UpendraKachru :StrategicManagement,ExcelBooks :Pearce&Robins :StrategicManagement,AITBS :ExploringCorporateStrategy,PrenticeHallIndia

:CorporateStrategy,PearsonEducation 33. RichardLynch

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, out of which one set will be long answerty peand two will have two parts A&B. The last question will be short not etype containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB 313 LEGALASPECTSOFBUSINESS

### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

and

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with various legal aspects of business. It aims at providing a richfund of contemporary knowledge, time tested principles, basic concepts, emerging ideas, evolving theories, latesttechnique, ever changingprocedures&practicesinthefield ofLawinacomprehensive way.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Law of Contract-The Indian Contract Act, 1872; Nature and kinds of contracts, Essential elements of a validcontract, offer and acceptance, consideration, capacity to contract, free consent, legality and object, Types ofContracts, contingent contracts, performance of contract, discharge of contract, quasi contract, remedies for breachofcontract, indemnityandquarantee, bailment and pledge, lawofagency.
- ▶ Law of sales of goods-The sales of goods act, 1930; General principles, conditions andwarranties, doctrine ofcaveatemptor, transfer ofownership, performance ofacontractofsale,remedialmeasures.
- ⇒Law of Partnership-The Indian Partnership Act, 1932; definition and general principles, formation of

partnership, rights and liabilities of partners, dissolution of partnership firms

- **CompanyLaw-**TheIndianCompany'sact,1956;Company
  - anditsvariousforms,formationofacompany,memorandum of association, articles of association, prospectus, share allotment, shares and share capital,

promoters, membership of a company, meetings and proceedings, directors, managers and the irremuneration, secretary, prev ention of oppression and misman agement, winding upof a company.

- ⇒ Law of Negotiable Instrument-The Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881; meaning and types of negotiable instrument, parties to negotiable instrument, present ment of negotiable instrument, negotiatio no fine gotiable instrument, discharge of parties, liabilities of a banker, Hundis.
- ⇒ Laws of Insurance, Insolvency, Carriage of Goods and Arbitration-Nature principles of insurance, lifeinsurance, general insurance; fire insurance, marine insurance, Objects and scope of the insolvency law, procedure of insolvency, property and debt of insolvent, discharge of insolvent. Carriage of goods by land, carriage of goods bysea, carriageofgoodsbyair, Generalprovisionsregarding arbitration, modesofarbitration
- → Miscellaneous Laws-The essential Commodities Act, 1955, The Consumer Protection Act, 1986, The Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, The Multi-State Co-operative Societies Act, 1984, The Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, The MRTPAct, The Information Technology Act, 2000.

- 1. LabourandIndustrialLaws :P.K.Padhi,PHIPublication
- 2. IndustrialLaw :ArunKumar,AtlanticPublishers &Dist
- 3. BusinessLaw :RobertW,Emersion,Barron'sEducationalSeries
- 4. Introductiontobusinesslaw :JeffreyF.Beatty, SusanS.Samuelson,CengageLearning
- 5. LawforBusinessStudents :AlixAdams,PearsonEducation,Limited

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
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The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



MB 314	MANAGINGINNOVATION

# CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)** 

The objective of this course is to enable students to think creatively, generate new ideas and to know how to create innovative and forward thinking climate in the organization.

#### CourseStructure:

# **⇒**ConceptualFramework-

ConceptofInnovation, Creativity and Innovation; Barriers to Creative Thinking; Dimensions of Innovation; HowInnovation Stars do things differently; howourmind works.

⇒Lateral thinking-Concept of Lateral thinking; Difference between lateral and vertical thinking; advantages of lateralthinking; Techniques to develop habit of lateral thinking – Generation of alternatives, challenging assumptionsSuspendedjudgment,Crucialfactors,Fractionation, Analogy,Choiceofentrypoint,andRandomstimulation.

#### ⇒Innovationprocess-

Anoverviewoftheinnovationprocess; Problem Statement; Ideageneration; Theartofbrainstorming; Incubation; Analysis; Taking good ideas to market; Blockers for Process Innovation; Levels of Process Innovation

→ Managing Innovation-How to manage innovation; Developing Innovative Skills: Going beyond nine dots; Art of Observation; Listening to your Depth Mind; Tolerating Ambiguity; Ideas Banking; The Culture of Innovation; Executing Innovation Initiatives.

# ⇒InnovativeRewardStrategies-

UnderstandingRewardSystems;CustomizationofRewards;MeasuringPerformance;
Transformation from entitlement to achievement;
Managing Performance versus Appraisal;
InnovativePayDesign;AppropriateRewards; Takingworkplacetonextlevel.

#### **REFERENCE**

JohnAdair :EffectiveInnovation,PanBooks
 EdwardDeBono :LateralThinking,Harper&Row

3. EswardDeBono :NewThinkingforTheNewMillennium,Viking

4. ThomasB.Wilson

:Innovativerewardsystemsforthechangingworkplace,McGrawHillPublication

5. TomPeters :Circleofinnovation,Knopf

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	′30

III Sem

Writeup,PresentationandParticipation

TotalMarks

100



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## CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

To equip the students with the knowledge and skills needed by the finance professionals in addressing practical problemsincorporatefinance. From a finance professional's point of view, a good understanding of Corporate Finance is crucial to assist a company.

#### CourseStructure:

→Introduction- The objectives of the firm, finance function, Role of finance within the firm, Corporate financing- meaning, patterns and sources, Linking Corporate and Financial Strategies-Assessing business risk, Financial risk,Correlation between business risk andfinancial risk,Role of Financial Markets andFinancial Intermediation,Corporategovernance,Financial engineering.

# **⇒**Long-TermInvestmentDecision-

DefinitionandClassificationofinvestments, Stagesintheanalysisofinvestments, Evaluation of investments (Fundamental evaluation)-role of taxes, amount of investment, Net CashFlows, Investment's Terminal Value; Economic Evaluation of a Investments- Net Present Value and Internal Rate ofReturn, Relevant Cash Flows, Payback and Accounting Rate of Return, Risk analysis in investment, SensitivityAnalysis.

- ➤ Long-Term Financing Decision- External Financing: Equity capital- equity markets, rights issues and private equity; Long-Term Debt- Bank Financing, the capital markets, private placements, medium-term notes, commercialpaper, and corporate bonds; Internal Financing: Retained Earnings, Amortization, Provisions; Other FinancingSources: Intercompanyfunding, Tradefinance, Projectfinance, Assetbackedfinance, Leasing, Islamic financing.
- ⇒Financial Distress and Bankruptcy Cost- Financial distress: Meaning, Causes, and Evaluation of financial distresswith help of various model (Beaver Model, Wilcox Model, Blum Marc's Failing Company Model, Altman's Z scoreModel,L.C.GuptaModel);Bankru ptcycost-directandindirectcost,bankruptcyprocess,liquidationandreorganisation.
- ➤ Value Based Management- Shareholder value, Earnings-based management, Creating value, Value Strategy, Measuring thevalue creation: Accounting indicators- EPS, ROE, ROCE, Economic indicators- cash flow, Shareholder value analysis, Economic profit and Economic Value Added, Cash Flow Return on Investment, Market indicators or Entire firm value measurement- Totalshareholderreturn, Wealth addedindex, Market ValueAdded, markettobookratio, Tobin Q).
- → Financing Decision and Market Efficiency- EfficientMarkets Hypothesis, Evidence for and against Market Efficiency, Joint Hypothesis problem, Market Anomalies and the Financial Manager, Implications to Corporate finance- Firmsize & liquidity, book-to-market effects, reaction to corporate financial policy.



- :FundamentalsofCorporateFinance,McGraw-Hill Breale, Myers, Marcus

- Bodie, Zvi, kane, Alex, Marcus Alan J.: Essentials of Investments, McGraw Hill/Irwin
  Ross, Westerfield, and Jordon : Essentials of Corporate Finance, Irwin
  Ross, Westerfield, and Jordon : Fundamentals of Corporate Finance, Tata McGraw-Hill Education
- RobertParrino, DavidS. Kidwell: Fundamentals of Corporate Finance, John Wileyand Sons

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB FC 32 INTERNATIONALFINANCIALMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Themainobjectiveofthiscourseistofamiliarizethestudentswiththeinternationalfinancialenvironmentand thespecialdecisionvaria blesunderlyingthedischarge of financefunctioninamultinationalcorporation.

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Global Financial Environment-Objective of financial management in a multinational corporation, functions of international financial management. Special decision variables in international financial management. International monetary system
- ⇒Forex and Financial Derivatives-Foreign exchange markets, exchange rates, exchange rate theories Mint parity, Purchasing Power Parity (PPP), Balance of Payments theory, Stable and flexible exchange rate, An integratedframework of exchange rate, interest rate and inflation rate Fischer Effect, International fisher effect. Forwardcontracts, currency futures and currencyoptions. Currency swaps and interestrates waps.
- → Management of exposure & risk-Concept of exposure and risk. Types of exposure transaction, and economic exposure. Measurement of transaction exposure. Managing transaction exposure. Hed ging Strategies.
- ➡International Portfolio Investment-Economic determinants. The national FDI policy framework. Benefits of inter-national equity and bondinvesting. International capital asset pricing model (ICAPM)
- InternationalCapitalBudgeting-
  - Thebasicframeworkforanalysis. Issues and strategic considerations in international capital budgeting. The adjusted present value approach (APV). Financial risk and cost of capital. Exchange risk and cost of capital. Political risk and cost of capital. Political risk and cost of capital. Impact of hedging on cost of capital. Taxconsideration Branch vs. subsidiary, withholding tax. Foreign sales corporations, 80-20 subsidiaries and taxhavens.

#### ⇒Internationalworkingcapitalmanagement-

- i) International cash management:The cash positioning decision. Advantages and disadvantages of centralizedcash management.Multilateral netting.Intra corporate transfer of funds.Transfer pricing, problems of of of the company of the cash positioning decision. Advantages and disadvantages of centralizedcash management.
- ii) International Receivables management:Domestic v/s International receivables management.Letter of credit.Internationalfactoring&Accountsreceivables.
- iii) Internationalinventorymanagement: Advanceinventorypurchases. Stockpiling.



#### MB FC 32 INTERNATIONALFINANCIALMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

#### **➡** InternationalFinancingDecisions-

i) Euro-money and Eurobond Markets. Size of the Euro currency market. Growth of Euro Dollar market. Instruments and rate of Euro Currency Markets. Creation of Euro deposits. Syndicated Eurocurrency loan Market. International Bond Markets, Multi-currency bonds and their types. Rational eformulticurrency bonds.

ii) International Equity markets:Foreign equity market and their comparative performance.Recent developments and innovations in international capital markets. Recent developments in the Eurobond market.

#### REFERENCE

AlanC.Shapiro :FoundationsofMultinationalFinancialManagement,Wiley
 P.G.Apte :GlobalFinancialManagement,TataMcGraw-HillEducation
 AbdullahFaudA :FinancialManagementfortheMultinationalFirms,Prentice-Hall

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5. MauriceD.Levi :InternationalFinance,Taylor&Francis

 $6. \quad Eiteman David K\&Stonehill Arthur I: Multinational Business Finance, Addison-Wesley Pub. Co$ 

7. BucklayAdrain :MultinationalFinance,FinancialTimesPrenticeHall,

8. NehrtLeaC. :InternationalFinanceforMultinationalBusiness,IntextEducationalPublishers

9. IanH. Giddy :GlobalFinancialMarkets,D.C.Heath

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
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The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have parts.  Sessionals: ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup, Presentation and Partic	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation Cotal Marks	100
l Otalivial v2	100



#### MB FC 33 SECURITYANALYSISANDPORTFOLIOMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of this course is to expose the students to the concept, tool and technique applicable in the field of Derivatives as a tool of investment and Derivative analysis.

#### CourseStructure:

➡Introduction to Investment and Securities-Meaning of investment, Investment and speculation, Investment andgambling. Investment objectives. The investment process, investment alternative-Negotiable securities, equity sharespreference shares, debenture, bond, government securities, money market securities-Treasury bills, commercialpaper, certificate of deposits. Non-negotiable securities- Bank deposits, post office deposits, NBFC deposit, Taxsheltered schemes, PPF,NSS, NSC,LIC, UTI, Mutualfund, realestate, artand antiques.

⇒ Primary Marketand Secondary Market-

Relationshipbetweenprimaryandsecondarymarket.Functionofprimary market, Parties involved in new issues \_ Managers, Registrars, underwriters. Bankers, statutory agencies.Private placement

bought out deals. Book building. Function of stock exchanges. Share groups- group A,B and

- B. Settlementcycle. Carryforwardsystem. Overthecounterexchangeof India (OITCEI). Listing of securities.
- ➡Regulatory Framework-Securities and Exchange Board of India\_ Origin, function, organization and activities. Dematerialization process and re-materialization process. National securities depository Ltd (NSDL) AND CentraldepositoryservicesLtd. (CDSL). Stock marketindices-BSEsensex, NSE 50 (NIFTY). S&PCNX500.
- ⇒ Risk Definition-Types- systematic-market risk, interest rate risk, purchasing power risk, unsystematic risk- Businessrisk, financial risk. Measurement of risk.
- ➤ Valuation of Securities-The three steps process of valuation- economic analysis, industry analysis, and companyanalysis. General framework of valuation. Value- price relationship. Valuation of fixed income securities. Valuationofpreference share and valuation of equity shares.
- ⇒Efficient Market Theory-Fundamental Analysis- Economic analysis, industry analysis, company analysis financialanalysis. Earning of company, Growth in earnings. Technical analysis. Tools of technical analysis. Dow Theory,tread primary intermediate and short term trends. Indicators volume of trade, breadth of market, short sales. Oddlot trading. Moving average. Oscillators. Relative strength index (RSI). ROC, Charts- Point and figure

charting, Barcharting, efficient market theory. Random walk theory, Weak from of EMH. Semi strong form and strong forms of EMH. Market inefficiencies

- → **PortfolioAnalysis:** Traditional portfolioanalysis. Effects of combing securities. Markowitz Risk-returns optimization.
- **⇒**PortfolioSelection-

Riskandinvestorpreference, constructing the best portfolio. Sharpes impleportfolio optimization. Significance of 'Beta' in portfolio, traditional portfolio selection.

→ Capital Market Theory-

Capitalmarkettheory(CAPM).CAPMandtherealworld.Arbitragepricingtheory.

⇒Portfolio Revision-Meaning of portfolio revision. Need of portfolio revision. Portfolio revision strategies.

Portfoliorevision practices. Constraints in portfoliorevision

#### REFERENCE

1. FischerDonaldE,&JordanRonaldJ:SecurityAnalysisandPortfolioManagement,Prentice-Hall

2. PandianPunithavathy



#### SECURITYANALYSISANDPORTFOLIOMANAGEMENT MB FC 33

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)
:SecurityAnalysisandPortfolioManagement,HimalayaPublishingHousePvtLtd
3. VanHorne :FinancialManagement&Policy,Prentice-Hall

:EssentialsofManagerialFinance,Hinsdale,IL:TheDrydenPress 4. WestonJ.F.&BrighamE.F.

:EssentialofFinancialManagement,Prentice-Hall 5. WalkerE.W. :FundamentalsofInvesting,PearsonAddisonWesley 6. Gitman&Joehuk

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



### MB FO 31 CORPORATETAXPLANNINGANDMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

CourseaimstoprovideunderstandingofDirectTaxincludingRulespertainingtheretoandapplicationtodiff erentbusiness situations&tounderstand principlesunderlyingtheServiceTaxalong withbasicconceptsofVAT.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Assessment of Various Entities-Assessment of firms and their partners, Assessment of Companies, Assessment of Cooperative Societies, Assessment of Local Authority, Assessment of Mutual Concerns, Assessment of CharitableTrusts(Theory&Problems)
- → Miscellaneous-Income Tax authorities, Return of Income, Procedure for Assessment Types of assessment, Appealsand Revision, Deduction of Tax at Source Advance payment of Tax Deduction and Collection of Tax At Source-Interestandpenalties, OffencesandProsecutions—Refund of Tax.
- → Tax Planning-Meaning of tax planning and management, tax evasion and tax avoidance-Nature and scope of taxplanning and management in the corporate sector-Justification of corporate tax planning and management. TaxPlanningconsiderationsinrelationtoBusiness.
- → Wealth Tax-Scheme of Wealth Tax-Incidence of Wealth Tax-Assets to be included in Net Wealth-Exempted, Assets-Valuation of Assetsand Wealth Tax Liability-Assessment Penalties. (Theory & Problems)
- → Service Tax-Service Tax: Applicability and Services covered Valuation of taxable services for service tax, Payment of Service Tax Registration Furnishing of Return Maintenance of Record Other obligations (Theoryonly).
- → VAT-TheBasicconceptofVAT-howVAToperates-merits&demeritsofVAT-abriefoverviewofsatelevelVATinIndia. (VATisnot to bestudiedwithreference toanyparticular StateVATLaw.)

#### REFERENCE

1. VinodSinghania :DirectTaxes,LawandPractice,TaxmannPublications

BhagawatiPrasad :DirectTaxes,NewAgeInternationalPub

3. GirishAhujaandRaviGupta:DirectTaxes,BharatLawHouse

4. T.N.Manoharan :HandBookofIncomeTaxLaws,InstituteofCharteredAccountantsofIndia

5. B.B.Lal&N.Vashisht6. S.S.Gupta5. ServiceTax, Taxmann

7. R.MohanLavis :ServiceTax,BharatPublishers,NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30
Writeup, Presentation and Participation	
TotalMarks	100



# MB FO 32 FINANCIALINCLUSION

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course is designed to provide a resourceful insight of the various pillars of financial inclusion such as micro- remittance, micro-savings, micro-credit and micro-insurance. The Course will discuss the causes for ineffectiveness offormal lending & evaluates a few current initiatives that attempt to promote higher financial inclusion in the countryunder differentmodels.

#### CourseStructure:

#### ⇒FinancialInclusion-

MeaningandDefinition,ProblemsofFinancialInclusion,FactorsAffectingAccesstoFinancialServices,

- ⇒ FinancialExclusion-Meaning, Nature, Participants Causes and Consequences Benefits Of Inclusive Financial Growth, Relationship between Financial Inclusion and Development Indicators.
- ⇒InitiativesofFinancialInclusionInIndia-

CooperativeSocietiesAct,RuralCreditSurveyCommittee,Nationalization of banks, Introduction of Lead Bank Scheme, Setting up of Regional Rural banks, Introduction ofKisan Credit Card

- ⇒Genesis and Evolution of Microfinance-different models of microfinance operating in India Emerging Trends inMicrofinance Micro-insurance- Concept, Practices and Innovations, Understanding Rural Debt, SafeRemittancesfor the Poor;
- ⇒SHG: Study of the Self Help Group-Bank Linkage Programme (SBLP) as an innovative strategy of microfinanceevolved inIndia.
- ⇒Extending Financial Services to Poor- Linkages between Formal and Informal Financial Institutions to ExtendFinancial Service to Poor People, Efforts in reducing Transaction Costs for Banks and Their Clients, BusinessCorrespondent and Business Facilitator Outreach Model for Banks, The Post Office model, Financial Literacy
- → Crand Course Hingat Runal Records with through Rural Employment, the Micro-enterprises Model, Unique Identification Number and Financial Inclusion, Best Practices in Financial Inclusion and Case Studies

- 1. KGKarmarkar,GDBanerjee,NPMohapatra:TowardsFinancialInclusionInIndiaSage Publication
- Desai, Vasant
   Rural Development in India. Himalaya Publishing House
   Rohtagi
   Rural Banking & Overdues Management Cybertech
- 4. PatnaikUC :RuralBankinginIndia AnmolPublications
- 5. BasuPriy :ImprovingAccesstoFinance forIndia'sRuralPoorWorldBankPublications
- 6. BhatnagarAmitabh :RuralMicrofinance&MicroenterpriseConceptPublishing
   7. Sohano &Balakrishna :IndianRuralBanking—theChangingParadigm,ICFAI
   8. SujathaB :FinancialInclusion:ConceptsandStrategies,ICFAI
- 9. RavichandranKrishnamurthy:FinancialInclusionVDMVerlag
- 10. SameerKocchar,KCChakrabartyandCRangarajan:SpeedingFinancialInclusionAcademicFoundation



# MB FO 32 FINANCIALINCLUSION

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4C) PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	
PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	70
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB FO 33 BEHAVIOURALFINANCE

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The purpose of this course is to introduce the student to the new field of behavioural finance. The theory is based on thenotion that investors behave in a rational, predictable and an unbiased manner. While behavioural finance challenges thistraditionally held notion. Reliant upon cognitive psychology decision theory, behavioural finance is the study of howinvestors' interpret and act on available, fallible information. This course will help the students to identify persistent or systematic behavioural factors that influence investment behaviour.

#### CourseStructure:

- →Conventional finance and challenges-to market efficiency, Building Blocks of Behavioural Finance -CognitivePsychologyandtheLimitstoArbitrage,Psychologyofinvestorsbehaviour,Neurophy siologyofrisk- taking,Personalitytraitsandriskattitudes
- ⇒Brief History of Rational Thought-Pascal-Fermat to Friedman-Savage, Prerequisites for Rational Choice andQuasi-RationalChoice
- → Decision-making-under risk and uncertainty, Expected Utility Theory, Decision-making in historical prospective, Allaisand Elsberg's paradoxes, Errors in Decision-Making
- → **Prospecttheory**, Lossaversion theory, and Mental Accounting
- → Heuristics and biases, overconfidence and emotion, financial decision-making stemming from heuristics and biases, overconfidence and emotion
- **⇒GroupBehaviour-**Conformism,herding,fatalattractions

- H.KentBaker, John R. Nofsinger: Behavioural Finance: Investors, Corporations, and Markets, John Wileyand Sons
- 2. WilliamForbes :BehaviouralFinance,JohnWileyandSons
- Lucy Ackert, Richard Deaves: Behavioral Finance: Psychology, Decision-Making, and Markets, Cengage Learning

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB HC 31 LABOURANDEMPLOYMENTLAWSININDIA

# CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

The Course intends to educate and create awareness among the students about various as pects of Labour and Employment Law and the course in the course of the course of

usequipthemtohandlethisdelicatesubjectwithmaturity, objectivity and understandings.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Thecourseconsists of various Acts related to Labourand Employment Laws in India with respect to their enactment, definitions and different provisions. The Acts are as follows:
- →TheFactoriesAct,1948
- →TheWorkmen'sCompensationsAct,1923
- →TheEmployeesStateInsuranceAct,1948
- → The Employees' Provident Fundand Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- →ThePaymentofgratuityAct,1972
- →TheMaternityBenefitAct,1961
- →TheMinimumWagesact,1948
- → TheIndustrialEmployment(StandingOrders)Act,1946
- ⇒ThePaymentofBonusAct,1966
- →TheApprenticesAct,1969
- → The Employment Exchange (Compulsory Notification of Vacancies) Act, 1959

1.	S.NMishra	:LabourLaws,Deep&DeepPublications
2.	S.CSrivastava	:SocialSecurityandLabourLaws,UniversalDelhi
3.	MadhavanPillai	:LabourandIndustrial Laws, JainBookDepot
4.	V. VGiri	:LabourproblemsinIndianIndustry, AsiaPub.House
5.	N. D.Kapoor	: Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chandand Sons

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	70
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	20
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	HC	32	INDUSTRIALRELATIONS

**CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

In this course, the students are to be acquainted with the Industrial relations framework in our country, the importance of the maintenance of Industrial peace and efforts to reduce the incidence of Strikes and Lockout and Industrial Strike tobeemphasised.Further,thestudentsaretobeacquaintedwithSocialSecurityFrameworkprevailinginourCountry.Itisnecessarytoknowtheconceptofsocialsecurity,itsimportancean dalsoconstitutional basisforthesameinIndia.

## CourseStructure:

Introduction to Industrial Relation-Concept. evolution. characteristics. scope. components, factors affectingindustrialrelations, approachesto IR, IR in India, prerequisites of successful industri alrelationprogramme.

→Industrial Conflicts/Disputes-Meaning, essentials, classification, recognition of disputes, impact of industrial disputes, factors of industrial disputes/conflicts, Strikes-forms, prevention of strikes, lock-outs, gheraos, Ways toachievingindustrial peace, Codeofdiscipline inindustry.

GrievancesHandling-meaning, nature, causes of grievances, procedure for redressal.

Collective Bargaining-meaning, principles, contents, forms, process and levels of collective bargaining, formatsof agreements, Typologies, productivity bargaining, prerequisite of effective collective bargaining, collectivebargaininginIndia.
 Workers' Education-content, significance, rationale behind workers' education, workers' education scheme inIndia- objectives, functions and problems.
 Workers' Participation in Management: concept determinants form and level

⇒Workers' Participation in Management: concept, determinants, form and levels of participation, schemes

ofworkers'participationinmanagement inIndia.

→ Trade Union: concept, purpose, functions, types, trade union and politics, trade union in India, major all-Indiatrade unions, employers' organizations, Trade Union Act, 1926privileges.obligationsandliabilitiesofa registration. riahts. registeredtradeunion.

⇒ SettlementMachinery-MediationandConciliation-

- function, process, conciliation machinery, Arbitration-advantages, disadvantages, types, of procedure submission qualification arbitration, of investigation, award, Adjudicationimportance, types and three-tieradjudication, labour court, industrial tribunals.
- →IndustrialDisputeAct,1947:Causesofdisputes,AuthoritiesundertheAct,ProcedureandP owerofAuthorities, Awardand Settlement of industrial dispute.

- :IndustrialRelations,Appleton-Century-Crofts Owen, W.V. & Finston, H.V
- 2. I.I.P.M. :PersonnelManagementinIndia
- Heckman, I.L. & Hunuyager, S.C: Management of Personnel Function, London: Business Publication L
- Mehrotra.S.N. :LabourProblemsinIndia.
- 5. Sen.Ratna :IndustrialRelationsinIndia.MacmillanPublishersIndia
- 6. Memoria.C.B. :IndustrialRelations,HimalayaPublication
- Chhabara, T.N. and R.K. Suri: Industrial Relations-Concepts and Issues, Dhanpatria & Co
- 8. AnybookconcernedwithLabourActsandIndustrialLaw

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S



MB	HC	32	INDUSTRIALRELATIONS

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



MB	HC	33	ORGANIZATIONDEVELOPMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Theobjectiveistogainfamiliaritywiththeconceptandskillstomanageandimproveorganizationalcultureco llaboratively.ltseekst oeducatehoworganizationalgoalsareattainedbyfurtheringthe humanvaluesinindividuals.

# CourseStructure:

#### **→**UnderstandingtheConceptofIntervention-

Nature, scope and definition of Organizational Development; achieving organizational improvement with Organizational Development; Organizational Development vs. the traditional interventions; brief overview of Laboratory—training and survey research & feedback methodology

- →Underlying Assumptions about People as Individuals-about people in groups and about people in organizationalsystems; assumptions relating to values in the client organization; values and belief systems of Change agents, Conceptof System & Organizational Development
- → Operational Components of Organizational Development- the diagnostic component, intervention/action taking component and process maintenance component, Understanding the belief of: action-should follow research andresearch—should follow -action
- **→OD Interventions**-overview, team building interventions and their rationales; Intergroup team building and theorganization mirror intervention; personal, interpersonal and group process interventions; nature of comprehensiveODinterventions; structuralinterventions&OD, conditionsimportantforsuccessfulODefforts

- 1. WendellL.Freanch&CecilH. BellJr
- 2. Management&OrganizationalDevelopment
- 3. OrganizationalRenewal

- :OrganizationalDevelopment,PHI,NewDelhi
- :ThePathfromXAtoYBNewYorkMcGrawhill
- : Gordon L. Lippit New York, Century Crofts

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB HO 31 EMPLOYEEWELFAREANDCOMPENSATIONMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course is designed to promote understanding of issues related to compensation management in corporate sector and public services and to import skill in designing compensation management system, policies and strategies, apart from promoting understanding of legalissues in the administration of compensation, welfare and so cial security.

#### CourseStructure:

**⇒Compensation Management-**Compensation management process, Basis of compensation management, motivationand financial and non -financial compensation, compensation philosophies of compensation process, Assessing jobvalues&relativities;Paystructures;Paying for performance,skillsand competence.

# ⇒EmployeeBenefits-

Employeebenefitsandtotalremuneration, Special aspects of compensation mergers and acquisitions and compensation polic

iesfornewandstartuporganization, Provisions governing different components of compensation

andworkingofdiff

erentinstitutions

- ▶Legal Aspects of Compensation-Objectives, structure and provisions of legislations on wages and bonus i.e. theminimum wages Act, 1948, the Payment of wages Act, 1936: The Payment of Bonus Act, 1976. Determination ofwages D.A. and other monetary benefits through Industrial Tribunals, Case law, recent trends, and working of theselaws
- → Recent Developments in Compensation Management-Innovations in the area of compensation management in Indianand MNC soperating in Indianand and abroad

#### **REFERENCE**

1. S.NMishra :Labour Laws, Jain Book Agency

2. S.CSrivastava :SocialSecurityandLabourLaws,EasternBookCompany

3. MadhavanPillai :LabourandIndustrialLaws,JainBookAgency

4. V. VGiri :LabourproblemsinIndianIndustry,India AsiaPublishingHouse

5. N. D.Kapoor :ElementsofMercantileLaw,SultanChandandSons

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	НО	32	PERFORMANCEMANAGEMENT

**CourseObjective:** TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

ThecoursehasbeendesignedforpresentinggivingHumanResourcepractitionersanideaofPerfor manceAppraisal,Demandsofth organizationandhowthe **Environmentalfactorsaffect** e performance.

#### CourseStructure:

- **⇒Introduction-**Understanding Performance Management. Nature and scope Performance Management System, Processandelements of Performance Management, Effectiveness in Performance M anagement, Relationship betwe enOrganizationalStructureandPerformance:Importanceofdocumentingemploveeperform ance
- ⇒Performance Appraisal- Performance Management Vs Performance Appraisal, Need for Performance Appraisal, Realistic appraisal, Steps and Methods of Performance Appraisal: Graphic Rating Scale, Alternative Ranking, PairedComparison, Forced Distribution, Critical Incident, Narrative Forms, Computerized and Web-based, Problems inappraisal. Supervisor'srole inappraisal.
- ⇒Organizational Demands and Performance Management-Organizational Strategy and Performance Management, Organizational Culture & Performance Management, procedural **Employee** concerns-perceptions of and distributiveiustice. employees'responsivenessto performancefeedback, achieving work/lifebalance.
- ⇒EnvironmentalInfluencesandPerformancemanagement-

InfluenceofLabourforcetrends, Technology, Globalization and Ethics on performance management, Employee perceptions of the Performance Managementsystem, employee reactions to surveillance and monitoring.

- 1. PerformanceManagement :HermanAguinisPretinceHallNewDelhi
- 2. PerformanceManagementSystem&Strategies:DipakBhattacharyyaPearsonEducationND
- 3. PerformanceManagement :RobertBascalMcGrawHill
- StrategiesforPerformanceManagement:ExcelBooksNewDelhi
- HumanResourceManagement:GarryDessler,PearsonEducation,NewDelhi HumanResourceManagement:DavidLepak&MaryGowan,PearsonEducation,NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB HO 33 HUMANRERSOURCEINFORMATIONMANAGEMENT SYSTEM(HRIMS)

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course will critically explore how human resource information systems are applied in organizations to supportorganizational strategy, improve efficiency and flexibility, increase productivity and performance, and ensure compliancewith employment law. The focus will be on merging computer technology with a strategic human resource management perspective in order to maximize the performance of business.

#### CourseStructure:

#### ⇒Introduction-

Informationandmanagement, Characteristics, types and attributes of information, Traditionals tructure of an organization, Business systems, Interdependence between organizations and information systems, Data & Information needs for HR Manager; Sources of Data; Role of ITES in HRM; IT for HR Managers; Concept, Structure, & Mechanics of HRIS; Programming Dimensions & HRM anager with notechnology background; Survey of software packages for Human Resource Information System including ERP Software such as SAP, Oracles Financials and Ramco's Marshal [onlydata input, output & screens];

Fundamentals of Human Resource Information Systems (MIS)-HRIS- HRIS Basics,

- ➡ Fundamentals of Human Resource Information Systems (MIS)-HRIS- HRIS Basics, Human resource policiesand practices enabled by HRIS, Applications of HRIS:Data Management for HRIS: Data Formats, Entry Procedure& Process; Data Storage & Retrieval; Transaction Processing, Office Automation and Information Processing &Control Functions; Design of HRIS: Relevance of Decision Making Concepts for Information System Design; HRMNeedsAnalysis-Concept &Mechanics;StandardSoftware andCustomizedSoftware;HRIS—AnInvestment;
- →HRDL Cycle—Human Information systems development, Methodologies, Approaches to systems development,StagesoftheSDLC,Prototyping,HRresponsibilityineachphaseofHRISdevelop ment,Preimplementationsta
  - geof HRIS, HRIS planning, HRIS expectation, Productivity through HRIS, HRIS cost-benefit value analysis. HRManagement Process & HRIS: Modules on MPP, Recruitment, Selection, Placement; Module on PA System; T & DModule; Module on Pay & related dimensions; Planning & Control; Information System's support for Planning & Control
- →HRI Systems-Systems for leave accounting, Payroll, ICT, Incentives, Performance appraisal, Group DecisionSupport Systems (GDSS) in HRIS, Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP). Emerging Trends in HRIS OrganizationStructure&RelatedManagement Processes authority

&Responsibility,Flows,andCommunicationProcess; Organization Culture and Power – Data Capturing for Monitoring & Review; Behavioral Patterns of HR &other Managersandtheir place ininformationprocessing fordecision making

⇒ Requirementanalysis and tasks for requirements analysis-

OverviewofdesignofanHumanResourceInformation System, Gathering, Roles of people in software, Systems analysts, General model of MIS, Systemdevelopment, Model, Role of System Analyst and Business Analyst.Data Collection Methods - Obtaining data formarketing decisions, Collecting data, Types of data, Primary research methods, Types of research, Additional datacollectionmethods, Database,Databaselifecycle(DBLC),Conceptofdatabasemanagementsystem

- K.C.LaudonandJ.P.Laudon:ManagementInformationSystems— ManagingtheDigitalFirm,Prentice-HallIndia,New Delhi,2006
- 2. JamešAÖ'Brien&GeorgeMMarakas:ManagementInformationSystems,McGraw-Hill,ND,2007
- 3. VincentR.CerielloandChristineFreeman:HumanResourceManagementSystems:Strategie



# MB HO 33 HUMANRERSOURCEINFORMATIONMANAGEMENT SYSTEM(HRIMS)

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

s,Tactics,andTechniques,JohnWiley&Son s,NewYork,1998

- Michael J. Kavanagh & Mohan Thite: Human Resource Information Systems: Basics, Applications, & Future Direction, Sage, UK, 2008
- 5. TeresaTorres-
  - CoronasandMarioArias:EncyclopediaofHumanResourcesInformationSystems:ChallengesinE- HRM,OlivaideaGroupInc(IGI),UK,2008
- 6. HenryC.Lucas:TheAnalysis,DesignandImplementationofInformationSystems,McGraw-Hill,NewDelhi,1991
- 7. MichaelArmstrong:AHandbookofHumanResourceManagementPractice,KoganPageEliz abethHouldsworthandDilumJirasinghe: ManagingandMeasuring
- Employee Performance: Understanding Practice, Kogan Page. Jack J Phillips
   Accountability in Human Resource Management, Gulf Professional Publishing.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theorypaperwillconsist of one short answer typequestioncontainingsevenTrueor Falsestatements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be fouralternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A & B.The lastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutofwhichanytwoop tionsarerequiredtobe	
attempted. Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	IC	31	DATABASEMANAGEMENTSYSTEM

# CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

The course has been designed to introduce the students with the applications of systems designed to manage the dataresources of organizations. It provides the students an opportunity to study the hands-on implementation of a database incorporate environment.

