SRU COLLEGE OF PARAMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

SunRise University, Alwar, Rajasthan, India

Bachelor of Science (Acupuncture)

Full Time Regular Course

Duration of Course : 3 Academic Year Eligibility: 12TH P.C.B. PASSED Medium of Instruction : English Mode of Study : On Campus

FIRST SEMESTER

PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
1BSCA01	Anatomy & Acupunture Trigger Points I	40	60	100
1BSCA02	Physiology & Energy Dinamics I	40	60	100
1BSCA03	Biochemistry	40	60	100
1BSCA04	English	40	60	100
1BSCA05	Basic theories of Acupuncture	40	60	100
PRACTICAL				
1BSCA06	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100

SECOND SEMESTER

PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
2BSCA01	Anatomy & Acupunture Trigger Points II	40	60	100
2BSCA02	Physiology & Energy Dynamics II	40	60	100
2BSCA03	Computer Science	40	60	100
2BSCA04	Acupunture Meridians, Effects & Side Effects	40	60	100
2BSCA05	Community Health			
PRACTICAL				
2BSCA06	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100

THIRD SEMESTER

PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
3BSCA01	Basic Health Education	40	60	100
3BSCA02	Hygiene & Infection Control	40	60	100
3BSCA03	Microbiology	40	60	100
3BSCA04	Sociology	40	60	100
PRACTICAL				
3BSCA05	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100
FOURTH SEMESTER				

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PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
4BSCA01	Psychology	40	60	100
4BSCA02	Basics of Acupressure	40	60	100
4BSCA03	Fitness & Wellness	40	60	100
4BSCA04	Basic Pharmacology related to Acupunture	40	60	100
PRACTICAL				
4BSCA05	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100

FIFTH SEMESTER

PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
5BSCA01	Basics of Illness	40	60	100
5BSCA02	Acupunture Nursing	40	60	100
5BSCA03	First Aid And Emergency Asistance	40	60	100
PRACTICAL				
5BSCA05	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100

SIXTH SEMESTER

PAPER CODE	SUBJECTS	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL	TOTAL
6BSCA01	Basics of Physical Education	40	60	100
6BSCA02	Fundamentals of Traditional Health System	40	60	100
6BSCA03	Basic Principles & History of Acupunture	40	60	100
6BSCA04	Basics of Ear & Scalp Acupuncture	40	60	100
PRACTICAL				
6BSCA05	Lab Practicals I	40	60	100

Course Content:

The Human Anatomy

Histology

Embryology and Human Genetics

Biochemistry

Physiology

These subjects should contain lectures as well as adequate practical sessions where necessary. End of six semesters an examination should be held for evaluation on each of these subjects.

- 1. Microbiology:
- i. Medically important bacteria Lecture topics:

Organization, structure, classification and bacterial diseases.

Practical:

Microscopy study of bacteria.

ii. Medically important virusesLecture topics:

Organization, structure, classification and viral diseases.

Practical:

Microscopy study of viruses.

iii. Medical mycology

Lecture topics:

Organization, structure, classification and fungal diseases.

Practical:

Microscopy study of fungi.

- iv. Immunity
- v. Disinfection and sterilization.
- 2. Medical Parasitology:
- i. Life cycles of protozoa, nematodes and important diseases caused by them.
- ii. Detailed study of malaria and filiariasis.
- 3. Community Medicine:
- i. Principles of Epidemiology and epidemiological methods.
- ii. Statistics.
- iii. Health planning and management.
- iv. Health care in the community.

4. Pathology:

Cells and tissues in health and disease,

Disturbance of water and electrolyte imbalances.

Homeostasis, bleeding disorders and thrombosis,

Inflammation, healing and repair,

Diseases of immune system,

Nutritional disorder, Growth and neoplasia,

Cardiovascular system,

Respiratory system,

The blood and bone marrow,

The lymphoreticular system,

Alimentary tract, Liver, biliary tract and pancreas,

The nervous system,

The kidneys and urinary tract,

Locomotor system,

The female reproductive system and breast,

The male reproductive system,

Endocrine pathology, The skin.