#### CourseStructure:

- ➡The Foundation of Database Management System-DataProcessingConcepts; Data Structures; File ProcessingandAccessMethods;TaxonomyofDataManagementSystems;VariousDataBaseManagementModels;Evaluat ion of Commercially Available Software, Systems with Managerial Emphasis on Tradeoffs among Cost,CapacityandResponsiveness.
- → Database Environment-Functions of Transaction Processes and Their Communications Interface with DatabaseManagement Systems; Distributed Data Processing Systems and a Need for Database Environment for Such a System; Normalization and Logical Design
- → Types of DBMS-Physical Database Structures; Structured Query Language; Relational Database Management Systems for Successful Implementation of Distributed Systems; Distributed Database Systems; On-line Data Bases; Object-oriented Data Bases.
- → DBMS Administration-Managerial Issues Related to DBMS; Evaluation Criteria; Performance Analysis; RecoveryIssues; Re-organizationProblems; ImplementationandMaintenanceIssues.
- → Contemporary Issues in SCM-The content of the unit depends upon the recent developments in the field of DBMSsuch as Cloud Computing etc, which would be specifically declared by the respective faculty during the coverage of syllabus.

- Coad, Peter & Edward Y.: Object Oriented Analysis, Englewood Cliffs
- 2. Kroenke,DavidM.
  - :DatabaseProcessing:FundamentalDesignImplementation,MacMillanPress
- 3. McFaden, FredR. & HofferJ. A.: Database Management, Benjamin/Cummings Pub. Co
- 4. Listofcasesandspecificreferencesincludingresearchpapers, articles and books will be announced int heclass.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	IC	32	BUSINESSINTELLIGENCEANDDATAMINING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

To provideyouwith atheoreticalandpracticalunderstanding of coredatamining concepts andtechniques; andtoprovide you with hands-on experience in applying these techniques to practical real-world business problems using commercial datamining software.

#### CourseStructure:

### **→**IntroductiontodataMining-

Overview, goals of datamining, Myths about datamining, The Data Mining process

#### **⇒**DataExtraction

# and Manipulation-

theRelationalDataModelandRelationalDBMS,EnterpriseReporting,RelationalAlgebra,SQ L:

**TheRelationalQueryLanguage** 

- → OLAP and Multidimensional Data Analysis-Datawarehousing and Multidimensional Databases, Data Quality, Summarization and Data Cubes, OLAPToolsand Pivot Tables
- → Data Exploration and Dimension Reduction-Data Summarization and Visualization, Association & Market- BasedAnalysis,Frequent Itemset and AssociationRule Mining,Sequential patterns
- → Classification and Predictive Modeling-Decision Tree induction, Model Evaluation and Interpretation, PredictiveModeling Using Neural Networks,Introduction to Neural Networks, Neural Networks vs. Regression, Using XLMinerforAssociationRuleMining, Findingclusters withXLMiner,UsingXLMinertobuilddecisiontrees

- 1. AliABMShawkatandWasimiSalehA:DataMining;MethodandTechnique,CengagePublication
- 2. L.T., Moss, S. Atre, A. Wesley: Business Intelligence Roadmap: The Complete Project Lifecycle for Decision Support Applications, Information, Technology Series.
- 3. Ralph Hughes: Agile Data Warehousing; Delivering World-Class Business Intelligence Systems Using ScrumandXP, CeregenicsInc.
- 4. S.Rizzi&M.Golfarelli:DataWarehouseDesign;ModernPrinciplesandMethodologies,TataMcGraw-HillEducation.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB IC 33 ENTERPRISERESOURCEPLANNING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the course is to introduce students to enterprise system applications appropriate for knowledgemanagement, a strategic resource allocation process, involving transactions, interactions and relationships among data and people with global, complex business or ganizations.

#### CourseStructure

- ►IntroductiontoERP-OverviewandEvolutionofERP-IIthroughMRP,MRP-II&ERP;OpportunitiesandProblemsofERP;IdentifyingBenefitsofERP;Conceptual ModelofERP; ERPandtheCompetitive Advantage.
- →Understanding Business Processes-Concept of Business Process; Rethinking of the Processes; Emergence of Re- engineering Concept; Identification of Re-engineering Needs; Preparing and Conducting Business Process Re- engineering
- ⇒ERP Implementation-ERP Implementation Lifecycle; Implementation Methodology; Hidden Costs; Organizing theImplementation Vendors, Consultants and Users; Contracts with Vendors, Consultants and Employees; ProjectManagementandMonitoring;Pre &PostERP ImplementationIssues
- ➡Modules of ERP-Introduction to Basic Modules of ERP System: HRD Personnel Management; Training andDevelopment; Skill Inventory; Material Planning and Control -Inventory; Forecasting; Manufacturing – ProductionPlanning; Production Scheduling; Production Control; Sales and Distribution; Finance; Resource Management inglobalscenario;Add-onModules- SCM,CRM,TMS etc.
- ➡The ERP Market-Issue of Standard Vs. Customized ERP Solution; ERP Packages at Market Introduction to SAPAG, Baan Company, Oracle Corporation, People Soft, JD Edwards
  World Solutions Company, System
- → CSAttware Associates regression of ERP Exchanges and Modules. Ilydeclared by the respective faculty during the coverage of syllabus.

- 1. AlexisLeon :ERPDemystified, TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi
- 2. GargV.K.&Venkitakrishnan NK :EnterpriseResourcePlanning-Concepts &Practice",PHI,NewDelhi
- 3. RahulVAltekar,P. :EnterpriseResourcePlanning,TheoryandPractice,PrenticeHallofIndia
- 4. Applegate, L.M., Austin, R.D. & McFarlan, F.W.: Creating Business Advantage in the Information Age, McGraw-Hill
- 5. Monk, E. & Wagner, B. :Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning, Thomson Course Technology
- 6. Olson,D.L. :ManagerialIssuesofEnterpriseResourcePlanningSystems,McGraw-Hill
- 7. Sandoe, K., Corbitt, G. & Boykin, R. :EnterpriseIntegration, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 8. JohnAntonio :TheSAP/3Handbook, TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi





# MB IC 33 ENTERPRISERESOURCEPLANNING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

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The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



MB	Ю	31	SOFTWAREPROJECTMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

TheaimofthispaperistoacquaintthestudentsofMBAProgramspecializinginInformationtechnology withvariousaspectsofSoftwa re Project Management

#### CourseStructure:

#### ⇒Introduction-

FundamentalsofSoftwareProjectManagement(SPM),NeedIdentification.VisionandScopeDocument,ProjectManagem entCycle, SPM Objectives, ManagementSpectrumSPM Framework

- ⇒Software Project Planning-Steps in Project Planning, Software Project Planning, Planning Objectives,
  - of Project Plans, Projection and Estimation, Software Project Management Plan, Creating the Work Breakdown Structure.
  - Identifying the Tasks and Activities, Estimating Duration and Cost, Manpower Planning, Project QualityPlanning,
- → Project Organization-Software Development Process, Assigning Resources, Choosing an Organizational Form Software Architecture, Management Strategies and Techniques

#### ⇒ ProjectScheduling-

ActivitySequencing,NetworkDiagram,ScheduleDevelopment.ScheduleCompressionTechniques. Software ProjectSchedulingTools

# ⇒ ProjectMonitoringandControl-

SoftwareMetrics,SoftwareTesting,SoftwareQualityAssurance,SoftwareConfigurationManageme nt,MeasureProductiv ity,TakingcorrectiveActions,SeniorManagementReviewMeetings, ProjectsAudit andReview,

→ Project Risk-Risk Assessment, Risk analysis- Qualitative and Quantitative, Prioritization of Risks RiskResponsePlanningMonitoringtheRisk

#### ⇒CaseStudiesREFERENCE

R T Futrell D F Shafer & I		

- 2. P.Jalote:SoftwareProjectManagementinPractice,PearsonEducationAsia Limited&TsinghuaUniversityPress
- 3. R.B. Kelsey :SoftwareProjectManagement:MeasuresforImprovingPerformance,ManagementConceptsPub.
- 4. SoftwareProjectManagement

:FromConceptstoDevelopment,CoriolisGroup

5. B.B.Agarwal, S.Dhall, S.P.Tayal

:SoftwareProjectManagement,UniversitySciencePress

6. A.SinghandK.K.Singh

: Software Project Management, Umesh Publications

7. G.P.Sudhakar

:ElementsofSoftwareProjectmanagement,PHI

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark	
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MB	Ю	31	SOFTWAREPROJECTMANAGEMENT	
Cou	rseOb	jective:	TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The	The	ory pa	per will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
reas	sons	in not	more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
two	Stion	s, out	of which one set will be long answer type and two will have parts	
A&E	3.The	elastqu ytwo op	estion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutofotionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
Ses	siona	als:Cla	ssTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30
Tata	N A = al		Writeúp, Presentation and Participation	400

TotalMarks



MB	Ю	32	e-GOVERNANCE

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims to develop an understanding of the importance of IT (Information Technology) in bringing aboutdevelopments in the affairs of public life. It intends to develop an awareness of the e-governance technology, being used for delivering public services and the issues concerning the Cybersecurity.

#### CourseStructure:

►Introduction-Overview of e-Government and e-Governance, Stages of e-Governance, National E-Governance Plan(NeGP), MissionMode Projectsandtheirimplementationstatus

# ⇒e-GovernanceSystems-e-

GovernanceSystemsDevelopmentPractices,BusinessProcessReengineeringinGovernment, Governance successstories and implementation challenges

**⇒e-Governance Practices**- e-Governance Project Management Practices, Models of e-Governance Projects, Securitythreats and Cyber Forensics

# **⇒**CyberSecurity-

SymmetricandAsymmetriccryptography(includingCreditCard/Electronicdatacapture),Establishingsecuritynormsincy
berspace[ISO270001],Cybersecurityandcyberauditimplicationsfore-governance

⇒ContemporaryIssues-ChangeManagementIssues,ITAct2000andtherelatedcasesinIndia

## REFERENCE

- 1. Gupta,M.P.(ed.) :Promiseofe-Governance,TataMcGrawHill, :TechnologyinGovernment,GIFTPublishing,
- Bagga,R.K.andGuptaP.(ed.):TransformingGo vernment:e-

GovernanceInitiativesinIndia,ICFAIPress,H yderabad,

- 4. B.A.Forouzan :CryptographyAndNetworkSecurity,TataMcGrawHill, 5. Gupta,M.P.,KumarP.,&Bhattacharya,J.:GovernmentOnline,TataMcGraw-Hill,
- 6. H.Richard :ImplementingandManaginge-Government,SagePublications,
- 7. V.Sharma :HandbookofCyber Laws,MacmillanIndia Ltd.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.  Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB IO 33 DIGITALINCLUSIONFORDEVELOPMENT
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### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

TheaimofthispaperistoacquaintthestudentsofMBAprogramspecializinginInformationTechnologywith digitalinclusionproje

ctsindevelopingcountriesand,inparticularfocusesonprocessesofinstitutionalizationofsuchprojects.

### CourseStructure:

### ⇒Introduction-

Meaningof Digital Inclusion, Bridging the Digital Divide, Connecting People in Rural Communities → Means or digital inclusion-Rural Kiosks in India, Models of Communitye-Centers for the Poor, Conducive Environment for Promoting Communitye-centers, Digital Inclusion: Public Private Partnership

### **→**Case studiesREFERENCE

1.	S.KrishnaandS.N	Madon(Ed.):TheDigitalChallengeAshgatePublishingLtd.,		
2.	C Avegeron	'InformationSystems and global Diversity Oxford University Press		

3. M.Castells :EndofMillennium,Blackwell,Publishing

4. O.Manzer :DigitalInclusionforDevelopment:SouthAsia'sBeste-contents,DigitalEmpowermentfoundation

5. Buildinge-CommunityCentersforRuraldevelopment:ReportoftheRegionalWorkshop,Bali,Indonesia,8-14December, 2004

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be eattempted.  Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Partic	
Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Partic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



MB IO 33 DIGITALINCLUSIONFORDEVELOPMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)



#### MB MC 31 CONSUMERBEHAVIOR

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Objective of this course on Consumer Behavior is topresent a comprehensive coverage of the subjectwith examples from the Indian Scenario. This course also challenges students to understand the complexities of consumer needs and perceptions and translate them into effective Marketing Strategies. The course will be based on real life case-studies fromIndianenvironment.

#### CourseStructure:

⇒UnderstandingConsumerBehavior-

IntroductiontoConsumerBehavior;ConsumerBehaviorandtheMarketingConcepts;FactorsinfluencingConsumer

Behavior

**→**ConsumerDecisionmakingprocess-

ConceptofConsumerDecision;LevelsofConsumerDecisionMaking;AModelofConsumerDecisionMaking

**→**ConsumerMotivation-

The concepts of motivation; Maslow's Theory of Motivation; Role of Motives in Guiding Behavior; Involvement of Consumer

- ⇒ ConsumerLearning and Experience-Introductions to Consumer Learning; Learning Theories; Brand Equity and Brand Loyalty
- **⇒**GroupInfluenceonConsumption-

Roleofreferencegroups;Effectofreferencegroupsonconsumerdecisionmaking;Examplesofendorsement bycelebrities

- ⇒InfluenceofCultureonConsumerBehavior-ConceptofCulture:ThemeasurementofCulture:IndianCoreValues:Cultural aspectsofemergingmarkets
- ⇒ Values, Lifestyles, and Psychographics-

ImpactofValues, Lifestyles and Psychographics on buying behavior; Demographics, Lifestyles and Psychographics; Values and Value Systems

**→**OrganizationalBuvingBehavior-

DifferencebetweenConsumerandorganizationalbuying; CharacteristicsofOrganizationalBuying; Factors affecting Organizational Buying

- ⇒e-ConsumerBehavior-e-Business; Applicationsto ConsumerBehavior; The Computer Age.
- ⇒ Changing Indian Consumer Behavior-Drivers of Change; Changing Consumer Trends; Rural Consumer Behavior; New Consumption Patrons

#### REFERENCE

12. S.R.

- D.L.Loudon, J.Albert Della Bitta
  - :ConsumerBehavior;ConceptsandApplications,TataMcGrawHillPublishingCompanyLimited
- 2. D.I.Hawkins, R.J.Best, and K.A. Coney: Consumer Behhavior: Building Marketing Stra tegy, TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCompanyLimited.

3. F.R. :ConsumerBehaviorandManagerialDecisionMaking,PrenticeHallofIndiaPrivateLimited

:ConsumerBehaviorandMarketingAction,ThomsonAsia PteLtd.

K.K.Śrivastava, S.Khandai

:ConsumerBehaviorinIndianContext,GalgotiaPublishingCompany.

- L.G.Schiffman, L. L.Kanuk, & S.R.Kumar: Consumer Behavior, Pearson Education Inc.
- M.Evans, A.Jamal, &G.Foxall:ConsumerBehavior, JohnWiley&SonsLTD.
- :ConsumerBehavior, NewAgeInternationalPublishers. M.Khan
- 9. M.R.Solomon :ConsumerBehaviorBuying,HavingandBeing,PHILearningPrivateLimited 10. R.Majumdar:ConsumerBehavior:Insights fromIndianMarket,PHILearningPrivate Limited.
- 11. R.D.Blackwell, P.W.Miniard, & J.F. Engel: Consumer Behavior, Cengage Learning India Private Limite d.
- :ConsumerBehaviorConsumerBehavior&MarketingResearch,HimalayaPub.House.
- 13. W.D.Hoyer&D.J.MacInnis: ConsumerBehavior, Houghton Mifflin Co. USA.

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MB	MC	31	CONSUMERBEHAVIOR

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MC MB INTEGRATEDMARKETINGCOMMUNICATION

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

To familiarize the students with the different elements of Integrated marketing communications, so that they can look atmarketing communications with a holistic approach. The course is designed to enable the students to learn the basics ofmarketingcommunications.

#### CourseStructure:

→Introduction: Concept of Integrated Marketing Communications (IMC), Process and Role of **IMC** Marketing, Promotionmixin Advertising(Classificationofadvertising,types,advertisingappropriation,advertisingcampaig ns), Sales Promotion (Differ

enttypesofSalesPromotion,relationshipbetweenSalespromotionandadvertising)

,Publicity (Types of

Publicity.

relationshipbetween advertising and publicity), Personal Selling, Directmarketing and direct responsemethods, Interactive/InternetMarketing

⇒Objectives for

IMC

Programs: Determining Promotional Objectives. establishing and allocating promotional budget

**DAGMAR** approach,

- →IMC Message Design-The Creative concept development; the creative processes of the different forms of IMC; AIDA model Considerations for creative idea Visualization. (Creative planning, creative strategy development, Communications appeals and execution, Message strategy design considerations, Source of the message, Messageintegration, Advertorials and Infomercials, Client Evaluation and approval of Creative Strategy/work.
- → Media Management-Media Types and their characteristics: Setting Media objectives: Considerina mediaconcepts; Mediaplanning; MediaStrategy; Mediabuying; Cross mediaconcept; and mediaresearch.
- ⇒ FacilitatorsinIMC-Advertising Agencies –

theirrole, functions, organisation, Remuneration, clientagen cyrelationship. Planning; Hoarding Contractors; Printers, etc.

account

- **⇒**EthicsandsocialresponsibilityinIMCcampaigns
- **⇒**Emerging Concepts and Issues Marketing

#### CommunicationsREFERENCE

Aaker&Myers :AdvertisingManagement,PrenticeHallInc.

- $Borden \& Marshall: Advertising Management; MV\ Taraporevala Sons' CoPvt. Ltd, Richard DIrwin Inc. Homewood, Illinois.$ 2..
- :FoundationsofAdvertisingTheory&Practice;HimalayaPublishingHouse Chunawala&Sethia
- Copley Paul: Marketing Communications Management Concepts & theories, Cases and Practices; Butterworth-HeinemannPublication

5. :IntegratedMarketingCommunications,TMH

6. KennethClow&DonaldBaack:IntegratedAdvertising,Promotion,&MarketingCommunications,PearsonEducation,Limited

7. :AdvertisingProcedure;PrenticeHallInc. OttoKelppner

- :AdvertisingManagement;HimalayaPublishingHouse 8. Rathore RahtzDonR :IntegratedMarketingCommunication;CengageLearning
- 10. Sandage, Fryburger & Rotzoll :AdvertisingTheory&Practices;RichardDIrwin Inc.,Homewood,Illinois 11. SirajM Joseph &RahtzDon R :IntegratedMarketingCommunication-AStrategicApproach,Cengage Learning
- Wells, Burnett & Mariarity :AdvertisingPrinciples&Practices;PrenticeHallofIndia
- 13. Wright, Warner, Winter & Zeigler: Advertising, McGraw Hill Education



MB	MC	32	INTEGRATEDMARKETINGCOMMUNICATION

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



#### CUSTOMERRELATIONSHIPMANAGEMENT MB MC

**CourseObjective:** TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The paper is designed to impart the skill based knowledge of Customer Relationship Management. T hesyllabusencompasses almost the entire aspect of the subject. The purpose of the syllabus is to not just make the students aware of the concepts and practices of CRM in modern businesses but also enable them to design suitable practices and programsfor the companythey would be working.

#### CourseStructure:

# ⇒CustomerRelationshipManagementFundamentals-

Theoretical perspectives of relationship, Evolution of relationship marketing, Purpose of relation shipmarketing, Approachto

wardsmarketing: Aparadigmshift, Historical Perspectives, CRMDefinitions, Emergence of CR keholdersinCRM.SignificanceofCRM.TypesofCRM.Success Mpractice:,CRMcvcle,Sta FactorsinCRM.CRMImplem

entation. PeoplefactorinCRM

**→**DimensionsofCustomerRelationshipManagement

CustomerSatisfaction: Meaning, Definition, Significance, Components of Customer Satisfaction, Custo merSatisfaction

Models.Rationale ofCustomerSatisfaction

CustomerLoyalty: Meaning, Definition, Significance, CustomerLoyalty, CustomerLoyalty L adder, Loyalty Principles, Benefits of Customer Loyalty,

Dimensions of Customer Loyalty, Determinants of

CustomerLoyalty, DriversofCustomerLoyalty

Service Quality: Meaning and Definition of Service Quality, Types of Service Quality, Service Quality Dimensions, Service Quality Gaps.

⇒CustomerRelationshipManagement:TechnologyDimensions-E-

e-CRM.Advantagesof CRMinBusiness, CRM: Achanging Perspective, Features of e-CRM, Technologies of

e- CRM, Voice Portals, Web Phones, BOTs.

Virtual Customer Representative, Customer Relationship Portals, Functional DatabaseManagement: Components of CRM, Database Construction. Warehousing, architecture, Data Mining. Characteristics, Data Miningtools and techniques, Meaning, Significance, Advantages, Call Center, Multimedia Contact Center, Important CRMsoftwares.

Concepts and Perspectives in **⇒**Emeraina Relationship Management: Tobeannounced by the Teacher at thebeginningofthe session

# REFERENCE

1. KristinAnderson, Carol Kerr: Customerrelationshipmanagement, McGraw-Hill Professional

:CustomerRelationshipManagement:Organizational&TechnologicalPerspectives,Springer 2. FedericoRajola

3. RajendraKumarSugandhi :CustomerRelationshipManagement,NewAgeInternational

4. JagdishN. Sheth :Customerrelationshipmanagement:,EmergingConcepts,Tools,&Applications,TataMcGraw-HillEducation

5. GerhardRaab :Customerrelationshipmanagement:aGlobalPerspective,GowerPublishing,Ltd.

6. Ed Peelen :CustomerRelationshipManagement,PearsonEducationIndia :CustomerRelationshipManagement,Butterworth-Heinemann 7. FrancisButtle

:CustomerRelationshipManagement:GettingItRight,PrenticeHallProfessional JudithW.Kincaid :CustomerRelationshipManagement:AStrategicApproach,GlobalIndiaPublications LakshmanJha

10. AlokKr. Rai :CustomerRelationshipManagement: ConceptsandCases,PHI



# MB MC 33 CUSTOMERRELATIONSHIPMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	MO	31	SERVICESMARKETING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of this course is to develop insights into emerging trends in the service sector in a developing economy likeIndia.Further,thecourseinServicesMarketingisintendedtobroadenstudents'viewofmarketin gtogiveanunderstandingofho wmarketingispractisedinserviceorganizationsandhowit willbemanagedinthefuture.

#### CourseStructure:

# ⇒IntroductiontoServicesMarketing-

EmergenceofServicesEconomy;NatureandDefinitionsofServices;Classification of Different, Types of Services; Differences in Goods versus Services Marketing; Services MarketingMix;TrendsinServicesMarketing

- ⇒Understanding Consumers' Behavior for Services-Consumer Purchase Behavior in services; Consumer DecisionMaking Process; Meaning and Types of Service Expectations; Services Encounters and Consumer Satisfaction; Segmenting, TargetingandPositioningofServices.
- ⇒Services Marketing Mix-New Service Development and Blueprint; Services Product Strategies;
  Approaches toPricingServicesandPricingStrategies; DesigningtheServiceCommunicationMix; Brandin gofServices; DistributingServices—ContextandOptions; Physical EvidenceofaService.

# ⇒EffectiveServiceDeliveryProcess-

UnderstandingCapacityConstraintsandDemandPatterns;StrategiesforMatching Capacity and Demand; Waiting Line Strategies; Designing and Managing Service Processes; Employees'andCustomers'Role inService Delivery

- ⇒Implementing Service Marketing-Service Quality Measurement and Improvement of Service Quality; ConsumerComplaint Behavior; Consumer Response to Effective Service Recovery; Principles of Service Recovery; CRM inServices
- → Contemporary Issues in Services Marketing The content of the unit depends upon the recent developments in the field of services marketing, which would be declared by the respective faculty during the coverage of syllabus.

  REFERENCE
- 1. Lovelock, Christopher H. :Services Marketing, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. ZeithamlV.A.&BitnerM.J.:ServicesMarketing,TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi
- 3. VermaH.V. :MarketingofServices, GlobalBusinessPress, NewDelhi
- 4. K.E Clow&DavidLKurtz :ServicesMarketing,Biztantra
- 5. Govind Apte :ServicesMarketing,OxfordPublications
- 6. Swartz&Iacobucci :HandbookofServicesMarketing&Management,SagePublications.
- 7. Hoffman&Bateson :ServicesMarketing, CengageLearning, NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark	
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MB MO 31 SERVICESMARKETING	
CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there	70
willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil	
IhavetwopartsA	
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.  Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100
Totalivarks	100



#### INTERNATIONALMARKETINGMANAGEMENT MB MO

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This paper deals with a broad conceptual focus on the marketing management problems, techniques and strategiesnecessary to incorporate the marketing concept into the framework of the world market place. The present courseexploresthose aspects of marketing which are unique to international business.

#### CourseStructure:

# ⇒ImportanceandChallengeofInternationalMarketing-

DefinitionofInternationalMarketing:DomesticMarketing Vs. International Marketing; Categories of International marketing Involvements; International MarketingTask; Nature ofInternationalMarketingManagement:

- ⇒Analysis of International Marketing Environment and Identifying Foreign Markets -Political Considerations and Governmental Influences; Cultural and Social Dynamics; Economic Development and Geographical Conditions; Competitive Conditions; Legaland Financial Influences.
- ⇒International Marketing Intelligence and Research Analysis of World Market; Market analysis; Purposes and Methods; Marketing Intelligence; International Marketing Research.
- **⇒**Planning **Entry** and **Operations** Strategies-Export; Franchise, Joint Ventures: Direct Investment; MultinationalOperations.
- ⇒International Product Policies Strategic Considerations in Making Multinational Decisions: AlternativeStrategiesinMulti-Product nationalProductPlanning;MethodologyinMakingMultinationalproductDecisions.

  InternationalPricingDecisions-

PriceEscalation;InternationalTransferPricing;PricingStrategy;FactorsinfluencingtheEstablishmentofIn ternationalPric es;ExportPricing;DifferentialPricing.

- → International Distribution System and Logistics-International Marketing Channel Decisions; Importance and Scope of Channel Decisions; Channels between Nations; International Physical Distribution Decisions; Nature of Physical Distribution; The Systems Concept; Trade Terms; Structure of International Physical Distribution.
- **⇒**InternationalMarketingCommunication-

CommunicationwithForeignBuyers;PlanningandPreparingInternationalPromotionalProgrammes;Med iaStructure; Pla nningMediaStrategy; Cooperative Advertising.

**⇒**EmergingIssuesandDevelopmentsinInternationalMarketing-

Tobeannouncedatthebeginningofthesession.

#### REFERENCE

1 :InternationalMarketing-AnalysisandStrategy,Taylor&Francis 2. Varshney&Bhattacharya :InternationalMarketingManagement,SultanChand&Sons 3. S.C.Jain :InternationalMarketingManagement,Boston:KentPublishing

4. S.Hollensen, A.Thornhill, P.Lewis :GlobalMarketing-ADecisionOriented Approach,PearsonEdu.Limited

5. WarrenJ. Keegan :GlobalMarketingManagement,PearsonEducationIndia

6. M.R.Czinkota&I.A.Ronkainen :InternationalMarketing,CengageLearning 7. Fayerweather, John :InternationalMarketing,PrenticeHallInc 8. Sarathy, RandV. Terpstra :InternationalMarketing,DrydenPress

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S



# MB MO 32 INTERNATIONALMARKETINGMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	70
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
which any two options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



MB	MO	33	RURALMARKETING

**CourseObjective:** TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the course is to familiarize the participants with conceptual understanding of Rural M arketingpracticesinIndianco ntext.

# CourseStructure:

Concept&Scope, Attractiveness & Challenges of Rural Markets. Rural vs. UrbanMarkets.

RuralMarketingEnvironment-

RuralMarketinIndia, SizeandScope, Environmentand Emerging Profile of RuralMarkets in India

RuralConsumerBehavior-RuralConsumersDimensions-

Buying Decision Process, Marketing Mixfor Rural Marketing,

ResearchingRuralMarket-

Researchapproach, Rural Marketing Information System, Diffusion of Innovation

- RuralMarketingStrategies:
  - ⇒ RuralMarketSegmentation-BasisandStrategies, PositioningStrategiesforRuralMarket.

⇒ ProductStrategyProductPlanning&StrategiesforRuralMarkets,NewProductDevelopment:ConsumerAdoptionProce
ss,Product Mix.

PricingPolices InnovationinPricingoftheProducts.

- ⇒ PricingStrategiesforRuralMarkets-PricingPolices,InnovationinPricingoftheProducts.
- ➤ Communication Strategy-Challenges in Rural Communication, Advertising and Sales Promotion for RuralMarkets, Setting Communication Objectives, Rural Media: Media Innovation, Branding in Rural India, BrandLoyaltyVsStickiness, Fake Brands-Strategiesto CounterFakesBrands.
- **➡ Distribution Strategy-**Issues in Rural Distribution Channels, Tapping the Rural Markets, Rural DistributionStrategies, RuralRetailing, Haats/Shandies, Vans&Mobile Stores, Innovation in Rural Distribution System.

### REFERENCE

1. P.Kashyap&S.Raut :RuralMarketing,Biztantra

:RuralMarketing,VikasPublishingHouse 2. T.P.GopalSwamy

3. B.Dogra&K. Ghuman :RuralMarketing,TMH

4. S.K.Velayudhan :RuralMarketing,SAGEPublication 5. U.C.Mathur :RuralMarketing,ExcelBooks, 6. CGKrishnamacharyulu,L.Ramakrishnan:RuralMarketing,PearsonEducation

:RuralMarketing,HPH, HabeebUrRahman

8. SukhpalSingh :RuralMarketing,VikasPublishers :RuralMarketing,HPH,Agricultural MinoutiKamat&R.Krishnamoorthy

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	



MB MO 33 RURALMARKETING	
CourseObjective: TotalPer	riods:40(4Credits)
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Cassianala (Class Tack) (Oviens a la varia de 10 hanta de 10 NA/vita de 10 hanta de 10 han	and Double 20
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,Presentation ipation	iandPartic 30
TotalMarks	100



MB	OC	31	LOGISTICSANDSUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Theobjectiveofthiscourseistodeveloptheunderstandingofvariouscomponentsofintegratedsupplychain .Thelearningisfocusedon developingthesupplychaintosuitnotonlythedomesticoperationsbutalsothe globaloperations.

# CourseStructure:

- ⇒The Foundation of Supply Chain Management-Overview and Evolution of Supply Chain Management; SupplyChain Concepts and Models; Strategic Fit Concept of SCM; SCM- An Organization Spanning Activity; SCM as a Toolto Gain Competitive Advantage.
- ⇒ Key Processes of Supply Chain Management-Supply Chain Planning; Purchasing in Chain: ChainNetworkDesign&Manufacturing;InventoryandWarehousinginSCM;SupplyChainTra nsportationDecisions.
- ⇒SCMEnablers-Tools and Techniques of Information & Communication Technology (ICT) in Chain; Supply Chain Forecasting; Buyer-Supplier VlaguS Partnership; Customer Relationship Issuesin SCM
- ⇒SCM Administration-Supply Chain Cost Analysis & Pricing; Supply Chain Risk Management; HR Issues in SCM; SupplyChainPerformance Measurement
- → Contemporary Issues in SCM-The content of the unit depends upon the recent developments in the field of SCMsuch as Lean Approach; Green SCM; Reverse Logistics etc., which would be specifically declared by the respectivefacultyduringthe coverage of syllabus.

- 2. :SupplyChainManagement,PearsonPub.,NewDelhi :SupplyChainManagement,MacmillanPress,NewDelhi ChopraSunil&MeindellP.
- 3.
- Shah J. :SupplyChainManagement,MacmillanPress,NewDelhi
  Shah J. :SupplyChainManagement,PearsonPub.,NewDelhi
  BallouR.H. :BusinessLogistics/SCM,PearsonPub., NewDelhi
  DavidSimchi-Levietal.:Designing andManaging the SupplyChain:Concepts,Strategies,andTest
  Studies,McGraw-Hill.
  JeremyF.Shapiro :ModelingtheSupplyChain Duvburg
- 7. TerryP.Harrison.etal.ed. :The Practice ofSupplyChainManagement:WhereTheoryandApplicationConverg e,KluwerAcademicPublishers.
- 8. MentzerJohnT. :SupplyChainManagement,SagePublication,NewDelhi
  9. SahayB.S. :SupplyChainManagementforGlobalCompetitiveness,MacMillanPublication,NewDelhi.
  10. BurtDoblerandStarling :WorldClassSupplyManagement, TataMcgrawHill.
  11. CoyleBondiand
- - Langely :TheManagementofBusinessLogistics:ASupplyChainPerspective,ThomsonSouthWestern

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S



MB	OC	31	LOGISTICSANDSUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	70
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be eattempted.  Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Partic	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



#### MB OC 32 **OPERATIONSPLANNING**

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course will critically explore the various dimensions of planning that are needed for **Operations** 

ProductionManagement.OperationsManagementhasbeenanindispensablecomponentofallm anufacturingandserviceorganiz ations. The focus of the paper will be to acquaint learners with the various planning dimensions and areas that arethebasisofaneffective operationsstrategy.

#### CourseSstructure:

# Introduction-Explaining the relationship of operations management to other aspects of the organization's operations

⇒ Anoverview of operations strategy and its importance to the firm.

→ Designofproducts/services and processes and how this relatest to operations and supply.

→ The concept of sustainability in operations management.

- → Operations Managementas astrategic process.
- ⇒ Processes in Operations Management; Role and Relevance of Planning Function in Operations Management ement.

# **Application:**

- ⇒Systems used in operations management: Manufacturing Resource Planning II (MRPII); Optimized Production Techniques (OPT) and Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP).
- ⇒ Differentmethodsofgualitymeasurement(e.g.Servgual).
- ⇒DemandManagement(TheMade-to-stock,theAssemble-toorder, make to order environment, sales and operations planning, production master scheduling, dealing with customers on a day-to-day basis, Information use in DemandManagement,monitoringcustomer relationshipmanagement. outboundproductflow, CANBAN)
- ⇒Externalqualitystandards(e.g.forVendors,Suppliers,Dealers,Agents)
- ⇒Useofprocessmapstopresenttheflowofinformationand productsin:a)Manufacturing, b)Serviceindustries.
- ➡ProcessAutomation(Simulation, Automation, Robots, Grouptechnology, Flexible, Manufacturing Sys
- ➡Methods of managing operational capacity in product and service delivery (e.g. use of queuing theory, forecasting, flexiblemanufacturing systems).

  Application of leantechniques to services; The characteristics of lean production; Criticisms and limitations.
- nsofleanproduction.
- ⇒ Practices of continuous improvement (e.g. Quality circles, Kaizen, 5S, 6Sigma).
- → Developing relationships with suppliers, including the use of supply portfolios.
- ⇒ContemporaryissuesandpracticesinOperationsPlanning(otherProductionSystems,Econo micConsiderations, leancurrent and re-engineering)

#### REFERENCE

1. Stevenson, J. William :OperationsManagement,McGraw-HillIrwin

2. Plossl, G.W.

: Production and Inventory Control; Principles and Techniques, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, Prentice-Hall

3. PhillipF.OstwaldandJairoMunoz:ManufacturingProcessesandSystems;WileyIndia

4. JayHeizerandBarryRender :OperationsManagement;PrenticeHall

5. Monks, Joseph G., :OperationsManagement;TheoryandProblems,McGraw-Hill

6. MikellP. Groover, :FundamentalsofModernManufacturing;WileyIndia



# MB OC 32 OPERATIONSPLANNING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Ci	redits)
PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	OC	33	MATERIALMANAGEMENT

**CourseObjective:** TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

TheaimofthisistomakestudentsoptingforOperationasspecializationproficienti

material

nvariousaspectsof management.

### CourseStructure:

- **► Introduction-**Dynamics of Materials Management. Materials Management at Micro-level. Materials Management atmacro-level. InventoriesofMaterials. Totalconcept.Definition. ABrief historyofdevelopment.
- **→ Forecasting and objectives-**Systems Design. Control of the flow of materials. Forecasting and planning. Forecastingmethods. Object of Material Management.
- → Planning, Purchasing and Procurement-Mapping the materials plan work. The materials cycle and flow controlsystem. Materials Budget. Purchasing principle, procedure and practices. Fundamental objective of purchasing. Responsibilities and limitation, source of supply and supplier selection, supplier qualities assurance program. Buyerhassupplierrelationships.

# StoreManagementandOperations-

Storagesystems.Storelocationandlayout.Developmentsofstorage-centralize decentralize. Standardization and Variety Reduction, Material codification and its Advantage and Disadvantages.

# ComputerizationofMaterialManagem

#### ent-

MaterialRequirementPlanning(MRP)FoundationforMaterialsRequirementPlanning, Importance of Planning Parameters. Understanding the Impact of MRP.

#### REFERENCE

A.K.Dutta :MaterialManagement;ProcedureTextandCase,PrenticeHallofIndia

2. P.GopalKrrishanan&NSunderasion:MaterialManagement:AnIntegratedApproach,PHI,Learning

3. A.K.Singh :MaterialManagement,LakshmiPublication(P)LTD.

StanCMcdonald: MaterialManagement: An Executive Supplychain Guide, John Wiley & Sons.

AsitK.ghosh&PremKumar:MaterialManagement,AnmolPublicationsPvt.Ltd.

J.R.Tony,Arnold,S.&N.Chapaman:IntroductiontoMaterialManagement,PrenticeHal S.Chatterji :AppliedMaterialManagement.SagePublication

8. S.S.Katoch :MataerialManagement,AnmolPublicationPvtLtd.

:MaterialManagementandPurchasing,R.D.Irwin1980 9. D.SAmmer

10. WilliamR.Steizer:MaterialManagement,PrenticeHall

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two	70



A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
MB OC 33 MATERIALMANAGEMENT	
CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB COMPUTERAIDEDDESIGNANDMANUFACTURING 00 31

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Themainpurpose of this paper is to make the students of MBA, specializing in Operations Manageme nt(OM)familiarwith CAD/CAMsystem.

## CourseStructure:

- ⇒ Fundamentals of CAD-Introduction. The CAD system Definition, Reasons for Implementing CAD. DesignProcess Shigley Model, Pahl and Beitz Model, Gshuga Model Farle Model. Applications of Computer. Design -Geometrics Modeling. Engineering Analysis Designing Review and Evaluation. Automated of Computers Aideddesign. Creating the Manufacturing Database.
- ⇒ CADSystemHardware-Introduction. The Design Workstation. Graphics Terminal—Image Generation in Computer Graphics. Graphics Terminals for CAD – Directed Beam Refresh Tube (DBRT), Direct View Storage Tube (DVST), Rosters Scan terminal (Digital TV). Graphics Input Devices - Cursor Control Devices, Digitizer, Keyboard, Terminals, Graphics Output Devices – Pen Plotters, Hardcopy Unit, Electrostatic Plotters, computer –output – to – Microfilm (COM) Units. Mode of operations – Hard Copy Mode, On-Line Mode, Off Line Mode, remoteMode, CAD SystemConfiguration.
- $\Rightarrow$  CADSystemSoftware-Introduction.GraphicsSoftware-TheSoftwareConfigurationofGraphicsSystem.Function Graphic Package – Generation of Graphic Elements, Transformation and Display.Rendering –rasterizing Polygons, Hidden Surface Elimination. Z-Buffer Algorithm Scan Line. Anti-Aliasing SamplingorPostfiltering, AreaSamplingorPre-Filtering, PixelPhasing, StochasticSampling. ReflectionShading— Zgouraud Shading, Phong Shading.
- ⇒ Principles of interactive Computer Graphics-Graphics Preliminaries, Point Plotter and Drawing of Lines. LineDrawing Algorthim - DDA Algorthim, Bresanham's Line Algorthim, Bresanham's Circle Algorithm -Properties of Circles, Eclipse Generating Algorthim.
- ⇒Numerical Control Production System-Introduction. What is Numerical Control (NC)? The NC Procedures. NCCoordinateSystems-FixedZeroandFloatingZero,AbsolutePositioningandIncrementalPositioning.Elementsof NC System - Machine Control Unit, Part Program, Machine Tool. Classification of NC Systems - Point to Point, StraightCut.

- REFERENCE
  1. UlrichRembold,&R.Dillmann:Computer—AidedDesign&Manufacturing:MethodsandTools,Springer—Verlag
- MikellP.Groover, &EmoryW. Simmers, Jr. : CAD/CAM: ComputerAidedDesign& Manufacturing, PearsonEducationIndia.
- NicholasMPalrikalakis,&TakachiMaekawa:ShapeInterrogationforComputerAidedDesign&Manufacturing,Springer 3.
- K.LalitNarayan, K.Mallikarjuna
  - Rao,&M.M.Sarcar:ComputerAidedDesign&Manufacturing,PHILearningPvt ltd,
- 5. FaridM.LAmirouche:PrinciplesofComputer AidedDesign&Manufacturing,PearsonPrenticeHall,
- 6. P.N. Rao :CAD/CAM:PrinciplesandApplications,TataMcgrawHillEducation
- 7. IbrahimZeid :MasteringCAD/CAM,TataMcgrawHill
- 8. P.N. Rao, N. K. Tiwari, & T. K. Kundra : Computer Aided Manufacturing, Tata Mc Graw Hill Education

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	70
whichanytwo options are required to be eattempted. Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Participation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### ENTERPRISERESOURCEPLANNING MB 00

**CourseObjective:** TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the course is to introduce students to enterprise system application sappropriate for allocation knowledgemanagement. strategicresource process, involving а transactions, interactions and relationships dataand people withglobal, amona complexbusinessorganizations.

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒IntroductiontoERP-OverviewandEvolutionofERP-IIthroughMRP.MRP-II&ERP;OpportunitiesandProblemsofERP;IdentifyingBenefitsofERP;Conceptual ModelofERP: ERPandtheCompetitive Advantage.
- ⇒Understanding Business Processes-Concept of Business Process; Rethinking of the Processes: Emergence of Re- engineering Concept; Identification of Re-engineering Needs: Preparing and Conducting Business Process Re- engineering.
- **⇒ERP Implementation-**ERP Implementation Lifecycle; Implementation Methodology; Hidden Costs: Organizing the Implementation - Vendors, Consultants and Users: with Vendors. Consultants Employees: Contracts and ProjectManagementandMonitoring; Pre & Post ERP ImplementationIssues.
- → Modules of ERP-Introduction to Basic Modules of ERP System: HRD Personnel Management; Training and Development; Skill Inventory; Material Planning and Control -Inventory; Forecasting; Manufacturing - ProductionPlanning; Production Scheduling; Production Control; Sales and Distribution; Finance; Resource Management inglobalscenario; Add-onModules - SCM, CRM, TMS etc.
- ⇒The ERP Market-Issue of Standard Vs. Customized ERP Solution; ERP Packages at Market - Introduction to SAPAG, Baan Company, Oracle Corporation, People Soft, JD Edwards World Solutions Company. System
- → cSoftwareAssociates.lp-g-(SSA),QADetc.;AComparativeAssessmentandSelectionofERP Prackage sand Module Sully declared by the respective faculty during the coverage of syllabus.

- 1. AlexisLeon :ERPDemystified, TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi
- GargV.K. & Venkitakrishnan NK :EnterpriseResourcePlanning-ConceptsandPractice",PHI,NewDelhi 2.
- : EnterpriseResourcePlanning,TheoryandPractice.PrenticeHallofIndia 3. RahulVAltekar, P.
- Applegate, L.M., Austin, R.D. & McFarlan, F.W.: Creating Business Advantage in the Information Age, McGraw-Hill.
- 5. Monk, E. & Wagner, B. : Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning, Thomson Course Technology.
- : Managerial Issues of Enterprise Resource Planning Systems, Mc Graw-Hill.6. Olson, D.L.
- Sandoe, K., Corbitt, G. & Boykin, R. :EnterpriseIntegration, JohnWiley&Sons,Inc.
- JohnAntonio :TheSAP/3Handbook, TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
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MB	00	32	ENTERPRISERESOURCEPLANNING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cr	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two parts	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30
Writeúp, Presentation and Participation	
TotalMarks	100



#### MANAGINGTECHNOLOGYANDINNOVATION MB 00

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course intends to introduce the innovation process and its management; to provide insights into the process to befollowed in order to manage technological change; to explore the effects of technology on the work force and the quality of work life. Technology and innovation are value drivers and that management decisions should be anchored in thefundamentalobjective of the creating competitive advantage.

# CourseStructure:

#### **⇒**Introduction-

Technology: Definition and Characteristics, Management of Technology, Two contemporary perspectives are the contemporary perspectives and the contemporary perspectives are the contemporary perspective and the contemporary perspectives are the contemporary perspective and the contemporary perspectives are the contemporary perspective and the contemporary perspective are the contemporary perspective and the contemporary perspective are the c ectivesinManagement, Keyconcepts.

# **→**TechnologicalEnvironment-

EnvironmentandTechnologicalEnvironment,ActorsintheTechnologicalEnvironment,Changesinth eTechnologicalEnvi ronment, Majorcurrent developments in the Technological Environment

- ⇒ Process of Technologies Change-Innovation- Overview of the Dynamics of Technological Concept ofInnovation,InnovationDynamicsatthefirmlevel,TechnologyEvolution,CharacteristicsofInnovativ eFirms
- ⇒ Process of Technologies Change-Diffusion Concept of Diffusion, Diffusion, A model of Innovation Adoption, Factors that Drive the Process of Diffusion,

InfluenceofEnvironmentalTrendsonDiffusion

# **→**TechnologyandCompetition-

CompetitiveDomains,CompetitiveconsequencesofTechnologicalChange,TechnologicalC haracteristicsofCompetitive Domains

⇒ Process Innovation, Value chains and Organization-Drivers of change in value chain, Value Modes of chainconfiguration. Value chain configuration and Organizational characteristics. Design of work and chain configuration and Organization alcharacteristics. areers.InfluenceofÉ nvironmental Trends.

# **→**TechnologyIntelligence-

Introduction, Mapping Technology Environment, Mechanism for Data Collection, Analytic tools, Manag ingEnvironmental AnalysisinOrganizations

→ TechnologyStrategy-Overview-TechnologyBusinessConnection, TechnologyStrategy: Definition, ThekeyPrinciples Underlying Technology Strategy, Technology Strategy Types, A frameworks for formulating TechnologyStrategy.
 → AppropriationofTechnology-

Evolution of Technology Appropriation Principles, 3G Approach for the Appropriation of Technology, ProductivityofIn- HouseR&D

# **→**OrganizingforInnovation-

OrganizationalMechanismforInnovation,Principles&Processoforganizing,Characteristicsofcontin uouslyinnovativeor ganizations. Roleof Leadership

## REFERENCE

BurgelmanR.A., ChristensenC.M., & Wheelwright S.C.: Strategic Management of Technology andInnovation, TataMcGra wHill EducationPvt.Ltd.

:Managingtechnology-TheStrategicView,McGrawHill, 2. Steele, L.W. 3. Rao, A.S. :ManagingofTechnologyChange,GlobalBusinessPress.

4. Pritchett, Price :NewHabitsforaRadicallyChangingWorld.Pritchett&Associates :ImplementingroutineandRadicalInnovations.LexingtonBooks Nord, W., & Tucker, S.

:DiffusionofInnovation,FreePress Rogers, E.M.



#### MB MANAGINGTECHNOLOGYANDINNOVATION 00

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

CourseObjective: 7. M.E.Porter, 8. S.Makridakis, :CompetitiveAdvantage,FreePress :ForecastingMethodsforManagement,Wiley-InterScience :StrategicManagementofTechnology&InnovationHomewood 9. M.A.Maidique,eds

:IntegratingInnovationandTechnologyManagement,JohnWiley&Sons. 10. Edosomwan, J.A.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB AOC IV SOCIALENTREPRENEURSHIP

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:20(2Credits)

The paper aims to create an understanding of the concept of Social Entrepreneurship as endowed with a different flair of Entrepreneurship. Its eeks to prepare the minds with skills, structures and process associated with Social Entrepreneurship and management of Social Enterprises in Indian Context.

# CourseStructure:

- →Introduction:DefiningSocialEntrepreneurship,Perspective,Challenges,Strategiesanditsfuture.SocialEntrepreneurshipVs.Entrepreneurship.
- ⇒ Social Entrepreneurship New Models & Theories: Model for Sustainable Development, Social Entrepreneurship inIndia, Plansand Policies required for Social Change. Total Empowerment through Social Entrepreneurship.
- ⇒ Social Enterprises Defining Social Enterprises and Social Entrepreneur, Management of Social Enterprises inIndia, Leading Social Entrepreneurs in India.Self-Assessment Technique for being a Social Entrepreneur.SocialEntrepreneurialskillsandpractices.
- ⇒ SocialEntrepreneurshipsanditsLinkagewithNGO's, Microfinance, etc., RoleofICT, SHGs, CaseStudies.

# REFERENCE

1. DavidBornstein :HowtoChangetheWorld, PenguinBooks

2. K.B.S.Kumar :SocialEntrepreneurs—TheChangeMakers,TheICFAIUniversityPress

3. SheobahalSingh :EntrepreneurshipandSocialChange,RewatPublications

4. K.G.Karmakar :MicrofinanceinIndia,SAGEPublications

 $5. \ David Bornstein and Susan Davis: Social Entre preneurship, What Everyone needs to know. \\$ 

6. JohannaMair, JeffreyRobinsonandKasiHockerts: SocialEntrepreneurship

7. AlexNicholls :SocialEntrepreneurship,NewModelsofSustainableSocialChange

8. MartinClark :TheSocialEntrepreneurRevolution

&MalcolmWPennington

MB 411	BUSINESSPOLICY

CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course is intended to provide the students an opportunity to apply their theoretical knowledge of concepts, principles, tools and mechanism of strategic management acquired in the preceding semester the resolution of real lifeproblemsfacingtopmanagementthroughcase discussions.

### CourseStructure

This course will primarily behandled through discussion of reallife cases. However, a few introductory lectures are the course will primarily behandled through discussion of real life cases. However, a few introductory lectures are the course will be a supplied to eswillbedelivered.

- A. Lectureswillbedeliveredonthefollowingaspects:
  - IntroductiontoBusinessPolicy
  - Roleandresponsibilitiesofcentralmanagement
  - ManagementofStrategicChange
  - CorporateStrategyandOrganizationalCulture
  - BlueOceanStrategy
  - BalancedScoreCard
- B. Reallifecaseswillbediscussedonallthoseaspects,

whicharerelatedtopolicyFormulationandexecution.

- NewmanandLogan :Strategy,PolicyandCentralManagement,South-WesternPub.Co RonaldChristanson &others:BusinessPolicy-Text andCases, R. D.Irwin,
- DonaldF. Harvey:StrategicManagement&BusinessPolicy,Merrill
- MichaelPorter :CompetitiveAdvantage,SimonandSchuster G.Hamel&C.K. Prahalad:CompetingfortheFuture,HarvardBusinessPress. WilliamF. Glueck:BusinessPolicy
- 7. R.M.Srivastava :ManagementPolicyandStrategicManagement
  8. Taylorand Macmillan :BusinessPolicy
  9. McCarthy : BusinessPolicyand Strategy
  10. R.M.Srivastava :CorporateStrategicManagement
  11. T.Elgainegegue :DesigningEffectiveOrganizations.

- 12. BasilW. Denning:CorporatePlanning:SelectedConcepts,McGraw-Hill
- MalvilleC.Branch :TheCorporatePlanningProcess,AmericanManagement,Association
  BarnardTaylorandJohnR.Sparket:CorporateStrategy&Planning
  ConceptofCorporateStrategy, Irwin

- 16. RusselandAckoff :ConceptofCorporatePlanning, NewYork:WileyInterscience
- 17. Glueck :BusinessPolicy,McGraw-Hill
  18. Y.N.Chang&Filemon:BusinessPolicyand Strategy,GoodyearPublishers
  19. DavidE.Hussey :IntroductiontoCorporatePlanning, New York.Wileyi
- 20. R.M.Srivastava :BusinessPolicy&StrategicManagement,Himalaya
  21. McCarthyand Others :BusinessPolicyandStrategy, R. D. Irwin
  22. Wright,PringleandKroll:StrategicManagement,PrenticeHall
  23. RoberJAllio

- :CorporatePlanning:Techniques&Applications,UniversityofMichigan.
- 24. ArthurA.ThompsonJr.&A.J.Strickland:StrategicManagement,Irwin/McGrawHill

- ArthurA.ThompsonJr.&A.J.Strickland:StrategicManagement,Irwin/McGrawHill
   Ansoff,H.Ighor :ImplantingStrategicManagement,PrenticeHall
   FredR. David :StrategicManagement,PearsonEducation
   Thompson,Strickland,Gamble& Jain:CraftingandExecutingStrategy,McGrawHill
   Hit,Ireland&Hoskisson:StrategicManagement,ThomsonLearning
   Wheelen,Hunger&Rangarajan:StrategicManagementandBusinessPolicy,ParsonEducation
   Hills&Jones :StrategicManagement,Bletantra
   UpendraKachru :StrategicManagement,ExcelBooks
   Pearce&Robins :StrategicManagement,AITBS
   Johnson &Scholes :ExploringCorporateStrategy,PrenticeHallIndia
   RichardLynch :CorporateStrategy,PearsonEducation

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
TheTheorypaperwillconsistofoneshortanswertypequestioncontainingsevenTrueorFals	
estatements(carrying14marks),whichar	70
etobeexplainedwithreasonsinnotmorethan50words.Inaddition,therewillbeminimumthr	



MB 411	BUSINESSPOLICY	
CourseObje	ctive:	TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)
ee questions tetypecon	basedonacasecarrying42marksinall. tainingfouroptionsout ofwhichanytwo	Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortno options arerequiredtobeattempted.
Sessional ipation	s:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bes	stoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic 30
TotalMarks	}	100

MB	412	DISSERTATION	(8Credits)
MB	413	COMPREHENSIVEVIVA-VOCE	(4Credits)



# MB FO 41 BANKINGANDFINANCIALSERVICES

## CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Thepresentcourseaimstofamiliarizethestudentsaboutbankingandfinancialservicesandstrengthent heiranalyticalunderstandin gabout Indianfinancial environment.

## CourseStructure:

- Introduction-ChangingroleofBankinginIndia.
- Reserve Bank of India-Objectives, Traditional and Development functions and Instruments of Monetary PolicyusedbyRBI
- **⇒CommercialBanks-**Objectives,functionsof

commercialbanksandrecentdevelopmentsandchallengesofcommercialbanksinIndia

**► Managementof Deposits-**Relevance of marketing approach

todepositmobilizationin

abank,formulatingmarketingstrategiesfordepositsmobilizationbya bankinIndia

**Development Banks**-Objectives, functions, financing policies and practices of development banks in IndiaandpromotionalrolesofDevelopmentsBanksandtheirfinancial services

**→**CreditManagement-

Principles of lending, new credit policies of commercial banks in India and their implementation, contents of credit policy of a bank, credit appraisal by a commercial bank, Assets Classificationand ManagementofNPA's,

Concept and advantages of assets securitization. → Mutual funds-Concepts, objectives and functions of mutual funds in India, policies and practices of Indian mutual funds in regard to mobilization of resources and their deployment.

➡Insurance services and products-Introduction, policies and practices of LIC and GIC, evaluation of insurance inIndia, newtrendsininsurancesector and development of microinsuranceand itsprospects.

➤ VentureCapitalFunds-Objective, policies and operations of venture capital in India

ManagementofCapitalFund-Function, adequacy of capital- its concepts andnorms, present state of capital funds in Indian commercial banks.

CreditRatingObjective,functionsofcreditratingagenciesandevaluationofcreditratingagenciesinIndia

BankProducts-

Commercial credit products, retail credit product, deposit products and fee based products.

OverviewofHousingFinance-

Housingandeconomicdevelopment, evolution of housing finance in India, leading financierinhousingfinancesector andequitysupportto housing financesystem.

1.	HajelaT.N.	:MoneyBankingandInternationalTrade,AneBooksPvt Ltd
2.	NaliniP.Tripathi	:FinancialInstrumentsandServices,PHILearningPvt.Ltd
3.	BatraandDangwal	:FinancialServices,DeepandDeepPublications
4.	M.Y.Khan	:FinancialServices, TataMcGraw-HillEducation
5.	DavidL.Hershan	:BookofHomeFinance,HershmanGroup
6.	JoettaColquitt	:CreditRiskManagement,McGraw-HillProfessional

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA	70
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out	

IV S	Sem
of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



### MB FO 42 CAPITALMARKETSANDREGULATORYFRAMEWORK

# CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

VS

Working

The course aims to familiarize the students about the working and regulation of Indian capital market.

It also aims tomakethestudentsawareabouttheroleofcapitalmarketintheeconomicgrowthofthecountry.

#### CourseStructure:

➡Indian Financial System-Components of Indian Financial System, Institutions, Instruments, Market and Services, Natureand role of Financial System and Economic Development, Financial Sector Reforms.

**⇒**CapitalMarket-

Constituents, Functions, Capital Market Instruments, Newlssue Market, Private Placements

➤ New Issue Market-Meaning, Evolution of Primary Market in India, mode of issuing Securities, IPO Grading, EmployeeStockoptionplan, Greenshoeoption, OnlineIPO's, stepstoimprovePrimaryMarketInfrastructure.

Secondary Market-Introduction, Post reforms stock market scenario, Organization, Management and Membershipsofstockexchanges, MarketMechanisms, MarginSystems, and DrawbacksofIndianStock Markets.

**⇒**IndianStockExchanges-

MeaningofStockexchange,OrganizationofStockexchangesinIndia,FunctionsofStockexchange,BSE,NSEI,OTCEI,Nati

onalandRegionalExchanges,ReasonsforfailureofOTCEI,BarometerofStockmarkets,Market indices

- **⇒ Bond Market-**Meaning, Classification of debt securities, Concepts and Types of Risks, Concepts and types of Returnor Yield, Bond Valuation, Bond Value Theorem, Yield curve, RiskreturnTrade off.
- ⇒Financial Derivatives Market-Derivatives meaning, Types- Future, Forward Future, options-General

features, Types of Options, Factors affecting Price of Option contract, Derivatives trading at NSE, Eligibility criteria forindividual stock at F&O, currency Derivatives (Future) Market, Valuation or Pricing of Derivatives, Critique of Derivatives.

Depositories and Custodians-Introduction to Depository System, NSDL, CDSLS,

→ Depositories and Custodians-Introduction to Depository System, NSDL, Custodians, SHCIL, of Depository, Critical Appraisal for the need of Depository, Benefits of Depository System, The Depository Act 1996.

⇒RegulationoftheMarket-

GenesisofRegulation, PrinciplesofRegulation, GoverningLaws, The Securities Contract (Regulation) ACT 1956, Forms of Regulation, Self regulation by Stock Exchanges and Supervision by SEBI, Risk Management, Effectiveness of the Regulatory mechanism.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India-THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ACT1992, Genesis of SEBI, Constitution and Organization, Objectives and IRegulators in proceeding Regulators in the second of the second of

- PrimarySecuritiesMarket
- SecondaryMarketandIntermediaries
- InvestorsProtectionMeasures
- →Investors' Protection-Loss of confidence of Small investors- Causes, Rights of Investors, Facilities by BSE, InsiderTrading Rationale, Categories, Connected Persons, Need for control, Prohibition of Insider's Trading, CapitalMarketscams,Ombudsman

- 1. AlanR.Kanuk :CapitalMarketsofIndia:AnInvestor'sGuide,JohnWileyandSons
- 2. RajeshChakrabarti&Sankar De:CapitalMarketsinIndia, SAGEPublicationsLtd
- 3. Gomez :FinancialMarketsInstitutionsandFinancialServices,PHILearningPvt.Ltd.
- 1. N. Vinayakam :AProfileofIndianCapitalMarket,KanishkaPublishersDistributors
- 5. MooradChoudhry :CapitalMarketInstruments:AnalysisandValuation,FTPress
- 6. FrankJ.Fabozzi&FrancoModigliani:CapitalMarkets:InstitutionsandInstruments,PrenticeHall

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB FO 43 INTERNATIONALACCOUNTINGANDFINANCIALREPORTING

## CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

To Understand and explain the structure of the international professional and conceptual framework of accounting&Apply relevant financial reporting standards to key elements of financial reports .To Identify and apply disclosurerequirements for companies relating to the presentation of financial reports and notes .Prepare financial statements of single entities and account for their key elements complying with specified International Financial Reporting Standardsand otherrelatedpronouncements

Introduction - Causes of international differences - some major difference sinfinancial reporting.

**International classification of financial reporting**—international harmonization of accounting—the requirements of international accounting standards.

Financial reporting in USA, UK, Australia and France.

**Financial reporting** in Germany, Netherlands, Japan and Thirdworld countries with special emphasis on legalissues, accounting standards and consolidation of accounts.

**IssuesinInternationalaccounting**—Consolidation—foreigncurrencytranslation—segmentalreporting—foreignexchangeriskmanagement.

 $\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{Harmonization} in \textbf{Financial reporting} - \textbf{S} t and \textbf{a} r dization and \textbf{Harmonization} - role of international accounting bodies (IASC) in harmonization.$ 

MultinationalTransferPricing—Objectivesoftransferpricing—selectingatransferprice—internalrevenuecodeandtransfer REFERENCE

Ethiralissuasininterpationalaccounting Incidence and implications of window drassing (cases).

2. C. Nobes & RHParker : Comparative International Accounting. Pears on / PHI

Course Structure: : International Finance & Accounting Handbook – John Wiley

4. James ASchweikart : International Accounting: A Case Approach – McGraw Hill

5. Kwabena Anyane - Ntow : International Handbook of Accounting Education & Certification, Pergamon Pub.

6. Paul E Holt : International Accounting, Dame Publications

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



## MB FO 44 FINANCIALDERIVATIVES

# CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

Theobjectiveofthiscourseistoexposethestudentstotheconcept,toolandtechniqueapplicableinthefiel dofDerivativesasa toolofinvestment andDerivative analysis.

#### CourseStructure:

#### **Derivative-**

Introductiontoderivatives,meaning,Classification,type,anduses.Theneedforderivativemar ket,characteristics of forward transaction, characteristics of derivative market instrument, right and obligations of buyersand sellers. Hedgingand risksharing, Effectsofderivativesmarketsonthefinancialsystem.

**Futures-**Futures market, future prices, future contracts and characteristic of future contract, forward prices, characteristicofforwardcontract, interestrate of standardization.

**Swaps and Options-**Evolution of swaps, its economic Rationale, types of swaps, the basic structure of swaps. Basic uses of swaps, interest rate swaps, option markets, characteristic of option, factors affecting option prices, option tradingstrategies.

**Derivative pricing methodologies-**Objective of risk management, spectrum of risk management strategies, risk in creditderivatives, credit market, credit derivative, characteristic and its types, uses of pricing derivatives disasters. Theblack-scholes analysis: options onstockindexes; currencies andfuturecontracts:general approach topricingderivative,market riskmanagement.

**Derivative in India-**Prospects and policies. Commodity trading in India. Reasons for slow growth of derivative in India, uses and its misuses of derivatives.

- $1. \quad Rajeev P. V\& Mathur H. P.: Fundamental of derivatives \& Commodities Derivatives, Vijay Prakashan Mandir Prakashan Mand$
- 2. PVijayBhasker&B.Mahapatra:DerivativesSimplified,SagePublications
- 3. A.V.Rajwade :CurrencyExposureandDerivatives,McGrawHill
- 4. A.V.Rajwade :HandbookofdebtSecuritiesandInterestRateDerivative, McGrawHillPub

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



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MB	EO	45	INSURANCEANDRISKMANAGEMENT
IVIK	H ( )	45	I INSI RANCHANIBRISKIVIANAL-HIVIHINI

# CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

TomakethebuddingfinsnceprofessionalsunderstandthefundamentalsofInsuranceandRiskManageme ntinordertoenhancetheir knowledgeand decision-makingskillsrequired for thisspecialtysector.

### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Risk Conceptual Framework-Meaningof risk, Risk versus Uncertainty. Risk distinguished from peril andhazards. Classification of Risk - Financial and Non-financial Risks Static and Dvnamic Risk. Scope Riskmanagement, Process, Identification and Risk Control. Risk Retention and Transfer, Alter nativestobuyingcommercialInsurance.
- ⇒Insurance An Introduction-Meaning and significance of Insurance. Cost and Benefits of Insurance. Principles - Indemnity, Utmost good faith, Subrogation and Insurable Interest. Basic Principles of Insurance – utmost good faith, Insurable Interest, Indemnity, Corollaries of Indemnity, Proximate Cause.
- ⇒Classification of Insurance Business-Life and General Insurance Business, Personal and Commercial (Business)Insurances, Voluntary (Private) and Compulsory Insurance. Types of Life Insurance – Whole Life, Endowment, Assurance for children, Term Assurance, Participating and non-participating policies. Termination of Life Insurancepolicies – surrender, lapses and paid-up.Classification of General Insurance Business - Fire, Marine, Motor, Miscellaneousetc.

## **⇒InsuranceDevices-**

ProbabilitytheoryanditsusageinInsurance.DualapplicationofthelawofLargeNumbers. PoolinginInsurance-forms, cost, benefits and advantages.

⇒ Financial Aspects of Insurance - Share Capital – Authorized, Issued & subscribed and Calledup&Paid-up.

Reserves-GeneralandSpecialized.SolvencyofanInsurancecompany.

- 1. JamesS.Reichmann,RobertHoyt:RiskManagementandInsurance,South-Western, & David Sommer College Pub
- 2. KPSingh,MCGarg,BSBodlaInsurance:Fundamentals,EnvironmentandProceduresDeep&DeepPu blications
- 3. PSPalande :InsuranceinIndia.SagePublicationsIndia
- 4. PravaNaliniTripathy&PrabirPal :Insurance—TheoryandPracticePHILearning
  5. AjayKumar,,D.P.Chatterjee,C.ChandrasekharD.G.PatwardhanAjayKumar:RiskManagement,Ma cmillanIndia
- 6. MrinalChandraSengupta&
  - MrinalChandraSengupta:InsuranceFinanceProgressivePublishers
- 7. JuliaHolyoake :Insurance,CharteredInstituteofBankers
- 8. PKGupta :InsuranceandRiskManagement,Himalaya

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mar	'k
	S	



MB FO 45	INSURANCEANDRISKMANAGEMENT		
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven			
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of 7			
	of which one set will be long answer type and two will have		
two	parts		
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.			
whichanytwoop	tionsarerequiredtobeattempted.		
Sessionals:Clas	ssTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30	
ipation			
TotalMarks		100	



# MB FO 46 CORPORATEVALUATIONANDMERGERS

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

To familiarizestudentswith various techniques of corporate restructuring, and valuation methods used by corporate in reallife and develop an Understanding of Mergerassignificant economic activity taking place into day's economy.