Acupuncture

(I) These three semesters will be a combination of Lectures and of clinical orientation sessions. students should involve in clinical training and get familiar with the patient care and handling Lecture schedule:

History of acupuncture,

Scientific basis of acupuncture

Materials and techniques Sterilization of needles and care of needles,

Methods of locating acupuncture points,

Posture of patients and methods of puncture,

Stimulation and needling sensation

Gate control theory of pain,

Physiological effects of acupuncture,

Complications and contraindications to acupuncture,

Anatomy of acupuncture, yin and yang and Zang-fu organs

Znag-fu functions

Channels:

Lung channel, Large intestinal channel, Stomach channel (part-I),

Stomach channel (part-II),

Spleen channel,

Heart channel,

Small intestine channel,

Urinary bladder channel (part-I),

Urinary bladder channel (part-II) pericardium channel,

Sanjiao channel,

Gall bladder channel, Liver channel,

Du channel,

Ren channel,

Extra-ordinary points,

Unnumbered extra-ordinary points

Prohibited points and dangerous points

Principles of selection of points by modern method.

Acupuncture (II) i.Traditional Chinese medicine ii.Pathology-I, Pathology-II, Jing-Luo Traditional Chinese diagnostic methods

- iii. Pulse diagnosis
- iv. Tongue diagnosis
- v. Ear diagnosis
- vi. Circulation of vital energy (Qi)
- vii. Principles of energy transfer in therapeutics
- viii. The great law of Bu and Xie
- ix. Traditional laws of acupuncture in therapy,

The noon-midnight law and organ clock,

Mother-son law and husband-wife law,

The theory of five elements,

The sixty command points.

Acupuncture

(III) Systematic therapy-modern method

The disorders of nervous system,

The disorders of respiratory system,

The disorders of the cardio-vascular system,

The disorders of the gastro-intestinal system, Hepatic, splenic and pancreatic disorder,

The disorders of the gentio-urinary system,

Gynecological disorders,

Locomotor disorders (diseases of soft tissues, muscles, bones and tendons),

Skin disorders,

Blood disorders,

Endocrine disorders,

Psychiatric disorders,

Eye disorders,

Ear disorders,

Disorders of children,

Acute disorders

Ancillary methods Mechanical, hydrotherapy, heat, cold, light and Electrotherapy

Traditional Chinese Therapeutics:

Wind stroke,

Yin and yang excess of the head region,

Yang excess of face and Wei syndrome,

Excess extrinsic lung disorders and deficiency of lung, Imbalance of the lung,

Disharmony of heart and other organs, Heart excess and dysfunction,

Dysfunction of stomach and diaphragm,

Disharmony of stomach and abdominal Zang-Fu,

Dysfunctions of the digestive tract and associated organs, Liver and gall bladder dysfunctions,

Kidney and urinary bladder dysfunction (45min),

Bi syndromes and Qi and blood obstruction in soft tissues,

Wei syndromes,

Disorders of lower Jiao,

Endogenous wind yin excess,

Extrinsic heat disorder, exogenous heat, toxic excess heat, Goiter,

Exogenous heat disorders of eye

Deafness and tinnitus, dizziness and vertigo,

Rhinitis, rhinorrhoea, sinusitis and epitasis,

Extrinsic humid heat and damp disorder (malaria)

Clinical orientation

History taking

Clinical examination

Modern method, traditional method: pulse and tongue examination

Interpretation of clinical investigations.

Differential diagnosis and definitive diagnosis

Strategy of treatment and management plan for the patient.

Clinical demonstration on:

Auriculotheraphy, Head needle therapy, Pulse and tongue diagnosis,

Management of substance abuse,

Management of emergencies, Management of pain

Book Reference:

The miracle of Acupuncture Beijing Press Publication

Power of Acupuncture

Pocket Medical Dictionary Mind & Vision Dr.R.S.Agarwal Auriculortheraphy Bandara Yayaweera

Acupuncture in India A Lawful Recognisation

Innovative Acupuncture Dr.AndrewTiong

Acupuncture for Allopaths Annamalai University Publication

Chinese Medical Diagnosis `European Edition

Intermediate Acupuncture Johanes Bischko

The treatment for 100 Common Diseases

Practical approach To Acupuncture Dr. Prabha Borwankar

Acupuncture Dr.H.Bhojraj

Clinical Acupuncture Prof.Anton Jayasuriya

Acupuncture Felix Mann Grace Anatomy