#### CourseStructure:

- **Corporate Valuation-**Meaning, approaches, Principles andtechniques ofvaluation, Asset valuation, Earningsvaluation, Cash flow valuation, other valuation basis, Efficient market hypothesis, Impact of changing capitalstructureonthemarketvalue ofthecompany, Priorities of different stakeholders in terms of business valuation.
- → Mergers-Nature and process of Merger, acquisitions and amalgamations, types of mergers, motives behind mergers

  theories of mergers. Merger as a stretagic perspective industry life evals and
  - ,theories of mergers , Merger as a strategic perspective- industry life cycle and product life cycle analysis in M&Adecision,strategicapproachestoM&A-SWOTanalysis, BCGmatrix, Porter's Fiveforces model.
- **Corporate restructuring-**different methods of restructuring joint ventures –sell off and spin off divestitures equity carve out leveraged buy outs (LBO) management buy outs master limited partnerships employeestockownershipplans(ESOP)
- ➡Valuation in Mergers-Valuation approaches discounted cash flow valuation, relative valuation, valuing operatingand financial synergy, valuing corporate control, valuing of LBO Methods of financing mergers cash offer, shareexchange ratio mergers as a capital budgeting decision Assets and cash flows, Selection of appropriate cost ofcapital for valuation, Forms of consideration and terms of acquisitions, Implications of regulations for businesscombinations.
- **Legal and regulatory frame work of M & A-**provisions of companies act 1956, Indian Income Tax act 1961 ,SEBI takeover code,ProvisionsofCompetition Act,CaseStudiesonMergers.

- FredWeston, KwangSChung, Susan EHoa: Mergers, nRestructuring and Corporate Control, Pearson Education
- 2. ThomasE.CopelandValuation: Measuring and Managing the value of Companies, Wiley
- 3. RavindharVadapalli :MergersacquisitionsandBusinessValuation,ExcelBooks,
- 4. K.G.Palupu,PM.Healy&V.L.Bernard:BusinessAnalysisandValuation;UsingFinancialState mentsTextandCases, South-WesternPub
- 5. AshwathDamodaran :CorporateFinance-TheoryAndPracticeJohnWiley&Sons
- 6. Shukla &Grewal :AdvancedAccounts,S. Chand&Sons
- 7. SudiSudarsanam :ValueCreationFromMergersandAcquisitions,PearsonEducation,
- 8. Arzak :Valuationfor mergersBuyouts&Restructuring,Wiley(India(P)Ltd.
- 9. C.KrishnaMurthy&Vishwanath:MergerAcquisitions&CorporateRestructuring,SagePublication
- 10. Weston, Mitcheland Mulherin
  - :Takeovers,RestructuringandCorporateGovernance,PearsonEducation,
- 11. Machiraju :MergersAnd Acquisitions, NewAgePublishers)

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark	
	S	



MB FO 46 CORPORATEVALUATIONANDMERGERS	
CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Cre	edits)
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	
True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with	70
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there	70
willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil	
IhavetwopartsA	
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptions are required to be attempted.	
of which anytwooptions are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



### MB HO 41 MANAGEMENTOFCHANGE

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course intends to develop an orientation towards the change. It shall coach the students to be proactive towards aplanned change. It details the relevant aspects of change that help the students understand the importance of managingchange.

### CourseStructure:

- →Introduction-Overview of change, Importance and impact of change, Origins of change- Institutional & Structural, Technological, Social, Behavioural. Development of strategy, role of human resource strategies in implementing change
- → Organizational Structure, Culture and Change-The significance of structure for change, HR implications of structural choice and change. Organizational culture —integration, differentiation and fragmentation; Linking Organizational cultural through HR change interventions.

### **→**HRProcesses&Change:

- (A) Relevance&developmentofrecruitment&selectionprocessesforplannedandunplannedchange;performancemanag ementandorganizationalchange;HRD&organizationalchange.
- (B) Strategicrewardmanagement andits role in changing employee behavior; Changing focus in employeerelations; managing change through employee involvement; Downsizing; management of change implicationsofdownsizing

#### **⇒**EvaluatingandPromotingChange-

approachestoevaluatechange; from evaluating to promoting change; clarity of purpose and strategies; data collection for analysis; analysis and feedback.

- A.Thornhill, P.Lewis, Mikemillmore, & M. Saunders: Managi ngChange: A Human, Resources Strategy Approach, Pearson Educati on
- 2. Basil&Cook :TheManagementofChange,McGrawHill
- RobertA.Paton:ChangeManagement:AGuidetoEffective,ImplementationSage,SouthAsiaEdition
- 4. K.Harigopal:ManagementofOrganizationalChange:LeveragingTransformation,ResponseBooks
- 5. V.Nilakant&S.Ramnarayan:ChangeManagement,ResponseBooks

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark	
	S	
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions, outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil		
IhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.		
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30	
TotalMarks	100	



## MB HO 42 STRESSMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Tofamiliarizestudentswiththenatureofstress, and the relationship between stress and managerial problems & to examine the various

methodsofassessingpersonalandorganizationalstressandindicatingwaysofcopingwithstress

### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Introduction Meaning and Types of stress, Nature of Stress Constructs and Problems, Occupational Stressors,RoleStress.
- ⇒StressFramework-Sources of Managerial Stress, Stress and Thought Processes Learning, Stress and Personality -Behavioural and Situational Modifiers. Stress and Motivation.
- → Identification of Stress-Verbal and Non-verbal Indicators of Stress, Assessment of Stress, Stress and ManagementofChange,StressandConflict.
- → Managerial Implications of Stress-Leadership Styles in Stressful and Non-Stressful Situations, Decision Makingunder Stress, Burnout.
- ► Stress Management Techniques-Coping with Resourcesand Processes Assertiveness Training, Stress and Social Support, Group Processes and Changing Values for Understanding and Coping with Stress, Behavioraltechniquesforstresscontrol, Behavioralassignments, Risktaking, Shame-Attaching, Relaxation techniques

- 1. JerroldGreenberg :ComprehensiveStressManagement,McGraw-Hill
- 2. V.J.Sutherland&C.L.Cooper:StrategicStressManagement:AnOrganizationalApproach,MacmillanBusiness
- 3. EmmaShort:StrategicStressManagement:AnOrganizationalApproach:,EmeraldGroupPublishingLimited
- 4. CarolTurkington :StressManagementforBusyPeople:McGraw-Hill
- 5. J.Cranwell, Ward&A. Abbey: Organizational Stress: Palgrave Macmillan

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB HO 43 CROSSCULTURALMANAGEMENT

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Present course Aims at developing the understanding of cross cultural issues, its economical relevance for business andhelps them to become familiar with ways to effectively understand, anticipate and address the impacts of cross- cultural differences on various management functions to ensure the organization aland individual success.

#### CourseStructure

#### ⇒Introduction-

Thegenesisandconceptsofculture, Dimensions and determinants of organizational Culture, Import anceofcross cultral mana grment in globalized businessen viron ment.

### ⇒ImplicationsofCross-CulturalManagement-

inGlobalization, Diversity, cultureshock, Technology, Organizational change, mergers and acquisitions and Quality management system (BPR, TQM, Lean and Sixsigma.).

➡Training of the specific skills – Cross cultural decision making, staffing, expatriation andrepatriation; communication and cooperation in an international team, Managing culturally appropriate leadershipstyle, Designing resultoriented motivational tools, Intercultural negotiation and conflicts management.

### **⇒**EthicalIssuesandValuesinCross

**CulturalManagement-**

Culturalclusteringofindividualcountries, CaseStudies. REFERENCE

- DipakKumarBhattacharya
  - : Cross cultral management, Text and cases, PHILe arning Private Limited
- ${\it 2.} \quad G. Hofstede, Cultures\ and organizations: Software of the mind, McGraw-Hill$
- 3. Gallois, C, Callan, V.J., Communication and culture: aguide for practice, Wiley
- 4. Gatley, S., Comparative Management : ATranscultural Odyssey, McGraw-Hill Publishing Co
- 5. Puffer,S.

:ManagementAcrossCultures.InsightsfromFiction&Practice,Black wellBusi

ness

- 6. Schneider, S.C, Barsoux, J. : Managingacrosscultures, Prentice Hall/Financial Times,
- 7. Mc.Farlin, D.B., Sweeney, P.D.: International Management. Strategic Opportunities & Cultural Challenges, Xlibris Corporation
- 8. DereskyHelen:InternationalManagement;ManagingAcrossBordersandCultures,PearsonEducationIndia

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two	70
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof	ì



MB	НО	43	CROSSCULTURALMANAGEMENT	
Cour	seObj	ective:	TotalPeriods:40(4Cre	edits)
WNIC	many	ıwoop	otionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
Ses   ipati		ils:Cla	ssTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
Total	Mark	S		100



### MB HO 44 GROUPDYNAMICS

### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

To familiarize the students with the meaning, scope and significance of group and group dynamics, to examine the factors and issues that influence group performance and group effectiveness, to identify causes of intra-group and inter-group conflict and ways and means of resolving the conflict and to cultivate skills for group decision-making and teambuilding.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Introduction-Nature of groups and Group dynamics Studying groups Measurement in Group dynamics; Groupformation–valueofgroups–interpersonal attraction–FIRO-B.
- → Group Development and Socialization-Group development Group socialization; Group Structure roles authority attraction communication networks Conformity and influence Power; Environmental Processes territoriality–spatial behaviour environmental stress.
- **⇒**GroupDecisionMaking-Anatomy–groupthink–grouppolarization–Methodsofgroupdecision-making.
- **Group Conflict-**Sources of Conflict in Groups −Conflict process −Coalitions −conflict resolution; Conflictbetween groups −sources −resolving inter-group conflict.
- **⇒** CrowdsandCollectiveBehavior-Crowdsandcollectives—Theoreticalviewpoints—Deindividuationtheory.
- ⇒ Groups and Change-The Group as an agent of change The effectiveness controversy Sources of Change ingroups

### REFERENCE

Forsyth,D.R. :GroupDynamics,Addison-Wesley,
 Zander,A. :MakingGroupsEffective,Jossey-Bass

3. Davis :GroupPerformances,Addison-WesleyPublishingCo

4. Dyer :TeamBuilding:Issuesand Alternatives,Addison-WesleyPublishing

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



### MB HO 45 SOCIALAUDIT

### **CourseObjective:**

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with the skills related to basic principles, tools and techniques of of international social audit which would help them to identify, measure, assess and report on the social performance of the various organisations.

### CourseStructure:

- →Introduction to Social Audit, History of Social Audit, Social Audit Vs Other Audits ,Principles of Social Audit,Usesand FunctionsofSocial Audit, Dimensionsofsocialaudit. Domesticvsinternationalsocialaudit.
- ⇒Key steps for Designing Social Audit for an international firm, The Social Audit Flowchart, Identifying andselecting the indicators of social audit- Traditional Social Indicators, Core valuesandperformance indicators, Planning the Data Collection, Designing Questionnaire, Guidelines for Undertaking Survey, Group Exercise, Budgeting for social audit, Prerequisite for Social Audit.
- → Social Auditing and Performance Evaluation, Good Governance and Social Audit, Stakeholders and Social Audit-Identification of Stakeholders, Needs and Methods of involving Stakeholders in Social Audit, Social Audit and Social Capital, Benefits of Social Auditing for Government Departments, community organizations and civil society group.
- **⇒PreparingtheFinalReport**,TheFollow-

upactionplanforSocialAudit,SocialAuditandDissemination,FeedbackandInstitutionalizationofSocial Audit,AccountabilityMechanisms: Cases fromIndiaandabroad.

- 1. RaymondA.B., DanH.F. :Thecorporatesocial audit, Russell Sage Foundation
- 2. David H. B., William C. F., Mildred S. M.: Social auditing: evaluating the impact of CorporatePrograms, Business&Economics
- 3. SujathaB :Social Audit-Concepts and Practices, ICFAI University Press

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



### MB HO 46 INTERNATIONALLABOURORGANIZATIONANDINTERNATIONALLABOURLAWS

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the students with various aspects of International Labour organisation It aims atproviding the contemporary knowledge about international labour standards in the form of Conventions and Recommendations.

### CourseStructure:

- ➡InternationalLabourOrganisation—Introduction,Conventions,fundamentalprinciplesandrightsatwork,international policies and programmes aimed at promoting fundamental human rights, improving living and workingconditionsanddevelopingemploymentopportunities.
- ⇒International Labour Standards- aims at directing national action towards the implementation of fundamentalprinciples and rights at work .Labour and employment intensive programmes forinfrastructural development, Promotion of Social Security and Mutual Health Insurance Schemes, Poverty eradication through employment programmes, Small and micro-enterprise development ,Skills development and strengthening of vocational traininginstitutions. Elimination of child labour, Promotion of Social Security and Mutual Health Insurance Schemes, Poverty eradication through employment programmes, Small and micro-enterprise development ,Skills developmentand strengthening of vocational training institutions.
- → Labourlaws and Legislation-Tripartism and Social dialogue , Capacity building for labour relations institutions , opportunities for women and men to secure decent employment and income, effectiveness of social protection for all
- →International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC)- national initiatives on child labour, withprioritygivento theurgenteliminationoftheworstformsofchild labour.

- 1. Jean-MichelServais :InternationalLabourLaw,KluwerLawInternational
- 2. R.B., Jean, C.J., Jean & Michel Servais: International Labourand Social Security Law Kluwer Law International
- 3. LauraAlper :ILOmanualforlabourinformationcentres,InternationalLabourOffice,
- 4. TheI.L.O.year-book :Business &Economics

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have parts.  Sessionals: ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3) Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB	Ю	41	INFORMATIONSECURITYANDCYBERLAWSIN BUSINESS

CourseObjective: **TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course will assist students in their career preparation as information system security managers. The course wouldenable the students to articulate current and developing legal information field. issues in the assurance Analyze andinterprethowrelevantcaseandstatutorylawhasbeenappliedtolegalproblemsininformationassura nce;also,toidentifyandarti

culatelegalissuesinthedisciplinenotadequatelycoveredbycurrentlaw. Topics willinclude such iss ues as Indian and international jurisdiction, computer security, intellectual property, electronic commerce, information privacy, freedom of expression, and cyber crime.

#### CourseStructure:

### ⇒IntroductiontoInformationSecurity-

BasicsofInformationTechnology,BasicsofIndianLegalSystem,Overview

Law, Cyber Law in India, I.T Act, 2000 - Introduction and its application, Relevant amendments

inallotherlaw, Constitutional protection under Cyberlaw, Freedom of speechand expression, H

umanRightsviolations, Revisitingindustrial and LabourLaws, E-Media and PrintMedia ⇒e-Contract- The Law of Contract, Construction of Electronic contracts, Issues of security, EmploymentContracts,ConsultantAgreements,andDigitalSignature
⇒Cyber Crimes & Intermediaries-Crime : Meaning & Concept, Rights and liability-Civil,

Criminal and

tortuous, Offences- concept and Legal parameters, under I.T Law, Offences-detection andinvestigation. Offences andpunishments-

globalscenario, Rights & liabilities of Intermediaries, Overlapping between IPC & ITA

➡IPR regime and Cyber Laws-Understanding Copy right in information, Technology, Legal issues in Internet and Software Copyright, Patents, Trade Marks & Data Base
➡ Jurisdiction & Future Perspective of Cyber Law-

ConceptofJurisdiction,IndiancontextofJurisdiction,InformationTechnology Amendment Bill.

2006,InformationTechnologyRules

### REFERENCE

1. RahejaR.&AhmedS.S.: AhandbookonInformationtechnology;Cyberlaw&E-Commerce, Capital Law House

2. RodneyDRyder

:BusinessProcessOutsourcing,DateProtectionandInformationSecurity,Wadhwa &Co.

- :ComputerForensic:ComputerCrimeSceneInvestigation,CharlesRiver :CyberLawsJustice,UniversalPublisher **JohnVacca**
- YatindraSingh
- 5. RanabirSingh&GhanaSyamSingh: CyberSpace&TheLawIssues&Challenges,NalsarUniversity
  6. P.N.BaxiandR.K.Suri:CyberandE-Commercelaws,BharatPubHouse,
- :ComputerContractsandInformationTechnologyLaw,Wadhawa &Co. S.V.Jozgaao
- 8. VakulSharma :ITLaw&PracticeDelhiLawHouse.
- 9. NandanKamath :LawrelatingtoComputers,Internet&E-Commerce,Universal

NationalLegislations		



# CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits) TheInformation LechnologyAct, 2000 2. TheIndianPenalCode,1860 3. TheIndianEvidenceAct,1872 TheReserveBank IndiaAct,1934 TheInformation I echnology (UseofElectronicRecord&Digital 18. Signatures) Rules, 2004. TheInformationTechnology (Security Processor) Rules 2004 TheIndianContractAct, 1872 InternationalLegislations: 1. TheDigitalSignatureAct,1999 TheConstitution ofIndia,1950 TheIndianCompaniesAct,1956 UNCITRALModel Law WIPOCopyrightTreaty TRIPS TheDataBaseProtection Act,1998 9. TheIncomeTaxAct,1961 10. TheCopyRightAct,1957 5. U.K.PatentsAct The Trade Mark Act, 1999 12. The Designs Act, 2000 13. The Telecom Regulatory Authority of India Act, 1997 6. UniversalDeclarationofHumanRi ghts,1948 7. InternationalCovenants 14. TheIndianPatentAct,1970 15. TheConsumerProtectionAct,19 86. – 8. CaliforniaDatabaseProtectionA ct.2004

INFORMATIONSECURITYANDCYBERLAWSIN BUSINESS

MB

Ю

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing sever True or False statements (carrying 14 marks), which areto be explained we reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets	rith 70
questions, out of which one set willbe longanswertype andtwowill have twopartsA&B.The lastquestion(14marks)will beshortnote type containingfouroptionsout of which any two options are required to be at the containing for th	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPailipation	tic 30
TotalMarks	100

TheInformationTechnology(CertifyingAuthorities)Rules,2000



### MB IO 42 ARTIFICIALINTELLIGENCEFORBUSINESSAPPLICATIONS

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course intends to introduce the concept of Artificial Intelligence to the students of MBA program specializing inInformation Technology with the application of artificial intelligence in business. The business world has becomeinterested in artificial intelligence both as a new ways of approaching old problems, and as a tool for doingthings that could not been done before.

#### CourseStructure:

### ⇒Introduction-

ArtificialIntelligence,theconceptandnecessity,timingwhenwillComputersbecometrulyintelligent,workingofArtificialIntelligence, Decision fArtificialIntelligence

ntelligence, users of artificial Intelligence, Basics of Artificial Intelligent. Components of Allmpor tance of Al Emergence in Business

- **Expert system (ES)**-Early Expert System. Expert System as a Source of Knowledge. Structure of an Expert System. Development Interface. Explanation Facilities and Justifications. Development of an Expert System. ImplementationofanES. TestinganESSystem. ModesandApplicationsof ExpertSystemsBenefitsandLimitationsofanES
- → Natural language processing (NLP)-Definition, Goals and Brief History of NLP.Levels of NLP. Approaches to NLP. NLPApplications
- ⇒Robotics-Brief History of Robotics. Basic Understanding of Robotics. Application of Robotics in Business andIndustry.

#### **→**Neuralnetwork-

DefinitionandBasicConceptofNeuralNetwork.PropertiesofaSingleNeuron.SynapticIntegra tion and Neuron Models. Essential Vector Operations. Early Networked Models: Perception. RepresentationofInformationApplicationofNeural NetworkinBusinessandCommerce

- → Application of AllN Management and Finance-Artificial Intelligence in Investment Management. Portfolio- Selection System Issues. Knowledge representation and Inference. Handling Investment Uncertainties. KnowledgeAcquisition,Integration,andMaintenance.IntegratingKnowledgewithPortfolioOptimization.IntegratingKn owledgewithDatabase.
- **Genetic algorithm-**What is Genetic Algorithm? A simple Genetic Algorithm. Advantages and Limitations of Genetic Algorithm. Applications of Genetic Algorithm

- WalterReitman :ArtificialIntelligenceApplicationsorBusinessEditor,AblexPublishingCorporation
   Derekand K.M.Hussain
- :ArtificialIntelligenceandBusinessManagement,AblexPublishingCorporation
- 3. Joel G. Siegel and Jae K. Shim: The Artificial Intelligence Handbook: Business Applications in Accounting, Banking, Finance, Management, Marketing, Thomson/South—Western
- 4. StuartJ.RussellandPeterNorvig:ArtificialIntelligence:AModernApproach,PrenticeHall



#### ARTIFICIALINTELLIGENCEFORBUSINESSAPPLICATIONS MB Ю

CourseObjective: 5. StephenJ. Andriole **TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

- :ApplicationsinArtificialIntelligence,PetrocelliBooks
- 6. C.D. Manning and H. Schutze: Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
  James A. Anderson : An Introduction to Neural Networks, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- 7. JamesA.Anderson
- 8. RobertR.TrippiandJaeK.Lee:ArtificialIntelligenceinFinanceandInvestin g-Stateofthe **ArtTechnologiesforSecuritySelectionand** PortfolioManagement, IrwinProfessionalBookTeam
- 9. S.N.SivanandamandS.N.Deepa:IntroductiontoGeneticAlgorithm,Springer

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA	70
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out	
of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	
Sessionals: ClassTest/Quizzes (average of 2 best out of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Participation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	Ю	43	e-BUSINESS	

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

### Thecourseone-

BusinessisdesignedtobeingthemanagementgraduatesintermswiththerisingemergenceofInformation and CommunicationTechnology(ICT) inalmostallaspectsofbusinessand tradetransactions.

### CourseStructure:

- ► Introduction to the Basic Concepts-Internet, Intranet, Extranet, Definition, Goals of e- Business, Differencebetween e-Commerce and e-Business, Models of e-Business, Advantages and Limitations of e-Business overtraditionalbusinesssetup
- ➡BankingTransactions-InterBanking,IntraBanking,ElectronicPayments,(Payment-GatewayExample),Securitiesine-banking(SSL,DigitalSignatures-Examples),ServicesProvided:ATM,SmartCard,ECS(ElectronicClearingSystem),Telephone, ElectricityBills
- ➡ WebBasedBusinessModels e-Commerce,B2B Model,B2BTools,B2CModel,EDI
- → Electronic Payment and Security Systems-BasicRequirements for safe e-Transactions, ElectronicMarket/e-Shops, Introductionto NetworkSecurity, TypesofSecurity, Firewalls

### **→**Contemporary Issues in E-Business and CasesREFERENCE

1.	MilindOka	:e-Commerce,EverestPublishingHouse
2.	C.V.S.Murty	:e-Commerce:,HimalayaPublishingHouse
3.	Joshph	:e-Commerce.AnIndianPerspective,PHI
4.	SamanthaShurely	:e-Business withNet-Commerce:,PHI
5.	W.Cheswick, Stevens, & Aviel Rubin: Fir	eWallandInternetSecurity:,Addison-WesleyProfessional
6.	AshokAgarwal	:e-Governance CaseStudies:
7.	RaviKalakola & AndrewB. Whinston: Fr	ontiersofElectronicCommerce:

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil	70
IhavetwopartsA & B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which anytwooptionsare requiredtobeattempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB IO 44 ITINFRASRUCTUREMANAGEMENT

#### CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course aim stoacquaint the students MBS programs pecializing in Information Technology with the nuances of managing the IT infrastructure of any organization.

### CourseStructure:

- ►IT Infrastructure –An Overview-The Meaning of IT Infrastructure. Challenges in IT Infrastructure Management.Design Issue of IT and IT Infrastructure. Determining Customers' Requirements. IT Systems Management Process.ITServiceManagementProcess. PatternsforIT SystemsManagement.ITInfrastructureLibrary.
- → ServiceandDeliveryProcess-ServiceLevelManagement.FinancialManagement.ITServiceContinuityManagement. CapacityManagement.AvailabilityManagement
- ⇒ ServiceSupportProcess-ConfigurationManagement.IncidentManagement.ProblemManagement.ChangeManagement. Release Management.
- ⇒ StorageManagement-IntroductiontoStorage.BackupandStorage.ArchiveandRetrieve.DisasterRecovery. SpaceManagementDatabaseandApplicationProtection.BareMachineRecovery.DataRetention.
- → SecurityManagement-Introduction.ComputerSecurity.InternetSecurity.Physicalsecurity.IdentityManagement. AccessControlSystem.IntrusionDetection.
- ightharpoonup ITE thics-Introduction. Intellectual Property. Privacy Law. Computer Forensics. Ethics and Internet. Cyber Crimes.
- → TechnicalSupport-Introduction.BasicConcept.Goal,ScopeandObjective.Benefits,Costs,andPossibleProblems. The Technicalsupport Processes. Impact ofInternet onTechnical Support

### REFERENCE

- $1. \quad Best practice for ICT In frastructure Management by Office of Government commerce (OGC), TSOUK. \\$
- 2. Phalguni Gupta, Surya Prakash, and Umarani Jayaraman:IT Infrastructure and It's Management, Tata

#### McGrawHill

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB IO 45 INFORMATIONSYSTEMSANALYSISANDDESIGN

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course is for the students of MBA program, who are specializing in Information Technology. It aims at acquaintingthese studentswith tools techniques of planning, analyzing, designing, implementing and maintaining Information system.

### CourseStructure:

**InformationandManagement-**TypesofInformation.NeedforaComputer-basedInformationSystem.

ManagementStructure.ManagementandInformationRequirements.QualitiesofInformation.

**Systems Concepts-**Introduction.Classification of Systems. Attributes and Concepts.System and Its Parts.
TheSystemDevelopmentLife Cycle.

### ⇒SystemsPlanning-PlayersintheSystemGame-

InformationWorkersandSystemsAnalyst.AccessingtheRequirements.

Information System Building Blocks-Data Building Block, Process Building Block, and InterfaceBuilding Block The Process of Systems Development-The Capability Maturity Model and Underlying Principles forSystems Development. A System Development Methodology — Project Identification, Project Phases, and Cross LifeActivities.AlternativeRoutesandMethods-

ModelDrivenRoute,RapidApplicationDevelopmentRoute,Commercial Off-the Shelf Package Route, Hybrid Approaches, and The maintenance and Reengineering Route.Automated Tools and Technology-CASE (Computer Aided System Engineering) and Application DevelopmentEnvironment

- ■Systems Analysis-Concept of System Analysis? System Analysis approaches- Model Driven analysis approaches, Accelerated analysis Approaches, Requirements discovery methods EAST Syst ems Analysis Strategies. The Preliminary Investigation Phase. The problem Analysis Phase. The Requirement Analysis phase. The decision Analysis Phase. Data Modeling and Analysis. Process Modeling. Feasibility Analysis and the System Proposal
- ⇒ SystemDesign-ConceptofSystemDesign?SystemDesignApproachesModelDrivenapproaches,RapidApplicationDevelopment(RAD),FASTSystemsDesignStrategies.Data
  basedesign.Out putDesignandPrototyping..InputDesignand Prototyping.

UserInterfaceDesign.LogicalDesign.PhysicalDesign

⇒SystemImplementation-

 $\label{lem:composition} \begin{tabular}{l} Documenting the System. Training and Supporting Users. Organizational Issues in Systems Implementation. Maintaining Information Systems. Review of System Performance (System audit) \\ \end{tabular}$ 

→System Support and Security-Definition of Systems Operations and Support. Technical Support Data Security andReliabilityConsiderationsinDesigninga System

- 1. V.Rajaraman :AnalysisandDesignofInformationSystem,PHI
- 2. ArthurM. Langer :AnalysisandDesignofInformationSystems,Springer
- 3. G.B.Shelly, H.J.Rosenblatt: System Analysis and Design, Cengage Learning
- 4. J.B.DixitandRaj Kumar :StructuredSystemanalysisandDesign, LaxmiPublications(P)Ltd.
- J.L.Whitten, L.D.Bentley & K.C.Dittman: Systems Analysis and design Methods, Tata McGraw Publishing Company Limite d



# MB IO 45 INFORMATIONSYSTEMSANALYSISANDDESIGN

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course is for the students of MBA program, who are specializing in Information Technology. It aims at

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.  Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic   ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



### MB IO 46 MANAGINGIT-ENABLEDSERVICES

### CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

This course is for the students of MBA program, who are specializing in Information Technology. It aims at acquaintingthese students with tools & techniques of planning, analyzing, designing, implementing and maintaining InformationTechnologybasedservices.

### CourseStructure:

- → TheIT/ITESEnabled Revolution Challenges and Opportunities-ITE and Bleit De Veroformetic, in a portunities and Strategies in ITE nabled Services. The Enabling Environment for ITES
- **⇒ EnabledOut-SourcingServices-**ExtendedEnterprise.OutsourcingContext.IT-EnabledOutsourcingServiceSegments.DevelopmentoftheeServicesCapabilityModel.AnAnalysisofQualityModelsandt heirApplicabilityto ITenabledOutsourcingServices.
- **→ Human** and Institutional Capital-Human Capital Requirements for ITES, Private sector support Institutions, Public Sector Support Institutions.
- → InternationalTradeNegotiationsandItesExportDevelopment-TheICRevolution.PromotingEx[ortdevelopment. Barriers to Trade in ITES. Role of International Bodies (WTO & UNCTAD) in facilitating Trade inITEST/ITES
- **→**Case studiesREFERENCE
- 1. NikhilTreebhoohun(Ed.), :PromotingITEnabledServicesCommonwealthSecretariat
- 2. E.B.Hyder, M.C.Paulk, K.M.Histon & B.Hefley: eSourcing Capability Model for service providers Van Haren Publishing

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbefouralternatesetsofquestions,outofwhichonesetwillbelonganswertypeandtwowil lhavetwopartsA	70
& B. The last question (14 marks) will be short note type containing four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)	30
Writeúp, Presentation and Participation	
TotalMarks	100

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

It aims to help management students understand the fundamentals of Sales management and Distribution management soas to recognize the need of Business and to have the effective Sales and Distribution strategies for the satisfaction of channel partners.

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Evolution of Sales Management-Nature and Role of Sales Management, Sales Strategies: Relationship Strategy;Doublewin; HardSaleVs Soft SaleStrategy,SettingPersonal selling objective,Recruiting Sales Personnel:Planning;Sources, SelectingaSalesPersonnel: HiringProcedure; Socialization
- ⇒Sales Training Program-Role of a trainer; Training Method; Designing sales training program, Motivating SalesPersonnel, Designing and Administering Compensation: Financial Compensation Methods, Nonfinancial Methods, SalesMeeting:, SalesContests:ContestPrizes; ManagerialEvaluationofContest
- ⇒Sales Organization: Sales Organization Concepts Structures, Quotas for Sales personnel: Procedure; Types; Methods, Territories: Size; Allocation; Designing; Allocating Sales Efforts, Sales Information System: Planning; Reports, Evaluation of Sales Force: Process
- ► Marketing Channel-Importance; Structure; Flow, Wholesaling: Functions; Classification; Key tasks, Retailing:Organized Retail in India; Types of Retailer; Role of Retailer; E-Tailing, Market Logistics: Scope; InventoryManagement; Warehousing; Transportation
- → Designing Channel System-Channel Design; Channel Planning, Selecting Channel Partners: Change; Training; Motivating; Evaluating, Channel Management: Use of Power; Channel Conflict, Channel Information System: Elements; Purpose, Channel Performance Evaluation, International Channels: Mode of Entry Decision

### **⇒**CaseStudiesinSalesREF

### **ER ENCE**

- 1. PandaT, SachdevS, :SalesandDistributionManagement,OxfordUniversitypres
- 2. Havaldar, KrishnaK, :Salesand Distribution Management, Tata McGraw Hill
- 3. GuptaS.L,
  - :Sales&DistributionManagement:Text&CasesinIndianPerspectives,ExcelBooks
- 4. Still, Kundiff, Govoni, :Sales and Distribution Management, PHI,
- 5. L.Gorchels, C.West, E.J.Marien, :The Managers Guideto Distribution Channels, McGraw Hills,
- 6. RussellW.McCalley,:MarketingChannelManagement:People,Products,Programs,andMarkets,GreenwoodPublishing Group,
- 7. RobertHastings :ChannelSales&ManagementInDistribution,BusinessmanPub.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark   s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing severate or False statements (carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained we reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two	vith

${f IV}$ S	Sem
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	MO	42	PRODUCTANDBRANDMANAGEMENT

### TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course aims to make the learner familiar with the management of product and brands in the context of marketing. Itorients the learner to carefully understand the pivotal role a product manager and the significance of product and brandrelated decisions.

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒ Product Management: Product Development, Product focused organization; Market focused organization, Factors influencing design of the product, Changes affecting product management.
- **Developing Product Strategy**: Setting objectives & alternatives, Product strategy over the life- cycle, Customeranalysis, Competitor analysis, Designof manufacture, New ProductDevelopment.
- Market Potential & Sales Forecasting: Forecasting target market potential and sales, Methods of estimatingmarketsand salespotential, Salesforecasting, planning for involvementininternationalMarket.
- ⇒ Brand & Brand Management: Commodities Vs Brands, The role of Brands, The brand equity concept, BrandEquity
  - Models- Brand Asset Valuation, Aaker Model, BRANDZ, Brand Resonance, Building Brand Equity, BrandIdentity and BrandImage.
- ⇒Brand Leveraging & Brand Performance: Establishing brand equity management system, measuring sources ofbrand equity and consumermind-set, Co-branding, celebrity endorsement.
- ⇒ BrandPositioning&BrandBuilding: Brandknowledge, Brandportfoliosandmarketsegmentation, St epsofbrandbuilding,Id entifyingandestablishingbrand positioning, Defining and establishing brandvalues.
- **Designing & Sustaining Branding Strategies**: Brand Hierarchy, Branding Strategy, Brand extension and brandtransfer, Managing brandovertime.
- ➡Managing & Measuring Brand Equity: Brand Reinforcement, Brand Revitalization, Brand Crisis, Brand Valuechain, BrandAudits, BrandTracking, Brand Valuation.

- ProductManagement–DonalR.Lehmann,RusselS.Winer 1.
- Keller, Kevin Läne; Strategic Brand Management; Pearson education, New Delhi 2.
- 3.
- Verma, Harsha: BrandManagement; ExcelBooks; NewDelhi Kapferer, JeanNoel; StrategicBrandManagement; KoganPage; NewDelhi 4.
- Kumar, S. Ramesh; marketing and Branding-The Indian Scenario; Pearson Education; New Delhi 5.
- Kapoor, Jagdeep; 24Brand Mantras, Sage Publications; New Delhi 6.
- SenguptaSubroto;BrandPositioning:Strategiesforcompetitiveadvantage;TataMcGrawHill;NewD 7.
- Clifton, Rita & Simmons., John; Brandsand Branding; The Economist; Delhi 8.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MR	MΩ	13	e-MARKETING
MID	MO	43	e-MAKKETING

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

Itwillacquaintthestudentswiththebasicsofe-marketing,enhancinge-marketingperformance,enhancingcustomerexperience, evaluatingandmeasuringe-marketingcampaigns.

#### CourseStructure:

→ Framework for e-marketing - Evolution, Commercial beginnings of the Web, Characteristics, Drivers of InternetEconomy; InternetBusinessmodelsandStrategies; emarketingPlan, Internetasamarketingplatform: opportunities, challenges, barriersandbenefitsofe-marketing

## **→**ApplicationsofWeb2.0-

inMarketing,toolsofweb2.0,Blogs,Applicationsofweb2.0inIndia,Internetcommunitiesandmarketing :thecreationandtra nsferofvaluewithincommunities,OverviewofGlobalEmarketing, Future ofe-Marketing

- → Marketing Environment Ethical, legal, Social and regulatory issues in e-Marketing, Internet as a direct ResponseMedium, Understanding the e-Consumer, e-Consumer Behavior, Internet User Segments, Internet, Building e-Brands, Interactive Brand Building, Recent Trendsine-branding
- ➡ DifferentiationandPositioning-Strategiesine-marketing, Distributionine-marketing, e-marketingCommunication-OnlineAdvertising, SearchEmail, and othermarketingtools, CustomerRelationship ine-Marketing, Customer Service Supportin web space, RecentTrendsine-customer service.
- **Developing and maintaining website for e-marketing** Measuring and Evaluating Web Marketing Programs, Variables used to measure website traffic, audiences and marketing campaigns, Measuring internet advertisingeffectiveness. Roleof Social media in advertising.

# **⇒**CaseStudiesinEmarketingREFERENCE

- Mohammed, Fisher, Jaworski and Cahill: Internet Marketing— Building Advantage in an etworked economy Tat McGraw-Hill
- 2. StraussandFrost:E-Marketing,Prentice-Hall
- 3. MaryRoberts :InternetMarketing,CengageLearning
- 4. Vassos :StrategicInternetMarketing-Practicale-commerceandbrandingTactics,QueBooks
- 5. Chaffey, Meyer, Johnston and Ellis-Chadwick: Internet Marketing, Prentice-Hall/Financial Times

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70



	43	e-MARKETING	
	ıls:Cla	ssTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation			
TotalMark	S		100



### MB MO 44 RETAILMANAGEMENT

#### CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The present course aims at familiarizing the participants with the global dynamism of retail practices and provides aspecialize platform for developing cutting edge skills in retails. It also facilitates an understanding of synergies created byintegrationofretailconceptsandpractices. Classparticipation will be fundamental to the development of these skills.

### CourseStructure:

### **→**OverviewofRetailing-

RetailingDefined,FunctionsofRetailing,RetailTheories,Models,&Formats,GlobalRetailIndustry,Drivers andChallengesfo rIndianRetail Industry.

- → RetailingStrategy-FactorsInfluencingtheRetailShoppers,BrandingStrategy,PricingStrategy,SCMStrategy
- ⇒ RetailLocation-LevelsofLocationDecision, Trading-Areaanalysis, Factors Affecting the Attractiveness of a Site
- ⇒ Store Layout, Design and Visual Merchandising-Importance of Design, Objective of Store Layout, Types of StoreLayout, SpaceManagement, Fixtures, Flooring & Ceiling, Lighting, Color, Signage, Music, Scent.
- → MerchandiseAssortment-ConceptofthePrivateLabel,CategoryManagement—Concept,RoleoftheCategoryCaptain, CategoryManagementBusinessProcess, Assortment PlanningProcess.

#### REFERENCE

1. BermanB and EvansJ R :RetailManagement,PrenticeHall

2. MichaelLervyMandWeitzBW :RetailingManagement,TataMcGraw-Hill

3. NewmanAJ and Cullen P-Retailing : Environmentand Operations, Harcourt Publishers Ltd

4. VarleyRand RafiqM :PrinciplesofRetailManagement,PalgraveMacmillan,Basingstoke

5. A.J.Lamba :TheArtofRetailing,McGrawHill

6. SwapnaPradhan :RetailingManagement—Text&Cases,McGraw-Hill

7. SujaNair :RetailManagement,HimalayaPublication

8. RogerCox&PaulBrittain :Retailing—AnIntroduction,FinancialTimesPrenticeHall

9. P.K.Sinha&D.P. Uniyal :ManagingRetailing,OxfordUniversityPress.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven	,
True or False statements (carrying 14marks), which are to be explained with	70
reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there will be four alternate sets ofquestions, outofwhich onesetwillbelonganswertypeand twowillhavetwo parts A&B. The last question (14 marks) will be shortnotely pecontaining four options out of which any two options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic	30
ipation	
TotalMarks	100



### MB MO 45 STRATEGICMARKETING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the presentcourse is to develop analytical skillsfor the formulation and implementation of marketdriven strategies. It also aims at recognizing, embracing, and managing change by focusing on higher-level strategicissues and decision making to deliver superior value to customers in global market and competitive situations. Classparticipation through case discussion will befundamentaltothedevelopmentoftheseskills.

#### CourseStructure:

- ➡Introduction-An Introduction to Strategic Marketing: The Changing Role of Marketing Marketing in 21<sup>st</sup> century, Factors responsible for the change and their impact, Dimensions of Strategic Marketing, Challenges of StrategicMarketing. Market Driven Strategy Identifying Distinctive Capabilities, Creating Value for Customer, EstablishingStrategicFocus, SettingMarketingObjectives.
- ➡Relationship Strategy-Market Segmentation Strategy Creating New Market Space, Matching Value Opportunities and Capabilities, Target Market Strategies, Positioning Strategy
- → ProductStrategy-ProductStrategies-ProductStrategyIssues&Challenges,ProductLife-CycleStrategies,StrategiesNewProduct, BrandingStrategies,Packaging Strategies
- → Pricing Strategies Analyzing Customer Price Sensitivity and Competitors' Response, Legal & Ethical Issues in Pricing, Price Positioning, PricingStrategies&Pricingmodels
- ▶ Product Strategy-Integrated Marketing Communication Strategies Setting IMC Objectives, Deciding Role of Promotion, Pullvs. Push Strategies, Advertising Strategy, Creative Strategy, Media Strategy, Strategies for Sales Promotion, Publicity & Direct Marketing.
- **Distribution Strategy-**Channel Objectives, Role Performed by Distribution System, Strategies at different Channel Levels, Implementation Strategies



### MB MO 45 STRATEGICMARKETING

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

→ Suggested Case Readings-State Bank of India Competitive Strategies of a Market Leader; Sony Ericsson's MobileMusic Strategy; Monster Inc. Strategic Growth in India; Starbucks: Selling Experience; Bausch & Lomb EffectivePositioning; Horlicks' & Cadbury's Repositioning Strategies; The Nirma Story; Pepsico's 'Focus' Strategy; Launch ofAmaron Automotive Batteries; Hindustan Times Vs Times Of India; Promotional Strategies of Cellular ServiceProviders in India; Cox and Kings Service with a Difference; Social Marketing Lessons from CRY in India; Dell'sDistributionsSystem.

### REFERENCE

CarolH. Anderson
 D. W. Cravens&N. F.Piercy
 StrategicMarketing, Houghton Mifflin Harcourt
 StrategicMarketing, McGraw Hill/Irwin
 O.C. Ferrell, Michael D. Hartline
 Strategic Marketing, South-Western Cengage

4. BoyodWlker,MullinsLarrech :MarketingStrategy,McGrawHill

5. Colin, David J.: Strategic Marketing Management; Planning, Implementation & Control: Pearson Richard M.

S.Wilson; Gilligan, Oxford, Butterworth-Heinemann

6. Aaker, David :Strategic Marketing, Wiley-India

7. GeorgeS. :MarketDrivenStrategyDay;ProcessofCreatingValue, FreePress

8. J.P. Guiltinan, G. W.Paul, T. J.Madden :MarketingManagementStrategiesandPrograms, McGraw-HillCompanies

). Jain, Subhash : Marketing; Planning and Strategy, South-Western College Pub

 10. KerinRoger,PetersonRobert
 :StrategicMarketingManagement,AllynandBacon

 11. P.Baines, R.Brennan &PGarneau
 :ContemporaryStrategicMarketing,Palgrave

Mar
ks
70
30
100



### MB MO 46 ADVANCEDMARKETINGRESEARCH

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The course aims to start a discussion on the challenges of marketing research and analyzing consumer behavior in the dynamically developing global environment. Relevant advanced marketing research approaches, concepts and tools are being presented, discussed and applied by students within a course project.

#### CourseStructure:

➡Introduction to Marketing Research-Nature and Scope of Marketing Research; Role of Marketing Research in theDesigningandImplementationofMarketingPrograms;theMarketingResearchProcess;MarketingResearchDesigns

### **→**TheSource&CollectionofData-

ObservationalMethods; AttitudeMeasurementTechniques; MotivationalResearchTechniques; AdministrationofSurveys—Methods&Techniques, UseofQuestionnaire&Schedules.

- ➡Introduction to Marketing Data Analysis-Review of Basic Descriptive Statistics; Introduction to SPSS; DataReading&Coding; SimpleInferential StatisticalAnalysisTools
- ➡Multivariate Data Analysis Techniques-Regression Analysis (Advertising Budget Decisions etc.) Violation of Assumptions in Regression Analysis & Therapy, Types of Regression Analysis Factor Analysis (Questionnaire Development & Advertising Theme Decisions etc.) Fundamental Theorem & Central Concept, Factor Extraction Methods & Criteria, Factor Rotation & Scores Cluster Analysis (Market Segmentation etc.) Concepts and Process, Hierarchical versus Non-hierarchical Cluster Algorithms, Linkage Methods, Determination of Cluster Number, Interpretation and Profiling of Cluster Solutions Discriminant Function Analysis (Brand & Product Line Decisionsetc.) Significance Tests and Wilks Lambda, Standardized Canonical Discriminant Function Coefficients, Structure Matrix, Interpreting Discriminant Functions and Classification.
- → Marketiidin Resisional resisional resision (Strategyroup of streeting research project of their interest area with submission of research project report and class presentation of the same.

REFERENCE The Resident Provided Health Resident Provided Health Resident Provided Health Resident Resi

- 1. Reliability and Validity. :Marketing Research An Applied Orientation, Pearson Education, New Delhi
- 2. WilliamG.Zikmund :BusinessResearchMethods, CengageLearning,NewDelhi
- 3. Tull&Hawkins :MarketingResearch,PrenticeHallofIndia,Delhi
- 4. BeriG.C :MarketingResearch, TataMcGrawHill,
- 5. Karlinger, Fred N. :Foundations of Behavioural Research.
- 6. Aaker, Kumar, and Day : Marketing Research, John Willey
- 7. ChurchillandIaccubucci :MarketingResearch:MethodologicalFoundations,CengageLearning
- 8. Coakes, Sheridan and Clara Ong: SPSS

Version 18.0 for Windows: Analysis without Anguish, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. List of cases and specific references including research papers, articles and books will be announced in the class.



# MB MO 46 ADVANCEDMARKETINGRESEARCH

CourseObjective: TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



# MB OO 41 TOTALQUALITYMANAGEMENT

### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course intends to introduce the concept of Total Quality Management, which hinges on improvements asthecoremissionoftheuppermanagement.Zero-defectornoncontinuous conformanceistheoperationalobjectiveofanorganization. It intends to explain concept and implementing andmanaging quality for product andservices, to discussivarious aspects and interfaces within and outside the system.

### CourseStructure:

- ➡Understanding Quality-Quality, Competitiveness and Customers, Understanding and Building Chains, Managing Quality, Quality Qualitystartswith understandingtheNeeds,Qualityinallfunctions.
- → Models and Frameworks for Total Quality Management-Early TQM Frameworks. Quality award models, thefour Psandthree CsofTQM-A new modelsforTQM.
- →Policy, Strategyand Goal Deployment-Integrating TQM intothe Policy andStrategy, The Development of Policies and Strategies.
- Design for Quality-Design, Innovation and Improvement, The Design Process, Quality Function Deployment(QFD) - The House of Quality, Specifications and Standards, Design in the Service sector,
  - Failure Mode, Effect and Criticality Analysis (FMECA), the links between good designand ManagingtheBusiness.
- ⇒ Performance Measurement Framework-Performance measurement and improvement cycle, Cost of Quality, the Process model for Quality Costing, A performance measurement Framework, The implementation of performancemeasurementsystems.
- ⇒Benchmarking-The Why and What of Benchmarking, The purpose and Practice of Benchmarking, The role ofBenchmarking in Change, Communicating, Managing stakeholders and lowering Barriers, Choosing Benchmarking-Driven Change activitieswisely.
- ⇒ Process Management-Process ManagementDesign, Process. Classificationframework Modeling, Process Flowcharting. Leadership, Peopleand
- ImplementationaspectofProcessManagement.

  → Process Redesign/ Engineering-Re- Engineering the Organization, What is BPR and what does it do, Processesforredesign, The RedesignProcess, BPR-the PeopleandtheLeaders.
- **⇒**QualityManagementSystem-
  - ConceptofQualityManagementSystem,QualityManagementSystemrequirements,other managementsystemsandmodels, Improvementsmadeto Quality Management Systems.
- **Continuous Improvement-**A Systematic approach, Some basic tools and techniques, → Continuous Improvement A Systematic approach, Some basic tools and techniques, Statistical Process Control, Some additional techniques for Process Design and Improvement, Taguchi Methods for Process İmprovement, SixSigma, DRIVEFrameworkforcontinuousimprovement.
- **⇒**Human Resource Management-Introduction, Strategic alignment of **HRM** policies, Effective

Communication, Employee Empowerment and involvement, TrainingandDevelopment, Teamsand Teamwork

**→**Communications, Innovation and Learning-Communicating Strategy, Communicating Quality the Qualitymessage, Communication, Learning, Education and Training.

⇒Implementing TQM-TQM and the Management of Change, Planning the Implementation of TQM, Sustainedimprovement.

- Bank,J. :TheEssenceofTotalQualityManagement,PrenticeHall.
- Dale, B.G. (ed) 2.
- Feigenbaum, A.V. 3.
- :ManagingQuality,Philip Allen,HemelHempstead :TotalQualityControl,McGrawHill,NewYork. :TotalQualityControlforManagement,EnglewoodCliffs, 4. NasaoNemoto N.J.PrenticeHallInc.



5. Crosby, P. B. :Qualityis Free, McGrawHill, NewYork.

Juran, J.M., (ed) :QualityControlHandbook,McGrawHill,NewYork.

Kehoe, D.F. : The Fundamentals of QualityManagement, Chapman & Hall, London Grant, E.L., & R.S. Leavenworth: Statistical Quality Control, McGraw Hill, New York.

:QualityPlanningandAnalysis,McGrawHill,NewYork. 9. J.J. M. &F. Gryana

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwooptionsarerequiredtobeattempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100



#### MB OO 42 INVENTORYMANAGEMENTANDCONTROL

### CourseObjective:

**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course intends to develop the basic concepts, principles, problems, and procedures inventory management andprovidethestudentanappreciationofthecrucialroleofinventory andmaterialsmanagementintheefficiency, competitiveness, and profitability of a business Further also help in formulation and will ofmethodsandmodelsforinventorymanagement.

### CourseStructure:

- **⇒Inventory concept-**Importance & Scope of Inventory Control, Types of Inventory, functions, use; Dependent andIndependent Demand of Inventory, Costs Associated with Inventory, Selective Inventory Control, Classification ofitems, and Inventory control with deterministic and stochastic demands with and without lead time. Understandinglead time.Internalandexternalleadtime.Cumulativeleadtime.
- Strategic Inventory Management-Objectives and Importance of the inventory management function in reference toProfitability,Strategy,customersatisfactionandCompetitiveAdvantage.CompetitiveInvent orymanagement,Reduce Inventory Costs through Inventory Strategies: Benchmarking, Streamline process, Know your vendors,Establish avendorscorecard,Manageyourvendors,Negotiateterms,Providelimitless access toinformationsystems, Invest in systems, Invest in inventory control staff, Consistent forecasting philosophy, Review, recite, andretainkeydata, Clear aday's-work-in-aday.Liquidation, Inbound freight, Importing.
- **→InventoryClassification-**

Itsuseincontrollinginventory, Setuptime and inventory control, safety stock determination considering service level. Strategies to increase Inventory Turns, Reduce throughput time, ReduceWIP, eliminate waste, and reduce inventory level in service and manufacturing organizations.

➡Inventory models-Fixed Order Versus Fixed Interval systems —Developing Special Quantity Discount Models —

InventoryModelforManufacturedItems-

EconomicLotSizewhenStockReplenishmentisinstantaneous.,PerishableInventories,alloc ationanddistributionmodelfor perishableproducts,Continuouslydeterioratinginventory models, age dependent perishability, Periodic Review Models with Stochastic Demand, Single period(Newsboy)

Models, Dynamic Inventory Models with Stochastic Demand

➡ Material Requirement Planning Systems (MRP)-Meaning, purpose and advantage of MRP, Data Requirements and Management —Bill of Materials, Master Production Schedules, process of MRP, output of MRP. Make Or BuyDecisions: Concept of outsourcing, Factors influencing Make Or Buy Decisions, Trends in Make Or Buy Decisions incontext of core competency.

→ Materials Management-MM in JIT Environment: Zero inventory concept, Excess Inventory: Roadblock to World- Class Manufacturing, Materials management in JIT environment, Vendor Managed Inventory, vendor relationship in JIT context.

- 1. E.L. Porteus :FoundationsofStochasticInventoryTheory,StanfordUniv.Press,
- 2. P.H.Zipkin :FoundationsofInventoryManagement,Irwin/McGraw-Hill,
- 3. ISahin :RegenerativeInventorySystems,SpringerVerlag,
- 4. Zipkin :FoundationsofInventoryManagement–McGrawHill.
- 5. Seetharama L Narsimhan, Dennis W McLeavy & Peter J Billington: Production



Planning and Inventory Control - Prentice Hall Of India PvtLtd

J.R.TonyArnold&StephenN.Chapman:IntroductionToMaterialsManagement, -PrenticeHall

J.R. TonyAmold&Stephenix.Chapman:Introduction TowaterialsManagement, -PrenticeHallPTR
 RichardJ.Tersine :PrinciplesofInventoryandMaterialsManagement-PrenticeHallPTR
 MaxMuller :EssentialsofInventoryManagement-AMACOM/AmericanManagementAssociation
 J HGreene :ProductionAndInventoryControl-HomewoodIII:RichardDIrwin
 Silver,E.&Peterson.R. :DecisionSystemforInventoryManagementandProductionControl,Wiley,

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.  Sessionals: Class Test/Quizzes (average of 2 bestout of 3) Writeup, Presentation and Partic	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB	00	43	BUSINESSPROCESSREENGINEERING

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Business Process Reengineering (BPR) is a systematic approach to helping an organization analyze and improve itsprocesses. Allsystems are designed, developed and engineered to support business processes. Therefore, an understanding of the business processes is crucial to choosing how to build and manage systems.

#### CourseStructure:

- → Introduction to Business Processes, Business Process Excellence, Steps for Business Process Reengineering, BPRinInformationTechnologyandSystems
- ➡ ResearchOpportunitiesinBusinessProcessTechnology,BPRImplementationMethodolo gy,SemanticsofBusinessProces sModels, WhenShould aProcessbeStarted, Stepsto ProgressBPRfromProjecttoProgram
- ⇒Success Factors in BPR, Decomposing Business Processes, Structured Business Process Specification, ManagingBarrierstoBPRSuccess
- ➤ Software Reengineering, the Process Audit, Functional Information System, Workflow Technology and HumanComputer Interaction, Lean Manufacturing and the Environment, Functional Information System, Service OrientedArchitecture
- **⇒** Casestudies and problems relating to real world contemporary is sues in BPR

- Draheim, D.: Business Process Technology: A Unified View on Business Processes, Workflows & Applications, Springer Verlag
- 2. H., Michael & C, James: Reengineering the Corporation: A Manifesto for BusinessRevolution. NewYork:HarperCollinsPublishers.Inc.
- 3. C.James:ReengineeringManagement:TheMandateforNewLeadership,NewYork:HarperCollinsPublishers.Inc.
- 4. Darnton, Gand Darnton, M:Business Process Analysis, Intern. Thompson Business Press,
- 5. D. Thomas H.: Process Innovation; Reengineering Work through Information Technology, Harvard Business School Press,

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100



MB	OO	44	ADVANCEDOPERATIONSRESEARCH

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

The objective of the course is to make the learner familiar with the advanced operations research techniques and their applications in managerial decision making.

### CourseStructure:

- →Allocation-Introduction, general Linear Programming problems, Transportation Problems, Assignment Problems, Solution of Linear Programming, Transportation and Assignment Problems by computer package.
- → Theory of Games-Introduction, Assumptions, Definitions and Classification of Games, Two Person Zero SumGames, Pure Strategies and Saddle Point, Mixed Strategies, Shortcut method for finding optimum mixed strategies, Solution of Games by Dominance, Graphical Solution of Games, Solution by Linear Programming, Solution by Computer package.
- → Queuing Theory- Introduction, Queuing and Cost Behaviour, Definitions for Queuing Systems, Single Channel, Single Server Queuing Model (M/M/1), Economic Aspects of Queuing Solution by Computer package
- → Simulation-Introduction, Steps involved in Monte Carlo Simulation, Application of Simulation Method, Advantagesand DisadvantagesofSimulation.
- → Market Analysis-Introduction, Markov Process, Transition Matrix, and Prediction of Market Shares for FuturePeriods, SteadyStateConditions,AbsorbingChains, and SolutionbyComputer package.
- → Replacement Models-Introduction, Replacement of Equipment which deteriorates with time, Replacement of itemsthatFailCompletely, StaffingProblems, Solution with the help of computer, individual and Group Replacement.

#### REFERENCE

 HarveyJ.Greenberg,FredericH.Murphy,SusanH.Shaw:AdvancedTechniquesinthePracticeofOperationsResearch, NorthHolland

2. QuantitativeAnalysisforBusinessDecision :H.Bierman,C.P.Bonini,&W.H.Houseman,RichardD.IrwinInc.

3. F.S.Hiller&G.J.Lieberman :IntroductiontoOperationsResearch.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of	70
questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	
two parts	
A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
	100
TotalMarks	100



**TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)** 

This course intends to analyze manufacturing service process for methods improvement, to learn the techniques and procedure of methods, study and work measurement including standard. develop competence of time to inapplying methodologvof workstudyandvalueengineeringto designof worksystems.

### CourseStructure:

- ⇒ Productivity-Introduction, Productivity Index, Measurement of Individual worker's productivity, Productivity of Capital, Motion and Time Study and Productivity
- ⇒ Definition, Scope and History of Motion and Time Study-Definition of Motion and Time Study, Work MethodsDesign, WorkMeasurement, Scope, NonmanufacturingActivities,Taylor'suseofTimeStudy,Taylor'sInvestigation of Motion Study as it was developed by the Gilbreths, Micro-motion Study, The CycleGraphandtheChrono-cycleGraph.
- ⇒The General Problem Solving Process-Problem Definition, Analysis of Problem, Search for Possible Solutions. Evaluation of Alternatives. Recommendations for action.
- **⇒Work Methods Design**-Procedure, Selection, Recording Techniques, Process analysis, Setting up Time ReductionTechniques, Fundamental Hand Motions, Motion Study and Micro-motion Study, Equipments making the MotionPictures, Film Analysis, The use of Fundamental Hand Motions, Principles of Motion Economy as related to the useoftheHumanBody,WorkplaceandDesignofTools&Equipment.
- ⇒Time Study-Equipments, Process, Determining the Rating Factor, Allowances, Time Standard from Standard Dataand Formulas, Computer Aided Time Study, Computerized Machine and Equipment Downtime Monitoring andReporting,PredeterminedTimeSystems:TheWorkFactorSystem,Methods-TimeMeasurement, WorkSampling.
- WagePayment-TheRelationofMotionandTimeStudytoWageIncentives,MultifactorWageIncentivePlans.
- ⇒Advance Work Study-Synthetic Time Standards and Introduction to Predetermined Motion Time Systems and Standards, Business Process Analysis and Mapping, Basic Work System, **Physical** and Cognitive Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design, Value Engineering Concepts, Methods of Function Analysis, Office Planning and Design and Des sisandCreativeideageneration.

- NiebelB.W.&Freivalds A :Methods,StandardsandWorkDesign,McGrawHill
- 2. ILO :IntroductiontoWorkStudy,UniversalPublishingCorporation.
- 3. BarnesRM
  - :MotionandTimeStudy:DesignandMeasurementofWork,JohnWiley&Sons
- MeyersF.E.andStewartJ.R.:MotionandTimeStudy,PrenticeHall.
   MundelM.E. :MotionandTimeStudy:ImprovingProductivity,PrenticeHall
   RichardPark :ValueEngineering;APlanforInnovation,BocaRaton,St.LuciePress.
- Babbage, Charles

:OntheEconomyofMachinery&Manufacturers,CharlesKnight,PallMall,East,London. 8. Gilbreth,F.B.andL.M. :FatigueStudy,MacmillanCo.,NewYork.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark s
The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	70
Sessionals:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandPartic ipation	30
TotalMarks	100

MB OO 46 MAINTENANCEMANAGEMENT	MB OO 46
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# CourseObjective:

TotalPeriods:40(4Credits)

Thiscourseintendstodevelopfamiliaritywiththeroleofmaintenancemanagementforcompetitivea dvantage, structuring

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e maintenance function, preventive, predictive and productive maintenance strategies and policies formanagingoperation, productivity, quality and growth.

#### CourseStructure:

- ⇒Introduction-Asset Management, Failures: There Consequences, Role of Maintenance in Failures, Maintenance: Anoverview, Maintenance: An Important Tool of Planned Productivity, The Extended role of Maintenance.
- **→** Maintenanceobjectives and Functions-

Maintenanceobjectives, Downtimecontrol/management, The Two-Pronged Attack.

→ Maintenance **Organization-**Maintenance

> engineering organizational

prerequisites, factors

determiningeffectivenessofamaintenance organization.

**→** MaintenanceSystems-

BreakdownMaintenance,RoutineMaintenance,PlannedMaintenance,PreventiveMaintenance,

- PredictiveMaintenance,CorrectiveMaintenance, DesignoutMaintenance.

  → DesignOfMaintenanceSystemsCriticalityDetermination,MaintenanceSystemDesignOptimization.

  → Total Planned Maintenance System & Documentation-Planning, System Components, Equipment Record Card,Scheduling Process, Work Specification, Maintenance Records & Documentation, History Record Card, DefectAnalysisRecord, MaintenanceWorkorder, Information Analysis, MaintenanceControlSystem.
- **CalibrationandQuality-**CalibrationSystem,MaintenanceQuality
- **→** MaintenanceTraining,IncentivesandSafetyManagement-

NeedforMaintenanceTraining,PlanningforTrainingMaintenanceIncentives,DesignPrinciples,Safety PrinciplesandGuidel ines,SafetyManagement.

**⇒**ComputersinMaintenanceandMaintenanceBudget-

ComputerSystems, Areas of Computer Application, Maintenance Budget

- Energy Saving Through Planned Maintenance-Energy Saving, Cleaning & Cycling Replacement, EconomizingonLight.
- Investment Decision(FID) ⇒Facility Life Cvcle

influencing Costing-Factors Facility Investment

Decisions, Alternative sto Facility Investment Decisions, Facility

InvestmentDecisions,ConceptofEconomicLife,TheMathematicalModel,

Time Value of Money, Capital Recovery Factor, Depreciation.

- **⇒**Evaluation of Maintenance **Management-**Need for Evaluation, Challenges in Maintenance Management
  - Function, Parameters in Expectations, Background of Maintenance Function, Equipment
- Discard Policy, SWOT Analysis, Evaluation Process of Plant Engineering, Evaluation by Subjective Methods
- ObjectiveCriteriaofEvaluation,MaintenanceManagement-FuturisticScenario.

#### REFERENCE

1. Balachand, B.S. : Designand Management to Life Cycle Costing.



- Bullock.J.H.
  - :MaintenancePlanningandControl,NationalAssociationofAccountants,NewYork Get,K.H.,andBakh,I.C.:ModelsofPreventiveMaintenance,NorthHolland,Amsterdam.
- :CompleteHandbookofMaintenance,PrenticeHallEnglewoodCliffs Heintzeiman, J.E.
- Hibi,S.
  - :HowtoMeasureMaintenancePerformance,AsianProductivityOrganization,Tokyo.
- 6. Husband.T.M. :MaintenanceManagementandTerotechnology,Westmead-SaxonHouse,London.
- Cooling, W.C. TerryW. :MaintenanceManagement,AmericanManagementAssociation,NewYork. 7.
- :ComputerizedMaintenanceManagementSystems,IndustrialPressNewYork
  :MaintenancemanagementTechniques.McGrawHill
  :ManagementofIndustrialMaintenance,Butterworths,London.
- Corder, A.A.
- 10. Harriss, Ellya, M.J.
- 11. Higgins, L. R. and Morrrow, L. C.: Maintenance Engineering Handbook, McGraw Hill New York.
- :MaintenanceManagement,HealthandCompany,LexingtonD.C.,UK. 12. Mann, L., Jr.

PATTERNOFEXAMINATION:	Mark
	S

The Theory paper will consist of one short answer type question containing seven True or False statements(carrying 14 marks), which are to be explained with reasons in not more than 50 words. In addition, there willbe four alternate sets of questions, out of which one set will be long answer type and two will have	70
two parts A&B.Thelastquestion(14marks)willbeshortnotetypecontainingfouroptionsoutof whichanytwo options are required to be attempted.	
Sessionáls:ClassTest/Quizzes(averageof2bestoutof3)Writeup,PresentationandParticipation	30
TotalMarks	100

# **HOSPITAL MANAGEMENT** SEMESTERIII

# **EntrepreneurshipManagement(SESSIONAL)**

Concept and Evolution of Entrepreneurship, Classification and type of entrepreneurs, natureand importance of Entrepreneurs, Opportunity Assessment in Entrepreneurship: FeasibilityPlan Outline, Environmental Assessment in Entrepreneurship, Entrepreneurial Ventures and Financial Analysis, Writing an Effective Business Plan, Financial Sources for EntrepreneurialVentures:VentureCapitalfinancing,Angelinvestorsandoth ers, Entrepreneurialiss uesinvarious cultural context.

# **StrategicManagement**

Introductiontocorporatestrategy, The strategic management process, Enviro nmentalappraisal, socio-political and legal, Organizational Appraisal, Competitive Advantage, Corporatelevel strategies, Strategic Analysis Tailoring Implementation, and choice. Strategy strategy fitspecificindustryandcompanysituations, Changingnature of Strategies in

th

e New Millennium, Strategies in international business.

# LegalaspectofBusiness(SESSIONAL)

The Indian Contract Act, 1872, Nature, offer and acceptance consideration, Agreement vis-à-viscontract, void agreement & void able Capacity to Free Consent. Legality contract. contract. ofObject,Agreementnotdeclaredvoid,Contingentcontracts,TheCompanie sAct, 1956, Modificatio

ninCompaniesAct,CompaniesAct,2013,NatureofCompany,Registration&Inc orporation, MOA, Art

iclesofAssociationitsrelationwithmemorandumofAssociation, Prospectus, Members



hip,

KindsofShareCapital,Debentures,Directors-

Position, Appointment, Removal, Power & Duties, Majority Powers and Minority Rights, Prevention of Oppressionan

dMis-

management, Compromises Arrangements and Reconstructions and Winding Up, Lawsof Partnership, Nature, Relations and Dissolutions, Introduction to Industrial Law, Employee Provident Fund and Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, The Consumer Protection Act, 1986, Definitions of Consumer, Person, Goods, Service,

Trader,

Manufacturer, Unfairand Restrictive Trade Practices, The Information Technology Act, 2000, Digital Signature, Electronic Governance,

Electronic Records, Certifying

Authorities, Introduction toCorporate Tax Planning, Direct Taxes: Income Tax, Corporate Tax, Indirect Taxes: GST, VAT,CentralExcise,IncidenceandImpact,RecentDevelopmentsinTaxPolic y.



#### **HEALTHCAREENVIRONMENTANDMANAGEMENT**

# Objectives:

- > Tofamiliarisewiththehealthcareenvironment
- Tounderstandtheconceptsofmanagementwithrelevancetohospitals

#### UNITI

Introduction – Theoretical frame work - Environment - Internal and External – EnvironmentalScanning — EconomicEnvironment—CompetitiveEnvironment—NaturalEnvironment—PoliticoLegalEnvironment— SocioCulturalEnvironment-InternationalandTechnologicalEnvironment.

#### UNITII

A Conceptual Approach to Understanding the Health Care Systems – Evolution – InstitutionalSetting - Out Patient services – Medical Services – Surgical Services – Operating department –Pediatric services – Dental services – Psychiatric services – Casualty & Emergency services –HospitalLaboratoryservices—Anesthesiaservices—ObstetricsandGynecologyservices—Neuro –Surgeryservice—Neurologyservices.

#### UNITIII

Overview of Health Care Sector in India – Primary care – Secondary care – Tertiary care – RuralMedicalcare— urbanmedicalcare—curativecare—Preventivecare—General&specialHospitals-UnderstandingtheHospitalManagement— RoleofMedical,NursingStaff,Paramedical and Supporting Staff - Health Policy - Population Policy - Drug Policy – MedicalEducation Policy

#### UNITIV

Health Care Regulation–WHO,InternationalHealth regulations,IMA, MCI.State

MedicalCouncilBodies,HealthuniversitiesandTeachingHospitalsandotherHealthcareDelivery Systems

#### UNITV

Epidemiology - Aims - Principles - Descriptive, Analytical and Experimental Epidemiology - Methods-Uses

#### REFERENCES

Seth.M.L.MACROECONOMICS, Laksminarayana

Agrawal,

Edu, Pub. Agra. 1996Peter, Z&Fredrick, B. HEALTHECONOMICS, OxfordPub., New York, 1997Shanmugansundaram, Y., HEALTHECONOMICS, OxfordPub. New York, 1997



# HOSPITALARCHITECTURE, PLANNING AND MAINTENANCE

# Objectiv es:

- > TounderstandthenecessityofarchitectureandplanninginHospitals
- > Togetfamiliarisedwiththedesigningandmaintenanceofhospitalsystems

#### UNITI

**Hospitalasasystem**: Definition of hospital – classification of hospitals – changing role ofhospitals– roleofhospitaladministrator–hospitalasasystem–hospital&community.

## UNITII

**Planning:** Principles of planning – regionalization - hospital planning team – planning process –size of the hospital – site selection – hospital architect – architect report – equipping a hospital –interiors&graphics– construction&commissioning– planningforpreventinginjuries–electricalsafety

#### UNITIII

**Technicalanalysis**: Assessmentofthedemandandneedforhospitalservices—factorsinfluencinghospitalutilization—bedplanning—landrequirements—projectcost—spacerequirements—hospitaldrawings&documents-preparingprojectreport.

#### UNITIV

Hospitalstandardsanddesign:Buildingrequirement–Entrance&AmbulatoryZone–
DiagnosticZone–IntermediateZone– Criticalzone–ServiceZone–Administrativezone–List of
Utilities – Communication facility – Biomedical equipment -Voluntary &

Mandatorystandards–Generalstandards–Mechanicalstandards–
Electricalstandards– standardforcentralizedmedicalgassystem–standardsforbiomedicalwaste

#### UNITV

**Facilitiesplanning**:Transport–Communication–Foodservices–Mortuary –Informationsystem–Minorfacilities–others.

#### REFERENCES

G.D.Kunders, DESIGNINGFORTOTALQUALITYINHE

**ALTHCARE** 

**GuptaS.K;SunilKantChandraShekhar;RSatpathy**,MODERNTRENDSINPLANNINGAND
DESIGNING
OF HOSPITALS

**SyedAminTabish,**HOSPITALANDNURSINGHOMESPLANNING,ORGANISATIONS&MANA GE MENT

G.D.Kunders, HOSPITALS, FACILITIES PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT



# **HEALTHCARELAWS, ETHICS AND MEDICAL TERMINOLOGY**

# **Objectives:**

- > Togetacquaintedwiththelegalprovisionandissuesrelatedtohealthcare
- > Tofamiliarisewiththemedicalterminologies
- > Tounderstandtheethicalissuesinhealthcaresystem

#### UNITI

LawsrelatingtoHospitalformation:Promotion-Formingsociety-TheCompaniesAct-LawofPartnership- ASampleConstitutionfortheHospital-

The Tamil Nadu Clinics Act - Medical Ethics-

#### UNITII

LawsrelatingPurchasesandfunding:Lawofcontracts-LawofInsurance-ExportImportPolicy-FEMA-ExemptionofIncomeTaxforDonations-TaxObligations:FilingReturnsandDeductionsatSource.LawspertainingtoHealth:CentralBirthsandDeathsRegistrationAct,19 69-Recentamendments—MedicalTerminationofPregnancyAct,1971–InfantMilkSubstitutes,FeedingBottles and InfantFoodAct, 1992.

#### UNITIII

LawspertainingtoHospitals:TransplantationofHumanOrgansAct,1994—PrenatalDiagnosticTechniques(RegulationandPreventionofMisuse)Act,1994—MedicalNegligence—MedicoLegalCase—DyingDeclaration-MClactonmedicaleducation.TheBiomedicalWaste (ManagementandHandling)Rules-RadiationSafetySystem.

#### UNITIV

Medical Terminology- Glossary of medical terms: major Diseases and medical specialties-Roots, Prefixes, Suffixes, Abbreviations and symbols-Common roots: element referring to, usage and definition-Commonprefixes and suffixes-Common abbreviations: departments, time, general health care, routes of medication and laborator y-Symbols.

#### UNITV

Illness-Classificationanddescriptionofdiseases-InfectionControl-Medicalasepsis,Nosocomial infection and communicable diseases, Reservoir, carrier and mode of transmission-Overview of Hospital Services -Intensive care unit – Coronary care Unit – Burns, paraplegic &Malignant disease treatment – Hospital welfare services – Hospital standing services – Indian redcrosssociety—Nursingservices-Pharmacy—MedicalStores—Housekeeping—WardManagement – Central sterile supply department-Medical Records – Fatal documents – MedicalRegisters—Statutoryrecords.

#### **REFERENCES**

**BMSakharkar**, PRINCIPLESOFHOSPITALADMINISTRATIONANDPLANNING— JaypeebrothersPublications.

FrancisCM, MarioCdeSouza; HOSPITALADMINISTRATION—Jaypeebrothers Medical Publishers



# **PATIENTCAREMANAGEMENT**

# **Objectiv**

es:

- > Tounderstandtheimportanceofpatientcaremanagement
- > Tobeacquaintedwiththedisasterandsafety&SecurityManagementinHopitals

#### UNITI

Patientcentricmanagement-Conceptofpatientcare, Patient-

centricmanagement, Organization of hospital departments, Roles of departments/managers in en hancing care, Patient couns

eling&Practicalexamplesofpatientcentricmanagementinhospitals-

Patientsafetyandpatientriskmanagement.

#### UNITII

Qualityinpatientcaremanagement-

Definingquality, Systems approach toward squality, Toward saquality framework, Keytheories and concepts, Models for quality improvement & Variations in practice

#### UNITIII

Patientclassificationsystems and the role of case mix-

Whydoweneedtoclassifypatients, Typesofpatient classification systems, ICD9(CM, PM), Casemix classification systems, DRG,

HBG,ARDRG,CasemixinnovationsandPatientempoweringclassificationsystems.

#### UNITIV

Medical ethics & auditory procedures-Ethical principles, Civic rights, Consumer Protection Act, Patient complaints powers & procedures of the district forum, State and National commission, Patient appeals, Autopsy, Tort liability, Vicarious liability,

Medical negligence, Central &

statelaws, Use of investigational drugs, Introduction/need&procedures formed ical audit, Audit administration & Regulating committees-Confidentiality and professional secrecy, ethics of trustand ethics of rights – autonomy and informed consent, under trading of patient rights – universal accessibility—equity and social justice, human dignity

#### UNITV

Disasterpreparedness-

Policies&proceduresforgeneralsafety,firesafetyprocedureforevacuation, disaster plan and crisis management . Policies & procedures for

maintaining medicalrecords,e-

records, legal aspects of medical records, its safety, preservation and storage.

#### REFERENCES:

GoelSL&KumarR.HOSPITALCORESERVICES:HOSPITALADMINISTRATIONOF

THE21STCENTURY2004ed., DeepDeepPublicationsPvtLtd:NewDelhi

**GuptaS&KantS.**Hospital&HealthCareAdministration:AppraisalandReferralTreatise1998

ed., Jaypee, NewDelhi

#### SEMESTER-IV

#### **BusinessEthics**

Importance of Ethical Behaviour, theories of ethics and ethics projects, Moral development inhumans,theories,concepts,MoralFrameworksforBusinessand Organizational Life,Individual Ethics, Values, and Purpose, Professional Responsibility: Concept and Importance,Conflicts and Ethical Dilemmas – moral & ethical dilemmas, Ethics and Business: A sense ofbusiness ethics,Ethics and International Business: Ethics Issues beyond borders, Ethics andEconomics: Ethical concerns of economic individuals and societies, Ethics and Environment:EnvironmentalEthicsAwareness,BusinessDisciplines—

Environment:EnvironmentalEthicsAwareness,BusinessDisciplines— Productionrelatedethicalissues,Business Disciplines — International standards, corporate governance,

corporate

citizenship, Global reportinginitiatives, Global compact, Millennium development goals, etc



## **HOSPITALOPERATIONSMANAGEMENT**

# Objectiv

es:

- Toidentifytheimportantfunctionsanditsmanagement inHospitals
- > Tofamiliarisewiththesupportingservices and procurement management of Hospitals

#### UNITI

FrontOffice-Admission-Billing-MedicalRecords-AmbulatoryCare-DeathinHospital- Brought-inDead-MaintenanceandRepairsBioMedicalEquipment

#### UNITII

ClinicalServices-ClinicalDepartments—Outpatientdepartment(OPD)—Introduction—Location — Types of patients in OPD — Facilities — Flow pattern of patients — Training and Coordination; Radiology — Location — Layout — X-Ray rooms — Types of X-Ray machines — Staff -USG — CT –MRI— ECG.

#### UNITIII

Supporting Services – House Keeping –Linen and Laundry, - Food Services - Central SterileSupplyDepartment(CSSD)

#### UNITIV

Facility Location and Layout importance of location, factors, general steps in location selection -Types of lay outs – product, process, service facility layout-Work standards, techniques of workmeasurement-Work sampling, calibration of hospital equipments.

Productivity measures, valueaddition,capacityutilization,productivity—capitaloperations,HRincentivescalculation,applications in hospital.

### **UNITV**

Purchasingstrategyprocess-organizingthepurchasingfunction-financialaspectsofpurchasing-tacticalandoperationalapplicationsinpurchasing,InventoryManagement:valuationandaccountingforinventory-physicallocationandcontrolofinventory-planningandreplenishmentconcepts-protectinginventory;ValueManagement,Valueengineering,valueanalysis.

#### REFERENCES

**MadhuriSharma**, ESSENTIALSFORHOSPITALSUPPORTSERVICESANDPHY SICALINFRASTRUCTURE,

**SakharkarBM**,PRINCIPLESOFHOSPITALSADMINISTRATIONANDPLANNING, *Jaypee* 

**FrancisCM, MarioCdeSouza**, HOSPITALADMINISTRATION, *NewDelhi*, 200

**PrabhuKM,SoodSK**,HOSPITALLABORATORYSERVICESORGANIZATIO NAND

MANAGEMENT, Journal of Academy of Hospital Administration, 2 (@) 1990



# PURCHASEMANAGEMENTANDINVENTORYCONTROLINHOS PITALS

# **Objectives:**

- > Tofamiliarisewiththeconceptsofprocurement
- > Tounderstandstoresmanagement andinventorycontrolsystem

#### UNITI

-Foreigncurrency-payments.-Importdocumentation.

#### UNITII

Inventorycontrol:Definition-objectivesofInventoryControl—TypesofInventorycost—Typesof Inventory Control — Pareto's law -ABC /VED / SDE Analysis — Lead Time — Buffer stock — Reorderlevel—EconomicOrderQuantity (EOQ)—TypesofInventory Controlsystems.

#### UNITIII

Stores Management- location and layout – Standardization, Codification and Classification ofmaterials– Materialaccountingandphysical distribution–Storedocumentation – condemnation and disposal of scrap, surplus and obsolete materials – Types of stores in a Hospital.

#### UNITIV

Equipment Planning and Procurement: Steps in equipment selection – Utilization index – Factorsleading to poor utilization of equipment- planning and procurement of spares / accessories /consumables.

#### **UNITV**

Recent trends in Materials Management: Types of Materials used and stored in a Hospital–Computerization of Materials function – MIS Reports – Concept and frame work of supply chainmanagement-conceptofJustintime andCentralpurchasing.

#### **REFERENCES:**

Mr.KSMenon, STORESMANAGEMENT2ed., MacmillanIndiaLtd.,

**Mr.RupnarayanBose**,ANINTRODUCTIONTODOCUMENTARYCREDITS, *MacmillanIndiaLtd* 

**Mr.BSSahay**, SUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT, *MacmillanIndiaLtd* 

**Mr.Gopalakrishnan&Sunderasan**,MATERIALSMANAGEM ENT.



## **HOSPITALFACILITIESMANAGEMENT**

# **Objectives:**

- > Togetfamiliarisedwithsupportservicesystems
- > Togetacquaintedwithhazardsanditsmanagementinhospitalenvironment

## UNITI

NutritionandDietaryservices-Pharmacyservices-MedicalRecordsservices.

#### UNITII

FacilitiesEngineering-MaintenanceofCivilAssets-ElectricalsupplyandWatersupply-Medicalgaspipeline-PlumbingandSanitation-Airconditioningsystem-HotwaterandSteamsupply-CommunicationSystems-Biomedicalengineeringdepartmentsinmodernhospitals.

#### UNITIII

Laundryservices-Housekeepingservices-CSSD-Energyconservationmethods-AMC.

#### UNITIV

Ambulanceservices—Mortuaryservices—Hospitalsecurityservices.

#### **UNITV**

Disastermanagement–Firehazards–EngineeringHazards–Radiologicalhazards.-OutsourcingofSupportservices–Wastedisposalandmanagement-fewcasestudies.

#### **REFERENCES:**

**G.D.Kunders**, HOSPITALANDFACILITIESPLANNINGANDDES IGN **JacobKline**, HANDBOOKOFBIO-

**MEDICALENGINEERING** 

WebsterJ.GandAlbertM.Coo,CLINICALENGINEERINGPRINCIPLESANDPRACTICES AntonyKelly,MAINTENANCEPLANNINGANDCONTROL



# **HospitalInformationSystems**

# **Objectives:**

- > TounderstandtheroleoflTinhospitalmanagement
- > Tofamiliarisewiththelatestdevelopmentsintechnologywithrelevancetohospitals

#### Unitl

TheInformationExplosion:Informationisimportant-ImpactonsocietyImpactonteachingandlearningImpactonGovernment-ImpactonHealthcareThefutureofhealthcaretechnology-ThefuturehealthcarerecordSummary.TheworldofInformatics.

#### Unitll

TheElectronichealthrecord:Functionsofthehealthrecord—
Changingfunctionsofthepatientsrecord—
Disadvantagesofthepaperrecord—Opticallyscannedrecords—Theelectronichealthrecord—
Automatingthepaperrecord—AdvantagesoftheEHR—DisadvantagesoftheEHR—
Bedsideorpoint-or-caresystems—
HumanfactorsandtheEHR—
RoadblocksandchallengestoEHRimplementation—The future

#### UnitIII

SecuringtheInformation:PrivacyandconfidentialityandLaw-Whoownsthedata?-Security - Computer crime - Role of healthcare professionals - Summary. Information Systems cycle:The information systems cycle - Analysis - Design phase - Development - Implementation - Whysomeprojects fails?

**UnitIV** ElectronicCommunications:Abitofhistory–Hardwareandsoftwareforconnecting–Methodsofaccessinginformation– WorldWideWeb(WEB)–CommunicationTechnologies

#### UnitV

Telehealth— Historical perspective on telehealth — Types of Technology — Clinical initiatives

-Administrative initiatives— Advantages and Barriers of
telehealth—Future trends — SummaryThefutureofInformatics:GlobalizationofInformationTechnology—Electroniccommunication

- Knowledge management— Genomics — Advances in public health— Speech recognition — Wireless computing — Security

- Telehealth — Informatics Education — Barriers to InformationTechnologyimplementation

#### **REFERENCES:**

**KathleenM**.,INFORMATICSFORHEALTHCAREPROFE SSIONAL

JamesO'Brien,TateMcGrawHill,MANAGEMENTINFORMATIONSYSTEM PeterNorton,INTRODUCTIONTOCOMPUTER, TataMcGrawHill



## **TOTALQUALITYMANAGEMENT**

# **Objectives:**

- > TointroducewiththeTQMConcepts
- > Tounderstandtheimportanceofqualityinhospitalmanagement

#### UNITI

Qualitymission,policyandobjectives;concepts,evolutionanddeterminantsofquality;interpretation and process of qualityaudits; cost of quality and economics of quality.Concepts ofqualityimprovement,qualityassurance,businessscorecard.Contributionofqualitygurus:Shew hart,Juran,Figenbaum,Ishika wa,DemingandTaguchi;SPC,SQC,CWQC,TPM,TQC:

#### UNITII

Definition, underlying concepts, implementation and measurement of TQM, internal customer-

supplierrelationship,QFD,QualityCircles,Qualityimprovementteams,teamworkandmotivationinTQMimplementation,traini

ngandeducation,roleofcommunicationinimplementingTQM,policydeployment.

#### UNITIII

Processes in service organization and their control, simple seven tools of quality control; checksheet, Histogram, Scatter diagram, Process Mapping, Cause and Effect diagram, Pareto analysis, control charts and Advanced tools of quality -SQC; control charts for variables- X, Xbar, and Rchartsandcontrolchartsforattributesp, Np, and ccharts. Acceptances ampling plan and occurrence

e.

#### UNITIV

Facetsofquality,qualityplanning,qualityimprovementmethods,Kaizen,qualityaudits,dicmealaudit,ac creditation,nursingcar estandards,SixSigma,JITandNABL

IntroductiontoIS02000,ISO14000,andISO18000.

Documentationofqualitysystems,qualitymanual,proceduremanuals,workinstructionmanualsand records for ISO 2000.

BenchmarkingandBusinessProcessReengineering:definition,methodologyanddesign,evaluation and analysis

#### UNITV

**CurrenttrendsinTQM-**Qualityinhealthcare, Accreditation-withspecialemphasison NABHAccreditation,

#### REFERENCES:

BesterfieldH.Dale, TOTALQUALITYMANAGEMENT, PearsonNewDelhi, 2005. SridharBhat, TOTAL

QUALITYMANAGEMENT, *HimalayaHousepub.*, *Mumbai*, 2002 **SundaraRajuS.M.**, TOTALQ UALITY

MANAGEMENT: APRIMER, *TataMcGrawHill*, **Srinivasan**, N.S. ANDV. NARAYANA, MANAGI NGQ UALIY-CONCEPTSANDTASKS,

NewAgeInternational, 1996.



# Kume, H., MANAGEMENTOFQUALITY, Productivity Press, 1996

# **PUBLICHEALTHSYSTEMANDOUTREACHPROGRAMMES**

# **Objectives:**

- > Tounderstand thebasicconceptsand methodsofepidemiology
- > TogetfamiliarisedwiththeEmergencyEpidemicManagementSystem

# UNITI

BasicconceptsandmethodsofEpidemiologyandapplicationtothevarietyofdiseaseproblems –HealthforallandprimaryHealthcare–Clinicaltrails–communitytrails–ethicalconsiderations–inference from epidemiologicalstudies.



### UNITII

NationalHealthProgrammesrelatedtoCommunicablediseasesMalaria,Filarial,Tuberculosis,Leprosy,AIDS,andSTDNationalHealthProgrammesrelatedtoNonCommunicablediseases— Cancer,Blindness,Diabetes,andMentalHealth-Reproductiveandchildhealthprogramme(RCH)- Healthrelatednationalprogrammes—IntegratedChilddevelopmentscheme,watersupplyandsanitation,minimumneedsprogramme.

#### UNITIII

Alcoholismanddrugdependency:Alcoholandalcoholism-opioddrugusecocaineandothercommonlyabuseddrugsaddictionandrehabilitationcenters.

#### UNITIV

EnvironmentalandOccupationalhazards—Hazardsofenvironmentandworkplace— Sterilizations—Autoclaves—Wastedisposalmanagement(SolidsandLiquids)—Incinerators.

#### **UNITV**

EmergencyEpidemicManagementSystem-Safetysystems-ImmunizationandIsolationsystems-Communicationsystems-PublicHealthServiceSystems-HealthandPopulationpolicyandStrategies-DistrictHealthOrganization-Regionalizationofhealthcare.

#### REFERENCEBOOKS:

**Gilienfeld**, FOUNDATIONOFEPIDEMIOLOGY

#### Brilliant

Lawrence, SMALLPOXERADICATION IN INDIA Ronald Goldet.el., P

RE-

CESTSELFASSESSMENTANDREVIEWPRINCIPLESOFINTERNAL

MEDI

# **SUPPLYCHAIN Management** 3<sup>rd</sup>semester

# SUPPLYCHAININFORMATIONSYSTEM COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toexplainthevarioustechnologicalaspectsthataredescribedinthedifferentlogisticalbackground
- Toexplaintherealtimedescriptionupdatedtechnologiesinthelogisticssectorandsupply chainindustry

# **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	: Explain aboute SCM, benefits and communication networks.	
CO-2	:Explainaboutdatasecurityincommunicationnetworks.	
CO-3	:Explainaboutthe variouse-commercemodels.	
CO-4	: Explain about the various enterprise information systems and their benefits.	
CO-5	:Explaintheclassification of enterprise information systems.	
CO-6	:Explainaboutinformationarchitecture.	
CO-7	:Explaintheframework formanagingsupplychaininformation.	
CO-8	: Explain about the various information systems development methodologies.	
CO-9	:Explainaboutthevariousenterprise architectures.	
CO-10	:Explain the various information system deployment methods.	
UNITI	ELECTRONICSCM,COMMUNICATIONNETWORKS 1	2
Introduction	eSCM - eSCM framework - Key success factors for eSCM - Benefits of eSCM	[-
Positioning	information in Logistics - Strategic information linkage - Supply chair	n
communicationnetworks-Roleofcommunicationnetworksinsupplychains-		
Overviewofte	elecommunication	
	OI-Data securityin supplychain networks-Overviewofinternetablemodels	
UNITII	ENTERPRISEINFORMATIONSYSTEMS 1	2
Overviewofe	nterpriseinformationsystems-Informationfunctionalityandprinciples-	
Introductionenterpriseinformationsystems-Classificationofenterpriseinformationsystems-		

UNITIII

Informationarchitecture-Frameworkformanagingsupplychaininformation-Describeionon

popularenterpriseapplicationpackages-Benefitsofenterpriseinformationsystems

Stakeholders in supply chain information systems - Stakeholders in SCM - Stakeholders in supplychaininformationsystems-Informationsystemsdevelopment-Logisticsinformationsystemsdesign-Definingenterprisearchitecture-Choosingappropriate syste

mdevelopmentmethodologies

-Adoptingrelevantsystemsdevelopmentmodel

## UNITIV DEPLOYMENTANDMANAGEMENT 12

Informationsystemsdeployment-ITOperationsandinfrastructuremanagement-Portfolio, programmeandprojectmanagement -Managementofrisk Managementofvalue

## UNITY INFORMATIONINTEGRATION 12

Enterprise application integration and supply chain visibility - Enterprise application integration - Supply chain visibility - Supply chain event management -Supply chain performance -Planning anddesignmethodology-Problemdefinitionandplanning-Datacollectionandanalysis-

Recommendationsandimplementation-Decision supportsystems

#### **TOTAL:60 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. DonaldBowersox, DavidCloss, & Bixbycooper SupplychainLogisticalManagement
  - 2. R.H.Ballou,and SamirBusiness LogisticsManagement,5th Edition2014

    REFERENCEBOOKS:
  - 1. Strauss, Alexa & Frost E-Marketing, Routledge; 8th Newedition edition 2018
- 2. StatisticsforManagersUsingMSExcel,8thEditionLevine&DavidPearsonEducation20
  - DavidB.Grant&CheeYewWongSustainableLogisticsandSupplyChainManag ement: Principles andPracticesfor Sustainable OperationsandManagementKoganPage;2editionApril3, 2017

# SUPPLYCHAINCONCEPTS &PLANNING COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Todescribethevarious streamsof thesupply chain
- Todescribethe driversofthesupplychain
- Todescribethe conceptsemployed inthesupplychain
- Toexplainabout thestrategies employedinthesupplychain

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	:Identifytheconceptsofsupply chain.	
CO-2	:Classifylogisticsandsupplychainmanagement	
CO-3	:Identifythedifferencebetweenservice andmanufactur	ingsupplychains.
CO-4	:Analyzesupplychain dynam ofsupplychainperformance.	nicsandvariousissues
CO-5	:Relatethesupplychainprocesses.	
CO-6	:Developthesupplychainstrategies.	
CO-7	:Planaboutsupplychainoutsourcing.	
CO-8	:Selectthevariousdriversofsupplychain performance.	
CO-9	:Identify aboutdemand aboutthevariousforecastingtechniques.	dforecastingandlearn
CO-10	:Designaboutsalesandoperationsplanningprocess	
UNITI	CONCEPTSOFSUPPLYCHAIN	12

Serviceandmanufacturingsupplychaindynamics-Evolutionofsupplychainmanagement-Multipleviewsandflows-Servicesupplychains-Manufacturingsupplychains-Measuresof supplychainperformance-Bullwhipeffect

# UNITII SUPPLYCHAINPROCESSESANDSTRATEGIES 12

Integrated supply chains design-Customer relationship process-

Orderfulfillmentprocess- Supplierrelationshipprocess-Supplychainstrategies-Strategicfocus-Masscustomization-

Leansupplychains- Outsourcingandoffshoring- Virtual supplychains.

#### UNITIII SUPPLYCHAINPERFORMANCEDRIVERS 12

Driversofsupplychainperformance-

Logisticsdrivers(Location, inventory and transportation)-

Crossfunctionaldrivers(Pricing,informationandsourcing)-

Forecastingintroduction-

Frameworkforaforecastsystem-Choosingrightforecastingtechnique-Judgmentmethods

(CompositeForecasts,Surveys,DelphiMethod,ScenarioBuilding,TechnologyForecasting,For ecast by Analogy) - Causal methods (Regression Analysis -Linear & Non-Linear Regression,Econometrics)-

Timeseriesanalysis(AutoregressiveMovingAverage(ARMA),ExponentialSmoothing,Extrapo lation, LinearPrediction,TrendEstimation,GrowthCurve,Box-Jenkins Approach)–CPFR

**UNITIV** 

#### **SALESANDOPERATIONSPLANNING**

12

IntroductiontoSalesandoperationsplanning-Purposeofsalesandoperationsplans-Decision context-Sales andoperations planning asaprocess -Overview ofdecision supporttools

UNITV

# RESOURCEPLANNINGANDSCHEDULING

12

Enterpriseresourceplanning-Planningandcontrolsystemsformanufacturers-

Materials requirement planning - Drum - Buffer - Rope

system - Scheduling - Scheduling service

andmanufacturingprocesses-Schedulingcustomerdemand-Schedulingemployees-Operations

scheduling.

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. SunilChopra,Peter

Meindl, Supply Chain Management: Strategy,
Planning, and Operation, Pearson 6th Edition, 2016.

- 2. JanatShah, SupplyChainManagement, Pearson EducationIndia, 2nd Edition 2016
  - 3. Litonggroupannouncesglobal frameworkagreementwithVEON.2018 **REFERENCEBOOKS:**
- 1. PaulSchönsleben,IntegralLogisticsManagement:PlanningandControlofComprehensiveSupp

ly, ACRCPress Company, 2016.

**2.** DavidFrederickRoss,DistributionPlanningandControl:Managing intheEraofSupply

Chainlastedition, Springer, 2015.



# **GLOBAL SCM COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

Togainknowledgeingloballogisticsandriskmanagementandtodologisticsmanagementgl obally

•	Tounderstandtherequirementsandregulationsinvolvedindoinglogistics globally. <b>COURSEOUTCOMES:</b>	
	Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:	
CO-1	:Statethefactors influencingglobalmarketforces.	
CO-2	:Identifythefactorsinfluencingtechnologicalforces.	
CO-3	:Enumeratethesourcesofrisks.	
CO-4	:Outlinethe managementofglobal risks.	
CO-5	:Listthe issuesin internationalsupply chainmanagement.	
CO-6	:Clarifytheregionalandculturaldifferencesin logistics.	
CO-7	:Elaboratetherequirements ofglobalstrategy.	
CO-8	:Explain the global strategy implementation.	
CO-9	:Statetherole ofhuman resourceinglobal strategy.	
CO-1	O :Analyzethecultural risks during implementation.	
UNITI	GLOBALLOGISTICS 9	
Intro	Introduction–GlobalLogisticsMeaningandDefinition–Global marketforces–	
Fact	orsInfluencingGlobalMarketForces–FactorsInfluencingTechnologicalForces–	
Tech	nnological	
	Forces-GlobalCostForces -	

PoliticalandEconomicForces

#### UNITII **RISKMANAGEMENT**

Introduction-RiskManagement-MeaningandDefinition-ManySourcesofRisks-Managing theUnknownFactors-Introduction toGlobalRisks-GlobalRisks - ManagingGlobalRisks.

#### UNITIII INTERNATIONALSUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT 9

IntroductiontoInternationalSupplychain-

Is sue sin International Supply Chain Management

InternationalversusRegionalProduct-InternationalversusRegionalProducts.

#### UNITIV **PERFORMANCEEXPECTATIONANDEVALUATION** 9

Regional differences in Logistics – Cultural differences in different places – Geographic



informationSystems-Infrastructure—PerformanceExpectationand Evaluation.



# UNITY GLOBALSTRATEGYIMPLEMENTATION 9

RequirementsforGlobalStrategy–GlobalStrategyimplementation–
MiscellaneousDangers InformationsystemAvailability –HumanResources–
role–significance.

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

PierreDavid,InternationalLogistics:TheManagementofInternationalTradeOperationsPaperba

ck-Import, 1 Dec2013.

2. JohnMangan,ChandraLalwani,"GlobalLogisticsandSupplyChainManagemen t",Tim ButcherJohn Wiley& Sons,2nd Edition,2011.

### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. DavidSimchi,Levi,PhilipKaminsky,RaviShankar,"Designing&ManagingtheSupplyChain",T

ata McGrawHill, 14th Edition, 2010.

- 2. Ross.D.F, "CompetingthroughSupplyChainManagement", Chapman&Hall, 6thEdition, 2 009.
  - 3. Woods.D,A.Barone,P.Murphy,D.Wardlow,"Internationallogistics",Chapman&Hall, 1998.

# VENDORMANAGED INVENTORY **COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

- To provide a mutually explaining of how the customer uses its goods over the course of ayear. Vendor managed inventory (VMI) implementations can be onlyrequirecollaboration challenging. They not between the retailerand manufacturer;
- Tointegratewithtechnologyandoperationsplatforms.

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO<sub>-1</sub> :Surveyandanalyse cooperationbetweendifferentpartsofanorganisation CO-2:Explain theimpact thatthetypeofdemand forgoods and services CO<sub>-3</sub> :Explaintheinventorymanagement modelsthat helpplanthe inventoryorders CO-4 :EvaluatetheefficiencyofVendorManagedInventory. CO-5:Describeoperationalprocurementprocesses andbeabletoexplain procurement CO-6:Describethe roleofinformationtechnologyinmanaginginventories CO<sub>-7</sub> :Describethe rationalebehindtheapplicationofvendorbasedinventory. CO<sub>-8</sub> :Demonstratehowinventorycontrolfitsintothelogisticsorganization. CO-9:Learnhowtousephysicalinventoriesandcycle counting CO-10 :Incorporatetheconceptsofsupply chainintegrationinrealtimebusiness

UNITI SCM 9

What is SCM- Logistics Network Configuration-Model development-Model validation-Impact ofaggregating customer &productson model accuracy-Number of required distributioncenters-InventoryManagement&RiskPooling-

Centralizedversusdecentralizedsystems-

Managinginventoryinthesupplychain-Practicalissues. Approaches forecast future demand-InventoryManagement&RiskPooling-TheValueofInformation

#### **SUPPLYCHAINCOORDINATIONSTRUCTURES** UNITII

The bullwhip effect - Information sharing & decision rights-Centralized and decentralized decision- making and performance impact-The Value of Information-Effective forecasts-Information for the coordination of systems-Locating desired products-Lead-time reduction-Information supplychaintrade-offs-theValueofInformationand SupplyChainIntegrationImplicationsofDemandand



SupplyUncertainty

# UNITIII SUPPLYCHAININTEGRATION 9

Push, pull, and push-pull systems-Demand-driven strategies-Impact of the Internet on supply chainstrategies-Distributionstrategies-Centralizedversusdecentralizedcontrol-Centralversuslocalfacilities-strategicAlliances-Frameworkforstrategicalliances-Third-partylogistics- Retailer-Supplier Partnerships-Distributor integration-Procurement and Outsourcing Strategies- Outsourcingbenefitsandrisks-AFrameworkforBuy/MakeDecisions-E-Procurement- AFrameworkforE-

Procurement-OnlineMarketplaces

UNITIV SUPPLYCHAIN DESIGN 9

Designforlogistics-Supplierintegrationinnewproductdevelopment-

Masscustomization- CoordinatedProductandSupplyChainDesign-

CustomerValueandSupplyChainManagement-

Dimensionsofcustomer Customervaluemeasures value-Strategicpricing-

# UNITY INFORMATIONTECHNOLOGY 9

IT and customer value- Information Technology for SCM-Goals of IT for SCM-Standardization- ITinfrastructure-SCMsystemcomponents-IntegratingITforSCM-decisionSupportSystemsforSCM InternationalIssuesinSupplyChainManagement-IntroductionglobalSCM-Risksandadvantages ofinternationalsupplychains-Issuesininternationalsupplychainmanagement-Regionaldifferencesin Logistics

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

SJayaKrishna, Businesstransformationoutsourcing: AnIntroductionPaperback, ICFAlpress 201

7

 DominikaSpychalska,VendorManagedInventory:Exploringobjectives,benef itsand shortcomingsofthebusinessconcept,LapLambertAcademicPublishing,2 010

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

SilaÇetinkaya&Chung-

YeeLee, Stock Replenishment and Shipment Scheduling for Vendor-Managed Inventory Systems, Management Science, 2008

 Tempelmeier, Inventory Managementin Supply Networks— Problems, Models, Solutions,



Norderstedt,2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2011.

#### SCMFORSERVICESMARKETING

#### **COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

- Torelatethestrategyinsupplychainmanagementforaseamlessintegrationofthedistributi onchann els.
- ToexplainhowtechnologycaneasethecostandefficiencyoftheSCMofservices.
- Torealizetheimportanceofdistributionin theservicesmarketing.

### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

UNITI	SERVICESMARKETINGANDSCM 9
CO-10	:Explainthetrends inservicemarketing.
CO-9	:Makeuseofthe contemporarytechniquesin servicemarketing.
CO-8	:Createacosteffectiveintegrationofchannelpartner s.
CO-7	:Explain theuseof technologyin thedistributionchain.
CO-6	:Explainthereachtheconsumerseffectively.
CO-5	:Eliminatetheverticalandhorizontalconflictsinchan nel.
CO-4	:Explainthelogisticalandfacilitatingfunctionsof theintermediaries.
CO-3	andprofitorganization. :Explaintheimportance ofchannelmembers.
CO-2	:PlantheSCM aspectswithreferencetonon-profitorganization
CO-1	:Differentiatethedifferencebetweengoodsandservi ces.

ServicesMarketing,Channels&SupplyChainManagement:TheDifferenceBetweenService sand Goods-ServicesMarketing:TheDifferenceBetweenServicesandGoods-HowNon-ProfitMarketingDiffers

fromFor-Profit Marketing

UNITII MARKETINGCHANNEL 9

Definition and Function in the Market place-

ChannelIntermediaries:DefinitionandFunctioninBusinessChannelIntermediaries:DefinitionandFunctioninBusiness-physicaldistribution

strategy,logisticalandfacilitatingfunctions.

UNITIII CHANNELCONFLICT 9

Horizontal&VerticalConflict-pricing, distribution and logistical operations. The channel members: goal-comprehensive channel partnership-Eliminate conflict-



driveproductefficiently

consumers.

UNITIV SCMTECHNOLOGY 9

Technology, Measurement, Relationship & Material Integration-Distribution costefficient integration of the distribution chain

UNITY LATESTTRENDS 9

LatesttrendsinSCMforservicesmarketing,ContemporaryTechniquesfor ServicesMarketing

**TOTAL:45 HOURS** 

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- RobertMonczka,RobertHandfield,LarryGiunipero,
   JamesPatterson,PurchasingandSupplyChain Management, McGraw Hill, 6thedition 2015
- 2. AlanHarrisonandRemkoVanHoek,LogisticsManagementandStrategy:Competingthroug hthe

Supply Chain, McGrawHill, 5th 2015

3. DavidSimchi-Levi,PhilipKaminsky,DesigningandManagingtheSupplyChain, EdithSimchi-Levi,2002.

# **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

SunilChopraandPeterMeindl,SupplyChainManagement:Strategy,Planning,andOperation,Mc

GrawHill, 7<sup>th</sup>edition 2018.

- 2. MartinChristopherLogistics and supply chain management 5<sup>th</sup> edition 2016.
- 3. F.Robert Jacobs, William Berry, D. Clay Whybark, Manufacturing Planning and Control for Supply Chain Management, Thomas Vollmann, 6<sup>th</sup> edition 2010.
- 4. ArjanJ.VanWeele,PurchasingandSupplyChainManagement:Analysis,Strategy,Plannin gand

Practice, Nichole, 6th edition 2012

 ShoshanahCohenandJosephRoussel,StrategicSupplyChainManagement:The FiveCore DisciplinesforTopPerformance, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition2013



# TRANSPORTATIONANDDISTRIBUTION MANAGEMENT COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toexplorethefundamentalconceptsoftransportationanddistributionmanagement
- Togainknowledgeinnetworkplanning,routingandschedulingandapplicationoflTintrans portati onand distribution management.

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	:Designwellversedindistribution techniquesinthesupplychain.
CO-2	:Developthevariousdistribution networkmodels
CO-3	:Makeuseofthe advantagesand disadvantages ofthevarious models.
CO-4	:Planforthedifferentdistributionnetworks
CO-5	:Gain knowledgeabout thedistribution requirementsplanning.
CO-6	:Rewritetherole oftransportationin logisticsandbusiness.
CO-7	:Predictthescopeandrelationshipoftransportation withotherbusinessfunctions
CO-8	:Illustrateonthevarious modes of transportation and the selection decisions.
CO-9	:Gain well verseknowledgeon vehiclerouting and scheduling.
CO-10	:Identifytheissuesinvolvedininternationaltransportation.
UNITI	DISTRIBUTION 9
Roled	fDistributioninSupplychain,Distributionchannels-
Funct	ons,resources,Operationsin
Distrik	oution,DesigningDistributionnetworkmodels-itsfeatures-
advar	tagesanddisadvantages

UNITII PLANNING 9

Distributionnetworkplanning, Distributionnetworkdecisions, Distributionrequirement planning (DRP)

UNITIII TRANSPORTATION 9

Roleof Transportation in Logistics and Business, Principle and Participants-Scope and

> r1elationshipwithotherbusinessfunctions,ModesofTransportation-ModeandCarrierselection,Routingand scheduling.



# UNITIV TRANSPORTATION 9

International transportation, Carrier, Freight and Fleet management, Transportation management and transportation are supported by the contraction of the contracti



# systems-Administration, Ratenegotiation, Trends in Transportation.

#### **UNITV**

# **INFORMATIONTECHNOLOGY(IT)**

9

UsageoflTapplications-Ecommerce–ITMS,Communicationsystems-Automaticvehicle locationsystems,GeographicinformationSystems.

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. DavidLowe,Lowe'sTransportManager'sandOperator'sHandbook2019
- 2. JanatShah,SupplyChainManagement,Pearson EducationIndia,2ndedition2016
  - ${\it 3.} \quad Raghuram and N. Rangaraj, Logistics and Supply chain Management$

LeveragingMathematicalandAnalyticalModels:CasesandConcepts,Ne w Delhi:

# Macmillan,2000 **REFERENCEBOOKS**:

 SunilChopra,PeterMeindl,SupplyChainManagement:Strategy,Planning,andOperation, Pearso

n,6th edition 2014.

- 2. MichaelBStroh,PracticalGuidetoTransportationandLogistics,LogisticsNetwork,200 6
- 3. AlanRushton, John Oxley, Handbook of Logistics & Distribution Management, Kogan Page Publis

hers, 2006.

# INTERNATIONALLOGISTICS COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toexplainthe movementofcargo fromvendortoenduser acrosstheglobe
- Toincreasethevalueinproduct.
- Toaddvaluethatincludesimprovedqualityandproductaccessibilityacrosstheworldatoptimal cost

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

UNITI	TRANSPORTATION	9
CO-10	:Explaintheadvantagesanddisadvantagesofair cargotransport.	
CO-9	:Explainaboutair mode oftransportation.	
CO-8	:Explainabout risksandinsuranceinoceantransportation.	
CO-7	:Explainabout the various classifications of ships and shipping methods.	
CO-6	$: Explain various is sue sinvolved in ocean mode of \ transportation. \\$	
CO-5	:Explainabout thefreight costingandpricing.	
CO-4	: Explain about the multimodal and in termodal transportation.	
CO-3	: Explain the various modes of international transportation and selection of the modes.	
CO-2	:Explainthevariousparticipantsininternationaltransportation.	
CO-1	:Explainthevariousbasicissuesininternationaltransportation.	

Meaning and Significance ofInternationalTransportation- Role of transportation in integrated logistics process, Basic principles of international transportation, Parties involved in international transportation, Significance of Transportation, Modes of International Transportation-Criteria forSelection of different modes of transportation, Multi Modal Transportation. Freight costing

Classification of Costs associated with Transportation process, Cost Strategies, Factors affecting, Transportation rate

# UNITH OCEANMODE OF TRANSPORTATION

9

Features, Typesand Terminology-Features, Advantages and Disadvantages of using seamode, Classification of ships, Shipping Methods, Swage in Ship, Major Sea-routes around the world,

Important Terminology, Freight, Parties and Perils Associated with Sea Modelline and Perils Associated with Perils Associated with Sea Modelline and Perils As

Partiesinvolvedin seamodeoftransportation-OceanFreight-

TypesofSeaFreight, Calculation of Freight; Maritime Risks, Marine Insurance.

#### UNITIII

#### AIRANDFREIGHTTRANSPORTATION

9

Features, Types and Terminology-

SignificantFeatures,AdvantagesandConstraintsofAirtransportation,TypesofCarriers,AirCarg oChain Operators,LegalAspectofCarriageofGoodsby Air; Freight Structure and \organizational set up-ULD Concept, Air Cargo Tariff

Structure-

AirFreightClassification, AirFreightCalculation, Factors Affecting AirFreightRates, AirFreight Consolidation, Role of IATA and TIACA in Air Cargo Industry.

UNITIV

#### **LANDMODE**

9

Transportation by Rail and Road. Meaning of Land mode of transportation, International Road Transportation, International Road Network, Advantages and Constraints of International

RoadTransport,InternationalRailTransportation,AdvantagesandConstraintsofInternationalRailTrans port;PipelineasaModeofTransportationandConceptofMulti-modalism,ConceptofContainerization.

#### **UNITV**

#### EXIMPROCEDUREANDDOCUMENTATION

9

Export procedure in India, Import Procedure in India, Transport Documents, Mate Receipt,
Bill ofLading – features and types, Air-way Bill, Lorry Receipt; INCOTERMS 2013;
Packaging andLabelingforExports-

Whatispackaging?FunctionsofPackaging,Labelingtheexportpackages,

Packagingfordifferentmodesoftransportation, RailReceipt.

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. EwanRoy, what is global supply chainmanagement? by TradeReady,,2017
  - 2. Altekar, supply chain management, and concepts PHI2013.

#### REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. R.B.HandfieldandE.L.Nochols,Jr.

IntroductionSupplyChainManagement.PrenticeHall,2<sup>nd</sup>edition (November30, 2014)

SunilChopraand Planning,and PeterMeindel.Supply

ChainManagement:Strategy,

Operation, Prentice HallofIndia, 6th Edition 2013.

9

# PURCHASINGANDSTRATEGICSOURCING COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toexplorethefundamentalconceptsof GlobalProcurement Management.
- Togain knowledgeinStrategicSourcing.

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-10 UNITI	:ExplaintheContractmanagement. PURCHASINGOPERATIONSANDSTRUCTURE	9
CO-8 CO-9	:Describeabout Costanalysistechniques. :Discussabout Negotiation	
CO-7	:DiscussaboutPriceanalysis.	
CO-6	:IdentifythetypesofProcess mapping tools.	
CO-5	:Discussabout Valueanalysis.	
CO-4	:AnalyzetheSupplier evaluationandselection.	•
CO-3	:UnderstandtheMethodsof Supplierevaluationandselection.	
CO-2	:Summarizethe Purchasingpolicies.	
CO-1	:Explain thebasics ofpurchasing operations.	

The purchasing and supply process - Introduction to purchasing and SCM- Strategic supplymanagement roles and responsibilities - Improving the procure to pay process - Approval,

contractandpurchaseorderpreparation-Typesofpurchases-

Purchasingpolicyandprocedures-Policy

UNITII

over view-Purchasing policies-Purchasing procedures.

### SUPPLYMANAGEMENTINTEGRATIONAND STRATEGICSOURCING

Internal integration - External integration - The critical role of cross functional scouring teams - Integrating supply management, engineering, and suppliers to develop new products and services — purchasing/supplymanagementorganizationalstructure-Purchasingpositionwithintheorganizational structure - Supply management and commodity strategy development - Aligningsupplymanagement and enterprise

objectives - Category strategy management - Types of

supplymanagement strategies-E-reverseauctions-

Evolvingsourcingstrategies-Supplierevaluationand selection- Supplierevaluationandselectionprocess- Keysupplierevaluationcriteria- Developing



asupplierevaluationandselectionsurvey-Reducingsupplierevaluationandselectioncycle time.

# TOOLSANDTECHNIQUESFORPURCHASING UNITIII ANALYSIS 9

Project management - Learning - curve analysis - Value analysis / value engineering - Quantitydiscount analysis - Process mapping - Supplier quality management Supplier management anddevelopment - Supplier performance measurement - Rationalization and optimization: Creating amanageable supply base - Supplier development: A strategy for improvement - Overcoming thebarrierstosupplierdevelopment-Managingsupplybaserisk-Managingsustainabilityinthe supplybase.

UNITIV STRATEGICCOSTMANAGEMENT 9

Astructuredapproachtocostreduction-Priceanalysis-Costanalysistechniques-Totalcostof ownership-

Collaborativeapproachestocostmanagement

UNITY NEGOTIATIONANDCONTRACTING 9

Negotiation - The negotiation framework in supply management - Negotiation planning - Power innegotiation - Concessions, negotiation tactics, win-win negotiation - Internal negotiation - Impact ofelectronic media on negotiations - Contract management - Elements of contract - How to negotiateandwritecontract-Typesofcontract-Long-termcontractsinalliancesandpartnerships-

Nontraditional contracting - Settling contractual disputes.

**TOTAL:45 HOURS** 

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- Parasram, "InCotermsExportsCoartindandPricingwithPracticalGuideto inCo- Terms,1sEdition, Jain Book, 6th Edition, 2010.
  - 2. MIMahaian, "Impart DoltYourself", Jain Book, 7th Edition, 2007.

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. JohnWiley, "GlobalOperations&Logistics:Text&Cas
  - es- Dornier",PearsonEducation,2nEdition 2013.
- 2. DavidSimchi-Levi, "Designing&ManagingSupplyChain-Concepts,Strategies",Tata McGraw-Hill,8th Edition,2000.



## WAREHOUSING&DISTRIBUTIONFACILITIES **MANAGEMENT**

#### **COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

- Tohelpthestudentsin explainingthesignificance of Warehousing.
- Toprovidetimelycustomerservice,
- Tokeeptrackofitemssotheycanbe foundreadily& correctly
- Tominimizethetotal physical effortand minimizethe cost ofmoving goods.

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	:Explainthebasicsofwarehousing.
CO-2	:Explainaboutthe variouswarehouseoperations.
CO-3	:Explainthevariouswarehousingdecisions.
CO-4	:Explainaboutthe varioustypesofwarehouses.
CO-5	:Explain thevarious costsinvolved inawarehouse.
CO-6	:Explain aboutthe storagesystems used ina warehouse.
CO-7	:Explainaboutthe varioustypesofwarehouses.
CO-8	:Explainabout inventorymanagementin thesupplychain.
CO-9	:Explainthevarious inventorycontroltechniques.
CO-10	:Explaintheuseofwarehousemanagement systemsmanagewarehouse operations.
LIMITI	INTEGRICTIONWAPEHOUSING

UNITI INTRODUCTIONWAREHOUSING

Introduction-Warehousing-WarehousingDecisions-WarehouseOperations-WMS-Typesof Warehouses-WarehouseLayout-Functions-Equipmentandcomponents-Centralized&Decentralized-

Warehouseoperations and Storage Systems – Warehousing Cost Analysis

UNITII **INVENTORYMANAGEMENT** 9

inSupply Concepts-Role Chain-RoleinCompetitiveStrategy-

IndependentDemandSystems-DependentDemandSystems-Functions-Types-

Cost-NeedforInventory-JustinTime-

InventoryControl-ABCInventoryControl-BullWhipEffect

#### **MANAGINGWAREHOUSEEFFICIENCY** UNITIII

Orderpicking—Pickingmethods-pick path-MeasuringWarehouseEfficiency-Warehouse

Workforcedesignanddevelopment-crossdocking

#### UNITIV UNITIZATION, SHIPPING AND PACKAGING 9

Containeroptimization-Containerloadingandvoidfill-Weighchecking-Automatedloading-Dock management-packaging-types-costandlabellingfunctionsanddesign

#### UNITY DISTRIBUTIONFACILITIESMANAGEMENT 9

MaterialHandlingSystems-TypesofMaterialHandlingEquipment-

ModernWarehousing-

ASRS&theirOperations-BarCoding-

Technology&ApplicationsinLogisticsIndustry-RFID

Technology&Applications RefrigeratedWarehouses -TypesofConveyors-

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- Frazelle, World Class Warehousing & Material Handling, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 2015.
  - 2. Vinod.V.Sople,Logistics Management,Pearson Education,3<sup>rd</sup>edition2012.
  - 3. Arnold,IntroductionMaterialsManagement,PearsonEducation,7<sup>th</sup> edition2011.

#### REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. Frazelle, World Class Warehousing & amp; Material Handling, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2ndedition

2015.

- SatishK.KapoorandPurvaKansal,BasicsofDistributionManage ment- ALogisticalApproach,PrenticeHall, 1 st Edition 2004
- 3. SatishK.KapoorandPurvaKansalMarketing,Logistics-ASupplyChainApproach,
  - 4. PearsonEducation,2003



# CONTRACTLOGISTICS&CLOSEDLOOPSUPPLY CHAINS

#### **COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

- Topreparestudentssuccessfullyimplementacontractlogisticsandclosedsupplychaini nRetail,F MCG and Automobile sectors.
- Toexplainthe conceptandprinciple of contract logistics and closed supply chain

#### **COURSEOUTCOMES:**

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	:Explainthebasicsofcontractlogistics.
CO-2	:Explain aboutthe thirdparty logisticsindustry
CO-3	:Explaincontractlogistics.
CO-4	:Explainabout thethirdparty logisticsproviders.
CO-5	:Explainabout closedloop supplychains.
CO-6	:Explainandlearn theclosedloop supplychainmodels.
CO-7	:Explainstrategicissuesinvolved inclosedloopsupplychains.
CO-8	:Explainabout thebusiness andmarketsforclosedloopsupplychains.
CO-9	:Explainthereasonsfor usingreverselogistics.
CO-10	:Explaintheemerging trendsinclosed loopsupplychains.
UNITI	CONTRACTLOGISTICS 9
Third pa	arty logisticsindustryoverview-A frameworkforstrategicalliances- Evolutiono

Third party logistics industry overview-A framework for strategical liances - Evolution of contract logistics - Types of third party logistics providers - Auto, FMCG and Retail - Third party services and integration

#### UNITII CLOSEDLOOPSUPPLYCHAINS ANDLOGISTICS

9

Introduction closedloopsupplychainsandlogistics-

Logisticsandclosedloopsupplychain

service-

Overviewofreturnlogisticsandclosedloopsupplychainmodels-Introductionproductreturns-

Product Vs Parts returns -Strategicissues in closedloop supply chains

## UNITIII BUSINESSANDMARKET 9

Overview-Introductionlifecyclemanagement-Trendsandopportunities-

AuWarranty management, return process and benchmarks-Marketoverview-Reasons for using reverse logistics-

Generalcharacteristics-ConsumergoodsDepotrepairandvalueaddedservices-



Operatingdynamics-Competitive evaluation -Secondarymarkets and final disposal.

#### UNITIV

#### **EMERGINGTRENDS**

9

EmergingtrendsinRetail,FMCGandAusectors-Systemsandtechnology-

Forconsumergoods operations, Hightechlogistics system -Impact and value of advanced logistics-

#### **UNITV**

#### **MANAGINGPROCESSES**

9

Managingprocesses-Stepbystepprocess-Useofthirdpartyserviceproviders-Additional factors-Contemporaryissues-

MakeinIndiaanditsimpactonCountriesGDPandEconomicGrowth

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. JanatShah, Supply ChainManagement: TextandCases, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2016.
- 2. JanatShah, Supply ChainManagement: TextandCases, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition 2017.
- 3. JohnManners-

Bell,LogisticsandSupplyChainsinEmergingMarkets,KoganPage,2017.

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. Coyle, John Joseph. (2017). Supply chain management: a logistic sperspective. 10 the d. Australia: C

engageLearning. HD 38.5 C69 2017

2. Abbey, J.D., & Guide Jr, V.D.R. (2017). Closed-

loopsupplychains:astrategicoverview

SustainableSupplyChains(pp. 375-393):Springer

# LOGISTICSANDSUPPLYCHAINPERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

#### **COURSEOBJECTIVE:**

□ <b>T</b>	ounderstandtheperformancesof eachindividualdriveraremonitored.	
□ T	ounderstandthereasonfortheperformance,dropateverystageofthesupplychainismoni	
to	predand briefed.	
	COURSEOUTCOMES:	
	Atthe endofthecourse,thestudents willbeableto:	
CO-1	:Learnabout theplanning oflogistics and supply chainmanagement.	
CO-2	:Evaluateperformanceof logistics.	
CO-3	:Reproduceknowledgeonmeasurement oflogistics	
CO-4	:Designthevariousmeasurementsystems.	
CO-5	:Name ofcontrol systemof logistics.	
CO-6	:Operate and implementation of control system.	
CO-7	:Organizetheimplementationoflean logistics.	
CO-8	:Designthemappingfor supplychain management.	
CO-9	:Evaluatetheperformanceofsupplychainmanagement.	
CO-10	:Measureperformanceof supplychainmanagement	
UNITI	STRATEGIES, PLANNING AND PERFORMANCE 9	
Pı	inciples and strategies of Logistics and supply chain management, Logistics and supply chain management.	
	n operationsplanning,Approachestodevelopmetrics	
UNITII	LOGISTICSMEASUREMENTSSYSTEMS 9	
	Logisticalandsupplychainmeasurement, Measurements in integration context	
UNITIII	LOGISTICSCONTROLSYSTEMS 9	
	Logistics/supplychaincontrol,Characteristicsofanidealmeasurementsys tem	
UNITIV	UNDERSTANDINGPERFORMANCEFRAMEWORKS 9	
	Mappingforsupplychainmanagement,Leanthinkingandsupply chainmanagement	
UNITV	SUPPLYCHAINPERFORMANCEMEASUREMENT 9	
	Measurementofsupplychainperformance.	

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1. Bowersox&Closs,LogisticalManagement,McGraw-HillCcompanies,2017.
  - $2. \quad Mart in Christopher, Logistics \& Supply chain management, 2016.$

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. SunilChopraandPeterMeindl,SupplyChainmanagem
  - ent- Strategy,PlanningandOperation,Pearson Education 2018.
- 2. Mohanty, Essentials of Supply Chain Management, Jaico 2018. Publishing House, 2018

# GREENSUPPLYCHAINMANAGEMENT COURSEOBJECTIVE:

-	idefoundationalknow	•		
	htheimplicationoftoda			
	cribehowthevariousgr		acticescanactuallys	avemoney,ıncreas
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		ecourse,thestuder	nts willheahleto:	+ X > 1
CO-1	:Explainthefunda	amentalconcepts o	of Green SupplyCha	un.
CO-2		e Closed-loop Su		
CO-3	:Explainthefun	damentalconcepts	ofEco-Design.	
CO-4	:Understandthe Design.	evarious tool	sofProductEco-	*
CO-5	:ExplaintheGre	enProcurementar	ndPurchasing	
CO-6	:Identifytl	neGreenSupplierD	evelopment.	
CO-7	:Illustratethe4F	Re's.		
CO-8	:ExplaintheLean	Manufacturingfor(	GreenManufacturing	<b>g</b> .
CO-9	:IllustratetheCl	osing theLoop:Re	verseLogistics.	
CO-10	:Explaintheapplica	ationsofGreenLog	isticsandTransporta	tio
UNITI	+ C	INTRODUCT	ION	9
	Introduction-Tradit	ionalSupplyChain	andGreenSupplyCh	nain–
	EnvironmentalCon	cernandSupplyCh	ain–Closed-	
	loopSupplyChain-	CorporateEnv	ironmentalManager	ment-
	Green			
	SupplyChain(GSC GSCMPractices	CM):Definition,Bas	icConcepts-	
UNITII	CCCIVII TUUIIGG	ECO-DESIG	3N	9
Design	fortheEnvironment(D	FE)orEco-Design	–Eco-	
Design	andSupplierRelation	ships–	Definitions	ofEco-Design–
Toolso	ProductEco-Design-	-Involvingsuppliers	sinproducteco-	
design:Dri	vers, Challenges and	Successful factor	'S	
UNITIII		GREENPURCH	ASING	9
	curementand reenpurchasing	Purchasing	-Definitionsofg	reenpurchasing-
-Greenpur	chasingstrategies–Gı	eenpurchasingpe	rformancemeasurer	ment-



GreenSupplierDevelopmentand Collaboration.

#### UNITIV

#### **GREENMANUFACTURING**

9

GreenManufacturingorProduction:Evolution,Definitions-

4Re's:recycling,remanufacturing,reuseandreduction-Closed-

loopManufacturing-

ISO14000systems-LifeCycleAnalysis

(LCA)-LeanManufacturingforGreenManufacturingorProduction.

#### UNITV

#### **GREENLOGISTICSANDTRANSPORTATION**

9

Green Logistics and Transportation-Definitions of Green Logistics-Critical drivers of Green Logistic

Logistics-Greentransportationandlogisticspractices-

Environmentalimpactsoftransportationandlogistics - Closing the Loop: Reverse Logistics

#### **TOTAL:45 HOURS**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

JosephSarkis, YijieDou. GreenSupplyChainManagement: AConciseIntroduction, Routle dge, 2

017.

CharisiosAchillas, DionysisD. Bochtis, DimitriosAidonis, DimitrisFolinas. Green Supply

ChainManagement, Routledge, 2018.

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

1. Hsiao-

FanWang,SurendraM.Gupta.GreenSupplyChainManagement:ProductLifeCycleAp proach,

McGraw Hill publishing, 2011

 $2. \ Stuart Emmett, Vivek Sood. Green Supply Chains: An Action Manifes by Stuart Emmett$ 

Wileypublications, 2010



9

### SUPPLYCHAINANALYTICS COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toprovidefoundationalknowledgeassociated withthesupplychainanalytics
- Todescribethevarioustoolsandtechniquesforimplementationofanalyticsbasedonthesu pplychai n drivers suchas location, logistics and inventory
- TodescribethevarioustechniquesforanalyticsbasedontheMultiAttributeDecisionMaki ng(MA DM) andrisk
- Toprovidetheapplicationsof analyticsinsupplychain

#### COURSEOUTCOMES:

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

CO-1	:Explainthefundamental conce	ptsofOptimization.
CO-2	:UnderstandontheOperationsRese TechniquesforAnalytics.	earch
CO-3	:Understandonthe inlocationandlayout.	implementationofanalytics
CO-4	:Analyzetheinventory using ag	gregateproduction model.
CO-5	:Identifythedifferentq	ualitymodels.
CO-6	:Illustratethequalityprob	lemsforanalytics.
CO-7	:Explainthedifferentdimensionsusi	ngAnalyticHierarchyProcess.
CO-8	:Explainthedifferent dimensi	onsforAggregateProductionPlanning(APP)
CO-9	:Identifythetype ofanalyticsforS	Simulationinsupplychain.
CO-10	:Designthetypeofanalytics for	Simulationinsupplychain.
UNITI	INTRODUCTION	9
Introduction-	-OverviewonSupplyChain,Analytics	sandSupplyChainAnalytics-

DashboardswithrelevantKPIsforSupplyChain-Optimization-

Classificationofoptimizationproblems-

Optimization for Analytics – Operations Research Techniques for Analytics

#### UNITII LOCATIONANDLAYOUT

Plant/WarehousingDecisions-LocationMethods-LocationModels-NetworkModels-Methods-LineBalancing:KPIs(Cycletime, Layout Idletime)-InventoryManagement

#### UNITIII **TOTALQUALITYMANAGEMENT** 9

Introduction—StatisticalQualityControl(SQC) —StatisticalProcessControl(SPC)— Pareto

Analysis-Histogram-ScatterDiagram-ControlCharts-ProcessCapabilityAnalysis:KPIs(Cp

and Cpk)

### UNITIV PLANNING&MULTIATTRIBUTEDECISIONMAKING 9

CapacityPlanning–MeasurementofCapacity:KPIs(EfficiencyandUtilization)–Aggregate ProductionPlanning(APP):Model,Techniques–MultiAttributeDecisionMaking(MADM)–AnalyticHierarchy Process

UNITY SIMULATION&DOE 9

Introductiontosimulation-Type:DiscreteandContinuoussimulation-

Simulationmodels— StepsinSimulationstudy—SimulationforAnalytics—

ExperimentalDesigns(Taguchi,RSD,

MixtureDesign)

**TOTAL:45 HOURS** 

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

JamesR.Evans., Business Analytics –
 Methods, Models and Decisions, Pears on Publications, 1st

Edition, 2012.

2. G.V.Shenoy,U.K.Srivastava,S.C.Sharma,OperationsResearchforManagement,Ne wAge

International, Revised2ndEd, 2005.

#### REFERENCEBOOKS:

- 3. Gerad Feigin, Supply Chain planning and analytics The right product in the right placeattheright time, BusinessExpert Press, 2011
- PeterBolstorff,RobertG.Rosenbaum,SupplyChainExcellence:AHandbookforDr amatic Improvement Using the SCOR Model, AMACOM Div American Mgmt Assn,2007
- 5. Robert Penn Burrows, Lora Cecere, Gregory P. Hackett, The Market-Driven Supply

Chain: ARevolutionary Model for Sales and Operations Planning in the New On-Demand Economy, AMACOMDiv American Mgmt Assn, 2011

# SOURCINGMANAGEMENT COURSEOBJECTIVE:

- Toexplainthestrategicroleofsourcingmanagementincreatingandenhancingafirm'scom petitive advantages
- Tounderstandthesourcingactivities, suppliermanagement
- Tolearnabouttheglobalsourcing management.
- Tolearnaboutthelatest trendsin sourcing.

#### COURSEOUTCOMES:

Atthe endofthecourse, the students will be able to:

	·
CO-1	:Explainaboutthe fundamentalSourcingconcepts.
CO-2	:Evaluatetheselectionofsupplier.
CO-3	:ExplaintheGlobalSourcing.
CO-4	:ExplainthevariousPerformanceMeasurementand Evaluation.
CO-5	:ExplaintheSourcingin SupplyChain.
CO-6	:Explain theComponents ofSourcing.
CO-7	:ExplaintheAnalyticalToolsinSourcing.

CO-8 :Explain the Pricing Analyses.

CO-9 :ExplaintheSourcingRisk.

CO-10 :Explainthenewtrends.

UNITI INTRODUCTION 9

Sourcing—Sourcingmanagement:Concept,Functions,Application—SupplierEvaluationand Selection(Concepts):SupplierRating—Ratingcriteria—Factors

UNITII GLOBALSOURCING 9

IntroductiontoGlobalSourcing-TrendsinGlobalSourcing-GlobalSourcing-Negotiation-

PerformanceMeasurementandEvaluation(ConceptsandMetalcraftCase)

UNITIII SUPPLYCHAIN 9

SupplyChain:TheRoleofSourcing-Components-KeyProcess-Outsource:Various Mechanism-Third-

partylogistics(3PL):Service

UNITIV ANALYTICALTOOLS 9

AnalyticalToolsinSourcing(TotalCostofOwnership(WireHarnesscase),PricingAnalyses



(PlasticShieldcase))—AnalyticalToolsinSourcing(ForeignExchangeCurrencyManagement, LearningCurve,QuantityDiscountModels)—IntegrativePacificSystemsCase(SupplierScorecard,Sourcing

Risk, Supplier Financial Analysis)

UNITY RISKS&TRENDS

SourcingRiskManagement(Concepts)-ElectronicSourcing-

SustainabilityandSourcing(Green Sourcing;Walmart-

ChinaCase)

**TOTAL:45 HOURS** 

9

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- SunilChopraandPeterMeindi,SupplyChainManagement–
   StrategyPlanningandOperation,Pearson Education, Third Indian Reprint, 2004.
- 2. Monczkaetal., Purchasingand Supply Chain Management, Thomson Learning, Second

edition, Second Reprint, 2002.

### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- 1. LeeJ.krajewskiandLarryP.Ritzman,2007,OperationsManagementstrategyandanalysi s,9thEdit ion, Pearson Eduction / PrencticeHall of India, 2007.
  - 2. Altekar RahulV, SupplyChainManagement–Conceptandcases,Prentice HallIndia,2005.
  - 3. OlivierBruel,Strategic Sourcing Management:StructuralandOperationalDecision-making

KoganPage; 1edition, 2016.

### **MBA (BANKING & INSURANCE)**

3<sup>rd</sup> Semester

	FinancialAccounting
Ohiooti	► ToComprehendthelearnerstounderstandthebasicsoffinancialacco
Objecti	ntingand
ve	toequipthemwithskillsofusingaccountingtoolsindecisionn aking.
	AccountingFundamentals:Definition–Accounting –
Unit-I	TypesofAccounting- Financial, Managementand Costaccounting-
	ScopeofAccounting  FinancialAccountingConcepts
	-UsesofAccounting-DoubleEntrySystem-
	Preparationofjournalandledger, Subsidiary Books-
	ErrorsandRectification—
	BankReconciliationStatement.
	Accounting Statements: Trial Balance, Profit and Loss Account
Unit-II	and Balance SheetPreparation(SimpleProblemsonly)
	Accountingfromincompleterecords— Statementsofaffairsmethods
	Conversionmethod-
	AccountingStandards:Concept,NeedandLevelof
	Harmonization.
Unit-III	BankingCompanyAccounts- PreparationofProfitandLossAccountandBalanceSheet
Omit-in	-RebateonBillsDiscounted-ClassificationofAdvances-
	Nonperformingassets- Classification of Investments.
116:4 11/	LifeInsuranceAccounts:PreparationoffinalaccountofLifeInsura
Unit-IV	nceCompanies,
	AscertainmentofprofitinLifeInsuranceBusiness,Preparationofvaluation
	nbalancesheet.
Unit-V	AccountofGeneralInsuranceCompany:FireandMarine-
Oille V	Preparationoffinal accounts-
	Calculationofinsuranceclaims-UnderIRDAAct2000
Unit-VI	DynamicComponent for Continuous Internal Assessment onl
	Contemporary
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconce
(Proble	ned. ems:70%,Theory:30%)
	ncesandTextbooks:-
	hGupta.(2018). <i>FinancialAccountingforManagement:AnAnalyticalPersp</i> e
	earson.GuptaRL
8.Cunto	NK (2016) Principles and Practice of Accounting Sultan Chands Sons

& GuptaVK. (2016). Principles and Practice of Accounting. Sultan Chand & Sons.

Rawat, DS. (2019). Accounting Standards. Taxmann's

Publishing

House.Shukla&T.S.Grewal.(2016). Advanced Accounting. S.

Chand&Company.



T.S.Re	ddy&A.Murthy.(2012). Advanced Acccountancy. Margham Publication
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	andfinancialpositionofabankingandinsurancec
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	Structu	•			urance Regulatory
Unit–III a	and De	velopmentAut	hority (IRDA) Co	ndition, D	uties, Powers and
		ns – Public Se		nceCompai	
			eCompanies– Re	formsinthe	IndianInsurance
	Industr BasicP	<u>/.</u> rinciplesofIns	surance-Utmost	goodfaith	n-InsurableInterest-
Unit_IV	Materia	IFacts		3.	
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Unit-V			nsuranceCompan		
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H ArifKhan	(2016)			•	lishers.Gupta,P.K.
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	(2	'.016). <i>LegalA</i> s	pectsofInsurance	e,HPH.	
Mishra,M.N	landS.E	3.Mishra.(2016	).Insurance:Princ	plesandPr	actice.S.Chandpubli
cations.Inst	urancel	<b>२</b> е	gulatoryandl	Developme	entAuthority-IRDA-
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PracticeofCommercialBan king  Objecti ve    Tofacilitatethelearnerstounderstandtheconceptofbanking,itssignific ce,types,functions sectoralreforms,typesofdeposits,advances,customers,securitie charges  anddocumentationbycommercialbanks.  Banking—Definition—FunctionsofCommercialBanks— TypesofCommercialBankingSystems — Indian CommercialBanking Structure — Nationalisat of Banks in India:Reasons,AchievementsandCriticalEvaluation— FinancialSectorReforms— ConsolidationandCompetitionintheIndianBankingIndustry—PaymentBanks—Small FinanceBanks.  DepositMobilizationby CommercialBanks—DepositMix DifferentTypes ofDeposits — Factors affecting Deposit Levels—K guidelines Lending of Money byBanks— PrinciplesofSoundLendir
Objecti ve  Tofacilitatethelearnerstounderstandtheconceptofbanking,itssignific ce,types,functions sectoralreforms,typesofdeposits,advances,customers,securitie charges  anddocumentationbycommercialbanks.  Banking—Definition—FunctionsofCommercialBanks— TypesofCommercialBankingSystems—Indian CommercialBanking Banking Structure—Nationalisat of Banks in India:Reasons,AchievementsandCriticalEvaluation—FinancialSectorReforms— ConsolidationandCompetitionintheIndianBankingIndustry—PaymentBanks—Small FinanceBanks.  DepositMobilizationby CommercialBanks—DepositMix DifferentTypes ofDeposits—Factors affecting Deposit Levels—K
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TypesofCommercialBankingSystems — Indian CommercialBanking Structure — Nationalisate of Banks in India:Reasons,AchievementsandCriticalEvaluation—FinancialSectorReforms—ConsolidationandCompetitionintheIndianBankingIndustry—PaymentBanks—Small FinanceBanks.  DepositMobilizationby CommercialBanks—DepositMix DifferentTypes ofDeposits — Factors affecting Deposit Levels —K
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India:Reasons,AchievementsandCriticalEvaluation— FinancialSectorReforms— ConsolidationandCompetitionintheIndianBankingIndustry —PaymentBanks—Small FinanceBanks.  DepositMobilizationby CommercialBanks—DepositMix DifferentTypes ofDeposits—Factors affecting Deposit Levels—K
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-PaymentBanks -Small FinanceBanks.  DepositMobilizationby CommercialBanks -DepositMix DifferentTypes ofDeposits - Factors affecting Deposit Levels -K
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onit—ii   guidelines Lending of Money bybanks— FinciplesorsoundLendin
VariousFormsofAdvances:CashCredit,Overdrafts, Loans a
Purchasing and Discounting of Bills – Retail Lending by Banks
HousingLoansandPersonalLoans:ProblemsandProspects—
EMI:ConceptandComputation-
SubsidiaryServicesofBanks:TraditionalServices-
Contemporary
ServicesIncludingCashManagement-
RTGS&NEFT.
Different Types of Customers: Individuals, Joint Account Holde
Unit-III Trustees, Executorsand Administrators, Joint Hindu Fam
Partnership Firm, Joint Stock Compani
ClubsandSocieties,andLocal
horities-
PointstobeconsideredbytheBankerWhile
OpeningandConductingAccountsinthenamesofsuchCustomers.  DifferentTypesofSecurities—Goods—DocumentofTitletoGoods—
Unit-IV LifeInsurance
Policies–CorporateSecurities–GovernmentSecurities–RealEstate–
FixedDepositReceipts- Bullio
Policy, Procedure and Practices of Lending against these securities.
ModesofCreatingCharges-Lien- Pledge- Hypothecation
Unit-V Mortgage-Assignment
DocumentationinrespectofvarioustypesofBorrowersagainstVarioustypesofBorrowersagainst
typesofSecurities.
DynamicComponent for Continuous Internal Assessment of
Unit-VI Contemporary
DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemestercon
ned.



D.M. Mithani and E.Gordon.(2015). *Banking and Financial System*. Himalaya Publishing House. Dr. Prem Kumar Srivastava. (2016). *Banking Theory & Practice*. Himalaya Publishing

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M.J.Aslam.(2015). Legal Aspects of Bank Lending. Asia Law House.

M.L.Tannan.(2014). *BankingLawandPracticeinIndia*. EasternBookCompany.N.S.Toor.(201

6). HandBookforBankingInformation. SkylarkPublications.

Robert E. Wright & Vincenzo Quadrini. (2015). *Money and Banking*. Flat World Knowledge.

VarshneyandSundaram.(2017). *BankingTheoryLawandPractice*. SultanChand &Sons.

Outco
me

Afterlearningthecourse, the learners will gain a comprehensive knowledge on the theoretical and practical aspects of commercial banking which will shape them as successful future bankers.

	RuralBanking							
Objecti	> Tofacilitatethelearnerstounderstandthefeaturesofthelndianruralec							
ve	onomyand theroleofbanksinfinancingforruraldevelopment.							
	FeaturesoftheIndianRuralEconomy:Demographicfeatures:Pop							
Unit-I	ulation,occupation and literacy – Economic features:							
Oint-i	Share in national income, trends in							
	percapitaincome,ruralindebtedness,BPL-							
	Ruralpoverty:Causesandmethodsofmeasuringruralpoverty–Socio-							
	economicdevelopmentindicators:healthandnutrition status,urbanisation.							
	Institutional Sources ofRural Finance:							
Unit-II	Cooperative							
	Banks, Commercial Banks, Regional Rural Banks and Local Area Banks, P							
	aymentandSmall FinanceBanks:Theirfunctions,Clientele,							
	ProgressandProblems– RoleofMicroFinanceInstitutions							
	(MFIs),BusinessCorrespondents/Facilitators.							
	InstitutionalsupportingRuralDevelopment:ReserveBankofIndi							
Unit-III	a— National Poplyfor Agriculturo and Pural David annuant							
	NationalBankforAgricultureand RuralDevelopment– SmallIndustries Development BankofIndia							
	-DistrictIndustriesCentre-							
	DistrictRuralDevelopmentAgency(DRDA):Theirrole andperformance—ProblemsandprospectsofRuralBanking.							
	Financing for Rural Development: Lead Bank Scheme: State							
	level and District levelCreditCommittees—							
Unit-IV	FinancingAgricultureandalliedactivities:Croploans,Termloansforirrigati							
	on,Farmmecha							
	nization, Godowns/Coldstorage, Alliedactivities of a griculture: Their Asse							
	ssmentandSanct ionofloans-MSMEsector:Definitionand							
	importance, Financing of MSMEs.  Priority Sector Lending and Government Initiatives: Priority							
	Sector Lending – Components, Lendingnorms, RBIguidelines–							
Unit-V	FinancingpoorasBankableOpportunities:MicroCredit—							
	SHGBankLinkageprogramme-							
	Governmentinitiatives:PovertyAlleviationProgrammes:SwaranjathiGr							
	amSwarozgarYo jana(SGSY)-							
	NationalRuralLivelihoodMission(NRLM)-							
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Unit-VI	only: Contemporary							
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconcer ned.							
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IndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2015). *InclusiveBankingthroughaBus inessCorrespondent* 

-AtoolforPMJDY(inEnglish).NewDelhi.TaxmannPublications(P)Ltd.

IndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2017). *RuralBankingOperations*. NewDel hi. TaxmannPublication

s(P)Ltd.

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nPublications(P) Ltd.

IndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2018). *RuralBanking*. Mumbai. Macmillan PublishersIndiaPrivate

Limited.

IndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2018). *Banker's Handbookon Credit Management*. New Delhi. Tax

mannPublications(P)Ltd.

IndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2018). *InclusiveBankingthro'Busines sCorrespondents*.

NewDelhi.TaxmannPublications(P)Ltd.

Outcom	> Learners can understand the existing conditions of rural economy and rur
	albankingscenario
е	inourcountrywhichwillfacilitatethemtocontributeadequatelyforthe
	developmentofIndianruraleconomyasaprofessionalban
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Semeste	er-III								
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	LondonInter-Bank OfferedRate(LIBOR)-PortfolioOperationsofglobalbanking.								
	InternationalFinancialInstitutions:InternationalMonetaryFun								
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Unit-III		Bank				opment(IBRD):			
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		ns– Operat	•	. ,	-INCCU-O	bjectives–			
	AsianDe	evelopment	Bank-Need	l–Objectiv	es-Funct	ions– nalSettlements			
	Operatio	onalPerform	ance-	Bankfor	Internatio	nalSettlements			
		tionalFinan	ce:Meanin	g_Nature:	andscope-				
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Unit-IV	afterwa	rds – Eu	ropéan M	onetary	system	- Internationa			
	Financi	al Markets	<ul><li>Creation</li></ul>	n of Euro	o – Emer	gence of Euro			
		ymarkets-	, ,, ,						
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	oring –Globa	  CapitalMar	kets.						
L	u	Japitalivial							



	International Fin	ancial	Instruments:				
Unit-V	International		equities –	Global			
	DepositoryReceipts(GDR:	s) –	American	Depository			
	Receipts(ADRs) -Euro Bo	nds					
	- Foreigi	Currenc	cyConvertibleBon	ds–Euro-			
	currencyDeposits-Internationalloan syndication-						
	Otherinnovativeinstrumen	ts.					
Unit-VI	DynamicComponentfor	Continu	iousInternalAss	essmentonly:			
Oint Vi	Contemporary						
	DevelopmentsRe	atedtoth	eCourseduringti	heSemesterc			
	oncerned.						
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Outcom	<ul> <li>Thelearnersafterstudyingthecoursewillgainacomprehensivekn owledgeon</li> </ul>
е	internationalbankingandfinance.



Course	ode:632		Bankin	al	Credits:	Hours:4				
204	JOUC.002		aw	9-	3	110013.4				
	≻To cor	mprehen	d the learne	ers about var	ious legal an	d regulatory				
Objective	>To comprehend the learners about various legal and regulatory aspects of bankingoperations with special focus on Banking									
_	Regula		Act,	Negot		Instruments				
	_		,		ancialInstituti					
	Prever									
		MoneyLaunderingActandSARF								
			AESIÁct.							
					nks: Busines:					
Unit–I					of India as C					
		<ul> <li>Reserve Bank of India as CentralBankandregulatorofbanks- Governmentasregulatorofbanks-Regulationbyother</li> </ul>								
	Governi	mentasre	egulatorofba	nks–Regulati	onbyother					
				trolovercoope	s: Licensing	of Ponking				
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Unit–II	-		anchlicensii eserves – Sh	_	authorization	policy – paid				
OIIII—II	up capit									
	Cubaidia		nbankingcon		Directors Ch	airparaan af				
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	Danking	-			ditional directo	015-				
	Controls			nemployment		toroond				
	Cornora	ateGover	igement– Co nance	rporateGove	rnance-Direc	storsand				
				Business:	RBI's powe	er to issue				
Unit–III	Direction				ofDeposits-					
				tionofinterest	•					
			mentsystem							
	Regulationofmoneymarketinstruments-									
	Banking	BankingOmbudsman— ReserveFunds-MaintenanceofcashReserve-								
	Mainten	Maintenanceofliquidassets.								
	<b>Legal aspects of Banking Operations</b> : Obligations of a banker: Obligation to									
_				er's account	– Obligatio	n to honour				
Unit–IV					-					
	cheques— Rights of a banker:Right of Lien — Right of Set of Right of Appropriation — Right to receive interest andincide									
				-	nsibilities and					
	Paymer				ker:Dutiesand					
	i dyiiidi			StatutoryProt		<b>.</b>				
	Collectin	ngbank-	Lawsrelating	gtoBillfinance	_					
	Lawrelat	tingtoSec	curitiesandmo	odesofcreating	gcharges:Mort	gage-				
	Pledge-	-Hypothed	cation.							
	Banking Related Laws: Law of Limitation - Recovery of I									
Unit–V	due	to	Banks		ancialInstitutio	onsAct,1993–				
	PreventionofMoneyLaunderingAct,2002— SecuritizationandReconstructionofFinancialAssetsandEnforcement									
			dReconstruc	ctionofFinanc	ialAssetsandl	Enforcement				
		ofSecurity								
			-Majorprovi							
Unit–VI	yna			Continuous I	nternal Asse	ssment only:				
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Mac	MacmillanPublishersIndiaLimited.							
Outcom e	The learners will beable to gain comprehensive knowledge about various legal enactmentsonbankingwhichwillhelpthemtoimprovetheirprofessio nalcompetence.							



	RiskManagementinBanking
	& Insurance
Ohiooti	> Toenablethestudentstounderstandtheconceptofriskmanagementa
Objecti	nditsimportanceinth
ve	eglobalisedenvironmentingeneralandtheriskmanagement
	practicesadoptedbycommercialbanksandinsurancecompani esinparticular.
	The Concept and Definition of Risk – Risk and Uncertainty –
Unit-I	Nature of Risk – Sources of Risk – The Cost of Risks – Handling
	Risks – Need for Risk Management –
	ObjectivesofRiskManagement–BenefitsofRiskManagement–
	NatureofRisk
	Management–DevelopmentofRiskManagement.
	Measurement and Management of Risks in Banks -
Unit-II	Measurement of Credit Risk - Measurement of Market Risk -
	Measurement of Interest Rate Risk for Asset
	LiabilityManagement–MeasurementofOperationalRisk–
	ManagementofCreditRisk,MarketRisk,InterestRateRiskandOperati
	onalRisk- SpecificIssuesinRisk Management.
	Tools for Risk Management in Banks – Derivatives – Bull
	Spreads – Neutral andVolatile Strategies – Delta Neutral
Unit-III	Strategies - Swaps - Credit Derivatives - CreditRatings -
	Regulatory & Supervisory Framework for Risk Management -
	Basel II &BaselIII:RBIguidelinesonRiskManagement-Counter-
	partycreditrisk–Roleof
	clearingcorporationofIndiaLtd(CCIL)
	Measurement and Management of Risks in Insurance - Risk
Unit-IV	Identification and Evaluation – Sources of Risk – Exposures to
	Risk – Framework for Potential RiskIdentification—
	HazardandLossAnalysis–RiskEvaluation–DirectandIndirect Losses – Hidden Cost of Accidents – Risk Profiling – Risk
	Assessment – StatisticalMethodsandProbabilityConcept.
	RiskControlToolsandTechniquesinInsurance–
Unit-V	RiskAvoidance–RiskReduction– PreventionofLoss–
	LossControl-RiskFinancing-RiskRetention-RiskTransfer-
	RiskManagementPolicy. The RiskManagementPolicy.
Unit-VI	DynamicComponentforContinuousInternalAssessment
Jint-VI	only:Contemporary DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterco
	ncerned.
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## Outcom e

> Tomakethelearnerstodevelopacomprehensiveandpracticalknowle dgeintheemergingf ieldofriskmanagementinBanksand Insuranceorganizationsandwhich willfacilitatethemtofacethechallengesofriskmanagementinthes eindustrieseasily.

	DigitalBanking									
	> HaveaninsightintotherudimentsofdigitalbankingandUnderstandthef									
	undamentalsofco									
Objecti	mputerisation,LAN,WAN,UPSandCoreBankingsystem.									
ves	> BeproficientintheoperationalaspectsofATMs, Electromagnetic cards,									
	Electroniccheque and Electroniccash.									
	BeadaptattheusageofSWIFT,ECS,NEFT,RTGSandDigitalsi gnature,Identify									
	therisksintechnologyusageandassimilateideasaboutriskco									
	ntrolmechanism.									
	DigitalBanking-Meaning-Evolution-									
Unit–I	ChannelsofDigitalBanking:ATMs,MobileBanking, Internet									
Oint i	Banking, Cards, Cash Deposit Machines Cash									
	Recyclers,									
	Prepaidinstruments, Point of Sale Terminals, Kiosks, Mobile Walletsa									
	ndDigitallockers-									
	SignificanceofDigitalBankingintheDemonetizedEra— DigitalBankingasanenablerforfinancialInclusion— MarketingofDigitalBankingproducts.									
	DigitalBankingasanenablenonnandalindusion=   MarketingofDigitalBankingproducts.									
	Infrastructure for Digital Banking: Bank computerization – LAN									
Unit-II	- Topology - Protocols - WAN - Core Banking Systems -									
	Signature Storage and Retrieval System – INFINET-SWIFT-									
	HRCompetenciesandCapacitybuilding-CustomerEducation									
	ondigitalChannels.									
	Mobile Banking: Access Channels such as Interactive Voice									
Unit-III	Responses (IVR),									
	ShortMessagingServices(SMS),WirelessAccessProtocol(WAP)sites,									
	UnstructuredSupp lementaryServiceData(USSD),MobileBankingApplications—									
	Regulatory									
	Frame work for Mobile Banking – Internet Banking – Models of									
	InternetBanking:SegmentsofInternetbanking-IoTenabledbanking.									
	Digital PaymentsSystem: Overview of Domestic Payment									
Unit-IV	System - Role of NPCI - RupayCards-IMPS-									
	NationalUnifiedUSSDplatform-UnifiedPaymentInterface-									
	NationalAutomatedClearingHouse (NACH)-SWITCH -									
	AadhaarEnabledPayment									
	System(AEPS)-ECS-RTGS-NEFT-DigitalSettlementplatforms.									
Unit-V	<b>Challenges in Digital Banking:</b> Operational Risk – Solvency and Liquidity Risk – Channel specific risks – Issues ofdata									
Jiii-V	integrity, authentication and trust –									
	Cyberdefencemeasurersofbanks-									
	Regulatoryframeworkformanagingrisksindigital									
	banking.  DynamicComponent forContinuousInternalAssessment									
Unit-VI	only: Contemporary									
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemestercon									
	cerned.									

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# Outcom es

- Becometechsavvypractitionersandrecognizetheroleofdigitalbanki nginthemodernera.
- Understandthedifferentaspectsofcomputerizationinbanksandcomp etenttohandleATM s,Electromagneticcards,E-purse etc.,professionally.
- MakeuseofECS,NEFTandRTGSaspaymentgatewaysandrealiset hethreatsin digitalbanking.

				Life	Assu	rance			
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Objecti		,method:							
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		assignr policyc	nent,n laims.	ominat	tion,loa	ansands	urrenderd	ofpolici	esandthe
	Life A	Assurand	ce-Fun					of	
Unit-I	Life Assurance- Available Life AssurancePlansintheIndianMarket-Distributionchannelsof								
				Indiani	Market	-Distribu	tionchann	elsof	
		.ifeAssur							
							distributio	nsyste	em–
	LifeAs	ssurance	Penet	rationi		n arket.			
	Under	writingF	Policy-	Need f			g- Factors	affect	ting rates
	of	•	ortality-				Jnderwritin		•
Unit-II	_		•				ting da		Proposal,
			_	ent,			eports,	age	proof,
	specia	alexamir	nationa	ındtest			sbyAgents		eldStaff-
		edical							
		<u>nsurance</u>							
11:4:111	_						nble-sche		Dallan
Unit-III									Policy-
	Calculation of premium- Premium								
		payment.Lapsationofthepolicy:Concept,causes,consequencesoflaps ation,suggestionsto							
	improvethelapsedconditions, Revivalmethodsoflapsedlifeinsurance								
	policie		N		0		NI.		
Unit-IV	ASSI	gnment		nation- Option			Non- Foreclosu	ro	
				•		– ervalue-	roreciosu	ie	-
						services.			
	Policy	Clain				claim-Na		clair	ms and
116:4 1/		ements		in		the			ofclaims-
Unit-V	Roleo	finforma	tionted	chnolog	gyincla	aimsettle	ement-		
							DA, Custo		
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		entbene							
	matur	ityoptior	<u>Comp</u>	onentf	orCon	irpius. Hinuous	InternalA	SSASSI	nent
Unit-VI	0	nly:Con	tempo	rary	J. JUI				
		•	nentsF	Related	dtothe	Coursed	uringtheS	emest	erco
	l n	cerned.							

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#### ress.

Outcom	> The students will develop a comprehensive knowledge on the vari
e	ousaspectsoflife
	assurancewhichwillshapethemassuccessfulfut
	ureinsurers.

	ForeignExchange
	> TofacilitatethelearnerstounderstandthesignificanceofForeignExchan
Objectiv	gemanagementan
es	dthe step sbeing taken by the Reserve Bank of India and the Government of India and the Government of India and the Government of India and Indi
	ndia towards this objectiveandto comprehend
	the role
	ofRBI,CommercialBanks,EXIMBankandECGCintheprocessofexc
	hangerisk
	management. InternationalTrade:Meaning-Significance-BalanceofTrade-
_	BalanceofPayments:Objectives and methods - Foreign
Unit–I	<b>Exchange</b> : Meaning – Administration of ForeignExchange –
	Functions of the Foreign Exchange Department of a
	Commercial Bank –
	CorrespondentRelationshipbetweenbanks-
	ForeignCurrencyAccounts:Nostro,
	VostroandLoroAccounts.
	<b>ForeignExchangeTransactions</b> :PurchaseandSaleTransactions,ExchangeQuotations.Sp otandForwardTransactions—
Unit-II	hangeQuotations,Sp otandForwardTransactions— ReadyExchangeRates:PrincipalTypesofBuying and Selling Rates-
	Forward ExchangeContracts: Features- Types:
	Fixed
	andOptionForwardcontracts-
	InterbankDeals:CoverDeals,SwapDeals,Arbitrage
	Operations, Trading and Funding of Nostro Account.
	ExchangeDealings:DealingsPosition:ExchangepositionandCashposition— AccountingandReportingofForeignExchangetransactions-
Unit-III	ForeignExchangeMarkets:Features,participantsandsettlementoftransa
	ctions— CurrencyExchange
	RisksandtheirManagement–
	ForeignExchangeManagementAct.1999anditsphilosophy.
11 14 N/	FinancingExports:RoleofCommercialBanks:Pre- shipmentCreditandPost-shipmentCredit
Unit-IV	<ul> <li>Financing Imports : Letter of Credit : Concept</li> </ul>
	Mechanism, Types, Merits
	andDemeritsandProcedureforOpeningaLetterofCredit-
	PaymentofImportBills— ForeignInwardBillsforCollection.
	$\label{lem:export} ExportImportBank of India: Lending to Indian Exporters, Lending to Fore$
Unit–V	ignGovernments and Companies, Loans to Commercial Banks in
	India and Non-lendingservices—
	ExportCreditGuaranteeCorporationofIndiaLtd:StandardPolicies,Specific PoliciesandGuaranteestoBanks.
Unit-VI	DynamicComponent for Continuous Internal Assessment only
UIIII-VI	Contemporary
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconce
	ned.



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ndianInstituteofBankingandFinance.(2017). *InternationalTradeFinance*. NewDe Ihi. Taxmann

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Outcom e
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> Thestudentswillbeinapositiontogaincomprehensiveandpractical knowledgeabout exchange riskmanagementandthe role ofdifferent institutions associated withthatprocess.

	CreditManagement		
	> Equippingthelearnerswiththepragmaticknowledgeofdifferentaspectsof		
Objecti	creditManagemen t.		
ves	> Groomingthem as successful lenders by imparting the skills of loan		
	Appraisal,		
	disbursementandfollowupofcredit.		
	Credit Management: Meaning - Principles - Managing Credit to		
Unit-I	meet Capital AdequacyRatio – Managing Risks in Lending – RBI		
	guidelines on credit Risk Management -		
	RoleofInformationTechnologyinCreditManagement-MarketingofCredit-		
	Developingthe		
	lendingbanker.		
11:6:4 11	CreditDelivery System in Banks:Forms ofAdvances CashCredit,		
Unit-II	Overdraft, Billsfinancing and Term loans – Priority Sector Lending:		
	Composition – Targets – Issues /Problems– Recentdevelopments-		
	FinancialInclusion— Agriculture/MSMEfinancing— RetailCredit—Assessmentofworkingcapitalrequirements.		
	ProjectFinancing:BankableProjects-ProjectreportPreparation—		
Unit-III	CreditAppraisal— FinancialAppraisal—TechnicalAppraisal—		
	EconomicAppraisal—CommercialAppraisal		
	-Structuringacreditproposal-		
	CreditRating:Meaning,ObjectivesandBenefits- RatingMethodology-		
	CreditScoring-RoleofCIBIL.		
	Documentation:Meaning-Importance-Typesofdocuments-		
Unit-IV	Requisitesofdocumentation— Selectionofdocuments—		
	Stampingofdocuments-Processof documentation-		
	LawofLimitation.		
	Monitoring, Supervision / follow up of advances: Goals of		
Unit-V	monitoring - Methods of Monitoring - Warning Signals of early		
	problem credit – Non Performing Assets –		
	Legalmeasuresofrecovery-NonLegalmeasuresofrecovery-		
	RBI'sSchemeforSustainable		
	StructuringofStressedAssets(S4Ascheme)- Processofrehabilitationofsickunits.		
	DynamicComponent for Continuous Internal Assessment only:		
Unit-VI	Contemporary		
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconcer		
	ned.		



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# Outcom es

- AbletoevaluatetheloanproposalproperlyandFinetunedtoasses sthecreditneedsof theborrowers.
- > ExposedtotheintricaciesinvolvedinthemanagementofNPAinban ks.

	GeneralInsurance
	► TohelpstudentsunderstandgeneralInsuranceMarketinIndiaandto
Objecti	examinethe
ves	issuesrelatedtoriskmanagementinviewofinsurance.
	Introduction to General Insurance:History of General
Unit–I	Insurance - The InsuranceMarket - Insurance Intermediaries -
Unit-i	Insurance Intermediaries in Overseas Markets -
	LossPreventionAssociationofIndia(LPA)- Insurancelegislations:GeneralInsurance BusinessNationalization
	Act, 1972 - The Insurance Act, 1938 -
	InsuranceRegulatoryAuthority-
	InsuranceRegulatoryandDevelopmentAuthority-Other
	legislationsgoverninginsurancebusinessinIndia.
	InsuranceForms:Proposalforms-Covernotes-
Unit-II	Certificateofinsurance-Policy forms–Endorsements-
	Interpretationofpolicies-Co-insurance-Renewalnotice-
	GeneralInsurancepolicyprovisionsandconditions.
	Property and Casualty Insurance - I: Fire Insurance -
1110:4 111	Principles of Fire InsuranceContract - Scope And Coverage
Unit-III	Under a Standard Fire And Special Perils Policy -Types Of Fire
	Policies - Fire Claims - Termination of Fire Insurance Policy -
	Marine Insurance Coverage Types of Lesses Types Of Marine
	Marine Insurance Coverage -Types of Losses - Types Of Marine Policies: Hull, Cargo, Freight – Warranties -Claims-
	Preliminaryproceduresforclaims-
	InvestigationandAssessmentofclaims-
	Settlementofclaims-Roleofsurveyor-Re-Insurance.
	Property and Casualty Insurance - II: Motor Insurance -
	Principles – Types ofMotorVehicles-
	MotorVehicleandRoadtraffic(Amendment)Bill2017.MotorPolicies
Unit-IV	- Standard form for Liability Only Policy - Liability to Third
	Parties -Package Policies for Private Cars and Two Wheelers -
	Policies for CommercialVehicles . Claims – Own Damage
	Claims: Preliminary Assessment – SettlementClaim Discount
	- Types of Loss. Third Party Liability Claims: Procedure -
	Proof ofNegligence – GeneralDamage for Death and Disability: Disability in non FatalAccidents.Motor
	AccidentClaimsTribunal—JudgmentsofCriminalCourts—Motor
	InsuranceClaims—
	MinimizationMeasuresandLossControlProgramme.
	MiscellaneousInsurance:EngineeringInsurance-Cropinsurance-
linit V	AviationInsurance- PersonalAccidentInsurance-TravelInsurance-
Unit-V	OverseasTravelInsurance - Golfer's Insurance - Crime
	Insurance - Burglary Insurance - BaggageInsurance-
	Bankers'IndemnityInsurance-PlateGlassInsurance-
	FidelityGuarantee
	Insurance—Arbitration.  DynamicComponentforContinuousInternalAssessment
Unit-VI	only:Contemporary



DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconcerned.

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houseM.N.Mishra,S.B.Mishra.(2016). *InsurancePrinciplesandPractices*.S.Chan d.NewDelhi.

P.Periasamy.(2017).Principles&PracticeofInsurance.HimalayaPubli shingHouse.

Outcom

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Thestudentswillbeinapositiontounderstandthevariousaspectsofinsuranceand

toutilisetheopportunitiesintheinsurancesector.

	FinancialServices
Objecti	Tointroducethespectrumofservicesofferedinthefinancialmarkettot hestudentsof
ve	bankmanagementandenablethemtounderstandtheintricacies
	ofsuchservices.
Unit–I	Financial services: Importance – Scope – Characteristics –
OIIII-I	Types – Financial ServicesMarket:Concept–
	Constituentsviz.,MarketPlayers,Instruments,Specialized Institutions,RegulatoryBodies—
	GrowthofFinancialServicesinIndia-Problems.
	MerchantBanking:Meaning-
Unit-II	Functions: Capital Structure Decisions, Issue Management, Underwriting
OIIII—II	,Creditsyndicatio n,MergersandAmalgamations-Growthof
	merchant banking in India - Role of SEBI in regulating
	merchant bankers. CapitalMarketinIndia-
	Components- RoleofNationalandRegionalStockExchanges— DepositoryServices.
	Mutual Funds: - Products/Schemes - Mutual Funds in India -
	SEBI's Guidelines on Management of Mutual Funds in India -
Unit-III	Functions of Asset Management Companies(AMCs) - Working
	Mechanism of AMCs – Performance of Mutual Funds in India-
	RoleofAssociationofMutualFundsIndustry(AMFI)-
	RealEstateFinancing:ModelsofHousingProjects–
	RealEstateFinanceInstitutions— Refinance–Issuesassociated
	withrealestatefinancing-GrowthFactors
	<b>Leasing:</b> Meaning – Features – Types – Advantages – Limitations – Hire
Unit-IV	PurchaseFinance – Concept – Rights of Hirer – Lease Financing
	Vs. Hire Purchase Financing –Methods of Interest Calculation –
	Methods of Reporting. Bill Financing: Definition –Features–
	Steps-Advantages.Factoring:Meaning-Mechanism-Types-
	Advantages.Forfaiting:Meaning-Mechanism-
	FactoringVs.Forfaiting.  Securitisation:Meaning–Mechanism–Advantages–
	CreditCards:Meaning-Features - Types - Advantages - Credit
Unit-V	Cards Vs Debit Cards – Consumer Finance:Meaning– Sources–
	Mechanism-Problems-VentureCapital:Definition-Features-
	StagesofVentureCapitalFinancing_FutureScenario_
	CreditRating:Meaning— Importance–Mechanism– RatingMethodology–CreditRatingAgenciesinIndia.
1164 11 11	DynamicComponentforContinuousInternalAssessment
Unit-VI	only:Contemporary
	DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterco
	ncerned.



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### Outcom e

> Thelearners will be able to understand the role, significance and proble msofthe

financial service in dustry thoroughly and to use the knowledge gain ed to solve the practical pro

blems.

	MarketingofBankingServi
	ces
Objecti	> Toenablethestudentstolearntheconceptsofbankmarketing,
ve	itsrelevanceand
•••	impactoncustomerserviceandvariouscomponentsof
	marketingmix.
11:4:4-1	IntroductiontoMarketing—
Unit–I	RelevanceofMarketinginBanking–MarketingMix– MarketingPlan:Bank'sBusinessObjectives–MarketingAudit–
	SWOT Analysis—
	MarketingObjectivesandMarketingStrategies.
	Place–SuitableLocationforaBankBranch–BranchLayout–
	BranchExpansionPolicyinIndia-Anywhere Banking-
Unit-II	OnsiteandOffsite Automatic TellerMachines – Mechanism of
<b>O</b> 1t 11	Operations – Advantages to Users and Banks -
	AreATMsSubstitutestobranches?-
	RoleofPriceinBankMarketing–Administered
	vs.DeregulatedInterestRates–
	FactorsinfluencingtheRatesofInterest–
	ServiceCharges–RoleoftheIndianBanks' Association.
	What is 'product' in banking? Need for new Products -
Unit-III	Process of ProductDevelopment – Constraints – Product
	Management – Desirable Product
	Mix –TechnologybasedProductsinBanking–Bancassurance–
	BrandingofBanking Products-GlobalisingBankingProducts.
	Promotion – Personal Promotional Efforts – Direct marketing
Unit-IV	Direct SellingAgents-PublicRelations-SocialBanking-
	CustomerRelationshipManagement(CRM) –
	Customers' Meets –Customer complaints
	Banking OmbudsmanScheme-Advertising
	Publicity- MediaSupport-GoodPromotionalMix- MarketingResearch.
	Procedure-ImpactofBankProcedure-
Unit-V	NeedforSimplificationandStreamliningof Procedure, People –
	Marketing Department of a Bank – Marketing at
	theBranchlevel—
	Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development of Marketing
	Personnel-Opportunities and Challenges for Banks in Marketing.
Unit-VI	DynamicComponentforContinuousInternalAssessmentonl
Oint Vi	<b>y</b> :Contemporary DevelopmentsRelatedtotheCourseduringtheSemesterconce
	rned.
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Outco me > Thelearnersareexpectedtodevelopacomprehensive and update dknowledge in the emerging area of Bank Marketing to be come a successful future marketers of bank products.